Co	Country: BELGIUM – POSTING OF DRIVERS - TRANSPORT OF GOODS - remuneration amounts on 01/01/2022			
Item (related provision in Directive 96/71/EC as amended by Directive (EU) 2018/957)	Content of the information to be provided	Example		
APPLICABLE PROVISIONS	- national law, regulation or administrative provision AND/OR - collective agreements or arbitration awards declared universally applicable AND/OR - collective agreements that otherwise apply in accordance with Article 3(1) and (8) of Directive 96/71/EC	Specific for posting: Law of 5 march 2002 on posting – not yet updated (01/03/2022) Dutch: https://www.ejustice.just.fgov.be/cgi loi/change lg.pl?language=nl&la=N&cn=2002030530&table nam e=wet French: https://www.ejustice.just.fgov.be/cgi loi/change lg.pl?language=fr&la=F&cn=2002030530&table nam e=loi Sector specific collective agreements: - collective agreements declared universally applicable of the Joint Sub-Committee 140.03 for road transport and logistics on behalf of third parties, applicable to the mobile workers. - collective agreements declared universally applicable of the Joint Committee 140.00 for transport and logistics, applicable to road transport and logistics on behalf of third parties, applicable to the mobile workers.		

	as amended by Directive (EU) 2018/957	
SCOPE OF APPLICATION	- types of transport activities covered - types of vehicles covered - enterprise size/type of employment covered (if relevant)	"Joint Sub-Committee 140.03" applies to the mobile workers of the companies, which come under the Joint Sub-Committee for road transport and logistics on behalf of third parties, for work performed in Belgium. Creation and modifications (0) Royal Decree of 22/01/2010 Belgian Official Gazette of 09/02/2010 (1) Royal Decree of 15/02/2016 Belgian Official Gazette of 01/03/2016 (2) Royal Decree of 28/11/2021 Belgian Official Gazette of 14/12/2021 Article 4 § 1 Responsible for workers who mainly perform manual tasks and their employers, in companies: 1° perform road transport and any other land transport of things for third parties, regardless of the traction type of the means of transport used; 2° exclusively engaged in logistical activities on behalf of third parties. 3° carry out an activity consisting of escort services to third parties for exceptional vehicles with a view to road safety. § 2. "Logistical activities" means: reception, storage, weighing, packaging, labelling, order picking, stock management and shipping of raw materials, goods or products at the various stages of their business cycle without new raw materials or finished or semi-finished goods or products being produced. "On behalf of third parties" means: performing logistical activities on behalf of other legal entities or natural persons and provided the companies engaged in logistical activities on behalf of third parties never become the owners of the raw materials, goods or products in question. Companies engaged in logistical activities on behalf of third parties shall be deemed to include companies buying raw materials, goods or products from related companies in the group and selling these raw materials, goods or products to related companies in the group provided these raw materials, goods or products to related companies that also fulfil the conditions laid down in

Article 11, 1 ° of the Act of 7 May 1999 containing the Belgian Company Code.

§ 3 The Joint Subcommittee for road transport and logistics for third parties is **not competent for** transport companies on behalf of third parties, which are the responsibility of the Joint Subcommittee for ground handling in airports, the Joint Subcommittee for moving, the Joint Committee for the oil trading industry,

the Joint Committee for the construction sector, the Joint Commission for the trade of fuels, the Joint Commission for security and/or surveillance services.

The Joint Sub-Committee for road transport and logistics on behalf of third parties is not responsible for companies which exclusively perform logistical activities on behalf of third parties or for similar companies when these logistical activities are an integral part of a production or trade activity as far as these logistical activities are included in the scope of a specific joint committee.

The Joint Sub-Committee for road transport and logistics on behalf of third parties is not responsible for companies which exclusively perform logistical activities on behalf of third parties or for similarcompanies that fall within the competence of the Joint Committee for the chemical industry, the Joint

Committee for the oil trading industry, the Joint Commission for the trade of fuels or the Joint Committeefor ports.

Latest modification: 24/01/2021

Description of the "sub-sector for the transport of goods by land on behalf of third parties" and the "sub-sector for the handling of goods for third parties":

See the scope in the CLA of 26 November 2009 (96 987) (Royal Decree 30/07/2010 - Belgian Official Gazette 09/09/2010) concerning the determination of a financial compensation for night work for the mobile personnel members employed in companies for the transport of goods by land on behalf of third parties and / or for the handling of goods for third parties:

Article 1.

- § 2. Under "sub-sector for the transport of goods on behalf of third parties" are to be understood the employers covered by the Joint Committee for transport and logistics, who engage in:
- 1 ° the transport of goods on behalf of third parties by means of a vehicle with or without engine for which a transport authorization is required issued by the competent authority
- 2 ° the transport of goods on behalf of third parties by means of a vehicle with or without engine for which no transport authorization is required;
- 3 ° the rental of chauffeured vehicles with or without engine for the transport of goods on land, vehicles for which a transport authorization is required, issued by the competent authority;
- 4. the rental of chauffeured vehicles with or without engine intended for the transport of goods on land, vehicles for which no transport authorization is required;

	5 ° for the purposes of this collective labour agreement, the taxi-vans, particularly the vehicles with a load capacity equal to or less than 500 kilograms and equipped with a taximeter, are regarded as vehicles for which no transport authorization is required. § 3. Under "sub-sector for the handling of goods for third parties" are to be understood the employers covered by the Joint Labour Committee for transport and logistics and who, outside the port areas, engage in: 1 ° all handling of goods for third parties in preparation of the transport and / or of the completion of the transport, irrespective of the means of transport used; 2 ° and / or all logistics services in preparation of the transport of goods on behalf of third parties and / or of the completion of this transport, irrespective of the means of transport used.
- reference to posted drivers and definition of posting (if applicable)	https://employment.belgium.be/en/themes/international/posting under "concept and formalities you can find: What is meant by posting of workers as defined by labour law?
Please also include procedure to calculate the time spent/hours worked by the posted driver to be covered by the national remuneration: • clarification of the paid working time of the posted driver: driving time but also other activities/loading/unl oading, availability?	General information on working time: https://employment.belgium.be/en/themes/international/posting/working-conditions-be-respected-case-posting-belgium/working-time-and
clarification of the applicable posting regime/exemption during daily/weekly rest of the driver.	the transport of goods by land on behalf of third parties and for the handling of goods for third parties CHAPTER II. Definitions

Art. 2. For the purposes of this collective agreement, a distinction is made between: working time; availability time; service time; breaks between the working hours; rest periods; overtime; permanent residence

Art. 3. Definitions

- **3.1. Working Hours :** Working hours as defined in Article 3, a) "working time " 1. and 2. of the Dir. Eur. Parl. And Council E.C. 2002/15/EC of 11 March 2002, i.e. the time spent on:
- Driving, loading and unloading;
- Cleaning and technical maintenance of the vehicle;
- Procedures to ensure the safety of the vehicle or the load system;
- Procedures to meet legal or regulatory obligations in connection with transport, including the supervision of loading and unloading, administrative formalities with police, customs, etc.
- 3.1.2. For certain special transports certain types of loading and unloading can be the subject of a derogation from Article 3.1.1., provided prior consent by the Joint Labour Committee on Road Transport.
- 3.1.3. Waiting times for loading and / or unloading, where the suspected / expected duration is exceeded.
- 3.1.4. All other times of physical activity within the framework of the labour agreement of the worker are also regarded as working hours under the general labour legislation.
- 3.1.5. In order to calculate the average working hours, referred to in the Labour Act, only the above mentioned working hours are taken into consideration.
- **3.2.** Availability Time: The availability time, as defined in Article 3 b) 'availability time' of the Dir. Eur. Parl. and Council E.G. 2002/15/EC of 11 March 2002, namely:
- Other than break or rest periods, during which the worker is not required to remain at work, but must be available to answer any follow-up calls to start or resume the ride, or to carry out other work;
- Periods when the worker is transported by ferry or train accompanying a vehicle;
- The waiting time at borders or during loading and / or unloading shall be presumed to be known in advance as defined below:
- 2 hours loading and / or unloading in national transport;
- 4 hours loading and / or unloading in international transport;
- 2 hours for the waiting time at the borders;

unless the employer either before departure or just before the actual start of the period has communicated a different expected duration to the worker;

- The waiting time caused by the imposed driving bans;
- The time spent during the ride beside the driver or in the cabin;
- The additional time that the worker needs to bridge the distance to and from the location where the vehicle is stored if not in the usual place:
- The time associated with the customs, quarantine or medical matters;
- The time during which the worker resides on board or in the vicinity of the vehicle, so as to ensure the safety of the vehicle and the transported goods, but during which he does not perform work;
- The time during which no work is performed but during which the presence on board or in the vicinity of the vehicle is required in order to meet the traffic rules or to guarantee road safety.

The expected duration of the last 2 above mentioned times is presumed to amount to maximum 96 hours per month.

3.2.2. Shall not be considered as availability time (i.c. non-paid):

- The time devoted to the meals;
- The time considered as a break and / or as a rest time in the sense of the Reg. Comm. E.G. No 3820/85 of 20 December 1985 on the harmonization of certain social legislation prescriptions relating to road transport;
- -The time the worker can make freely use of;
- -The time the worker appropriates for himself.

3.2.3. In order to calculate the average working hours, referred to in the Labour Act, the availability time and the following breaks and rest times are not take into account.

3.4. Breaks during the working hours:

The sum of the following times:

- 3.4.1. The regulatory breaks during the driving time;
- 3.4.2. The time spent on meals;
- 3.4.3. The time the worker can make freely use of
- 3.4.4. The time the worker appropriates for himself.
- 3.5. Rest times:
- 3.5.1. The daily and weekly rest periods are specified in the applicable regulatory provisions;
- 3.5.2. The daily rest period comprises:

- 3.5.2.1. The time required to get dressed and to wash up before and after work;
- 3.5.2.2. The time required to bridge the distance from his home to the company or the location where the vehicle is stored and vice versa;
- 3.5.2.3. In case of special transports, when the permanent presence of the worker is legally required, it is understood that, if a residence bonus is paid, the worker has taken at least 8 hours rest. In no case may the payment of any other benefit be combined with the residence bonus.

"Permanent residence"

"Permanent residence" refers to the fact that the worker, by necessity of the service, **does not perform work between two daily rest periods or between a daily and a weekly rest period,** as provided for in Reg. Comm. E.G. No 3820/85 of 20 December 1985 on the harmonization of certain social legislation provisions relating to road transport outside the home or outside the workplace provided for in the labour agreement. These hours are not eligible for the calculation of the average working hours, specified in the Labour Act. In this case the driver receives a forfeit salary for 8 hours of work + a net indemnity A + a net indemnity C (see table below) (no ARAB indemnity/hour in this case

The periods during which the worker is transported by ferry or train accompanying a vehicle shall be paid to 90% of the basic hourly rate of that category, unless the worker may take his rest time in accordance with the conditions set out in Article 9 of the Reg. Comm. E.G. No 3820/85 of 20 December 1985 on the harmonization of certain social legislation prescriptions relating to road transport, namely:

- In derogation of Article 8, the first paragraph of said Reg. Comm. E.G. No 3820/85, the daily rest shall only be interrupted once;
- The portion of the daily rest period spent on land shall to be taken before or after the portion of the daily rest period taken on board a ferry or a train.
- The period between the two portions of the daily rest period must be as short as possible and may on no account exceed one hour before embarkation / loading or after unloading / reloading, whereby the customs formalities are counted to the embarkation / embarkation or disembarkation / unloading;
- The worker is entitled, during the two portions of the daily rest period, to a bed or a sofa;
- Thus interrupted daily rest times are extended by 2 hours.
- 7.4. The compensation relating to the availability times on Sundays and public holidays equals 150% of the amount owed pursuant to Article 7.2. and 7.3. of this CLA.

	CHAPTER VII. Method of calculation of fees and	d allowances		
	Art. 12.			
		The calculations of the compensation with regard to the hours of availability and allowances excess of the service hours shall be worked out to the fourth decimal on the understanding the		
	- The fourth decimal shall be omitted if it is equ	al to or less than 2		
	- The fourth decimal shall be rounded up to five	if it is equal to 3 and l	ess than 8;	
	- The fourth decimal shall be rounded up to the 8.	first decimal higher if i	t is equal to or higher than	
REMUNERATIO N (Art 3(1)(c))	IMPORTANT: The enclosed table gives in the Joint Committee, in a 38h/week effective system AND the 0,4% pay rise for which the collective universally applicable, N.B. after publication the as from January 1, 2022	n, taking into account e agreement is under	the indexation on 1/1/2022 procedure to be declared	
	The second column gives the wages calculated and only gives what is on the "actual moment mention wat is heading (so exclusive the 0,4%).	t" declared universally		
	FYI: as from 1/1/2023 a new function classification wage categories – more information second has		vill be applicable with other	
	Wages are calculated per hour :			
		Gross hou (38h/week time syste	working	
		incl 0,4%	excl 0,4%	
	DRIVING PERSONNEL	€/h	€/h	
	helper - companion	11,7535	11,7065	
	driver in training	11,7535	11,7065	
	driver vehicle with loading capacity of - 7 t	12,2075	12,159	
	driver vehicle with loading capacity of 7 < 15 t	12,4820	12,4325	
	driver vehicle with loading capacity of ≥ 15 t	12,9200	12,868	

driver articulated vehicle	12,9200	12,868	
driver acknowledged ADR-vehicle	12,9200	12,868	
driver refrigerated vehicle	12,9200	12,868	
DELIVERY SERVICES			
*			
driver - 6 months of service within the sector	12,2075	12,159	
driver ≥ 6 months of service within the sector	12,4820	12,4325	
COURIER SERVICES			
**			
courrier driver	12,9200	12,868	

*By "delivery services" is meant both national and international transport with mostly vehicles of less than 15 tonnes. The small individual loads (more than one), to be delivered daily, have many different destinations that may even be in the most diverse regions.

** Under **"courier services"** are to be understood: both national and international transports mainly with vehicles of less than 15 tonnes, for which a permit has been issued by the Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure. The small, individual loads (more than one), which are delivered daily, have numerous different destinations, located even in the most distant regions.

A worker in training: six months after his appointment, will receive a wage of the category specific to the driven vehicle. The intention is to give the workers a better training as professional drivers. The training period in the company, however, will be limited to 3 months for workers having successfully absolved the VDAB training course for lorry drivers.

If the worker drives vehicles with a different tonnage, he is entitled to the wages of the highest tonnage, provided he performs at least 50% of his daily working hours in this category.

"Availability time" (see above) is paid at 99% of the gross hourly wage (on Sunday and public holiday's there is a surcharge of 50% of this amount- see above)

"Train & boat hours" are paid at 90% of the gross hourly wage (see above)

		To the wages , the seniority surcharge has to be added (see below)		
		Students are paid at 90% of the gross hourly wage		
FURTHER ELEMENTS OF	Seniority surcharge:	CLA of 15 September 2011 (106 713) as amended by the CL 14/01/2013 - Belgian Official Gazette 28/03/2013)	A of 15 June 2017 (140 2	254) (Royal Decree
REMUNERATIO		(Royal Decree 11/01/2018 - Belgian Official Gazette 06/02/2	2018)	
N		The employer pays a seniority allowance to blue collar work	ers who have the followi	ng years of
Art 3(1)(c) and 3(1) para 3)) ¹		service without a break in his company: 1 year of service / 3 years of service / 5 years of service / 8 years of service / 10 years of service / 15 years of service / 20 years of service		
		This seniority allowance is paid by the employer to 100 pc. for all hours worked and all hours of		
		availability / waiting hours and is paid from the month in which the required seniority in the company is reached. Indexation of the amount on Januari 1st		
		The seniority allowance is listed separately on the pay slip , since it is considered a separate pathe wage. However, it falls under the concept of 'pay' , as defined in Article 2 of the Act of Ap 1965 "on the protection of the wages of blue collar workers" and therefore it should be taken into act for all replacement incomes, for social security and for all allowances calculated on the basis of the		the Act of April 12, taken into account
		"wage"		
		Amounts: indexation on January 1st - amounts dd 01/0	01/2022	
		SENIORITY SURCHARGE (per working hour + availability hour) €/h		
		uninterrupted company seniority as from 1 year	0,0580	
		uninterrupted company seniority as from 3 years	0,1185	
		uninterrupted company seniority as from 5 years	0,1790	
		uninterrupted company seniority as from 8 years	0,2395	
		uninterrupted company seniority as from 10 years	0,3000	

¹ Mainly posting allowance, night hours, hours worked during holidays/Sundays:

[•] Clarification of other national elements of the minimum remuneration of the posted drivers (13th, 14th month salary, paid holidays): Should a haulier pay to the driver performing international transport the 13th/14th month in EUR proportional to the working time in each MS, if during 1 year, the respective driver worked in 20 EU countries? In order for an employee to benefit from the 13th, 14th month salary, paid holidays and other bonuses, he should have worked a minimum number of days, usually about a year. We consider that these elements of D96/71 should not be applicable to posted drivers.

	uninterrupted company seniority as from 15 years uninterrupted company seniority as from 20 years 0,3605 0,4210
Saturday/Sunday/publi holidays work surchar	
	CLA of 27 January 2005 (74 050) (Royal Decree 24/09/2006 - Belgian Official Gazette 28/11/2006) Determination of the conditions and wages of the mobile workers employed in companies for the transport of goods by land on behalf of third parties and for the handling of goods for third parties Work on Sundays and on public holidays comes under the public holidays legislation and is paid with a surcharge of 100% (i.e. total 200%).
	Compensation for Sunday rest has to be taken within the 13 following days - 10 paid national holidays: These public holidays are as follows: 1 January Easter Monday
	 1 May Ascension Whit Monday 21 July
	 Assumption (15 August) All Saints' Day (1 November) Armistice Day (11 November) Christmas (25 December)
	More info: https://employment.belgium.be/en/themes/international/posting/working-conditions-be-respected-case-posting-belgium/public-holidays

Overtime surchar	A 50% Overtime surcharge of the gross hourly wage is due in a "classic regime" over 9h/day and 40h/week.
	(In a "flexible regime" according to Belgian Law of 1987 on new working regimes (https://www.ejustice.just.fgov.be/cgi_loi/change_lg.pl?language=fr&la=F&cn=1987031733&table_nam_e=loi , overtime is paid over 12h/day if all measures are taken into account)
	CLA of 27 January 2005 (74 050) (Royal Decree 24/09/2006 - Belgian Official Gazette 28/11/2006)
	Determination of the conditions and wages of the mobile workers employed in companies for
	the transport of goods by land on behalf of third parties and for the handling of goods for third
	parties
	3.6. Overtime
	Subject to the provisions of the applicable CLA on the application of the new labour arrangements to the mobile personnel employed in companies in the sub-sector for goods transport by land for the account of third parties and the subsector for the handling of goods for third parties, by "overtime" is meant work conducted, in the sense of Article 3.1. of this CLA, beyond the limits as defined by the Labour Act
	CLA of 30 September 2005 (77 063) (Royal Decree 22/03/2006 - Belgian Official Gazette 20/04/2006)
	Overtime in the sub-sectors for the transport of goods by land on behalf of third parties and for
	the handling of goods for third parties
	CHAPTER III. Increase of some compensatory rest limits
	Art. 3.
	This chapter covers the overtime due to an extraordinary increase in work (Article 25, Labour Act of 16 March 1971) or work required due to an unforeseen necessity (Article 26, § 1, 3 ° of Labour Act of 16 March 1971). The number of hours of compensatory rest which the worker may choose not to recover in lieu but to be paid out, has been increased from 65 to 130 hours per calendar year. The limit of 65 hours on top of the average working hours, allowed during the reference period (Labour Act of 16 March 1971), is increased from 65 hours to 130 hours during that reference period.
night work surch	rge CLA of 17 October 2019 (155 156) (Royal Decree 09/04/2020 - Belgian Official Gazette 25/05/2020)
	Are entitled to the financial compensation for night work as referred to in Article 4, for all worked nights of the calendar month, the workers who meet the following conditions:
	- Either in the course of a calendar month having been at least employed 5 consecutive working days

	in a labour arrangement involving night work performances; - Either in the course of the calendar month having been at least half of the worked days employed in a labour arrangement involving night performances (starting from the first full worked month); - Either having been employed in a structured shifts system. In this case, the financial compensation is
	granted only to workers whose work involves night work performances.
	"Night work performances" as defined in this CLA shall mean performances between 8 pm and 6 am.
	Furthermore, these workers shall have performed more than 5 working or availability hours between 8 pm and 6 am.
	Amount: per hour working time/availability between 8 pm and 6 am (if criteria of collective agreement are fullfilled)
	1,5785 € (indexation on January 1 st)
"service time" surcharge	CLA of 27 January 2005 (74 050) (Royal Decree 24/09/2006 - Belgian Official Gazette 28/11/2006)
	Determination of the conditions and wages of the mobile workers employed in companies for
	the transport of goods by land on behalf of third parties and for the handling of goods for third
	parties
	3.3. Service time
	The term "service time" means the sum of working hours and availability times, including the train and boat hours for journeys of less than 4 hours, excepted the other train and boat hours and permanent residence.
	CHAPTER V. Bonuses for exceeding the average service hours
	Art. 9.
	9.1. In case of exceeding the average length of the service time of 60 hours a week the following bonuses are awarded based upon the hourly wage as defined in Article 5 of this CLA.
	From 1 January 2009 on the basis of an average weekly service time calculated over a period of 1 month: over 60 hours of "service time" a surcharge of 50% is due.
	9.2. The above mentioned limits are monthly calculated as follows: <u>In the 5-day arrangement</u>
	The maximum monthly service time of 260 hours (with respect to the limit of 60 hours) is reduced by 12 hours per assimilated day or permanent residence during the workweek.
	The maximum monthly service time of 281,66 hours (with respect to the limit of 65 hours) is reduced

MINIMUM PAID	- Amount of minimum paid	 N.B. For drivers under Belgian contract: Paid by the social Fund (through general contributions of the employer to the social fund) - 20 days of annual leave (in five-day work system) (for blue collar: allowance paid through "the
		Reference period: For the calculation of the year-end bonus, the reference period shall begin on 1 July of the year preceding that of payment and shall end on 30 June of the payment year.
		declared NSSO wages.
		The amount of the end of year bonus, however, is only calculated on the basis of the effectively
		The average daily salary of the assimilated days will be taken into account to reach the minimum
		Amount : The gross end of year bonus equals 5% of the gross wages to 100%, subject to the Social Security contribution the worker as earned during the reference period with 1 or more employers coming under The minimum limit for the calculation of the end of year bonus is set at 2,500 EUROS.
		(Royal Decree 30/08/2017 - Belgian Official Gazette 28/09/2017)
	End of Year Bonus	CLA of 20 October 2016 (138 105)- indefinite period of validity
		Other labour arrangements are pro-rated.
		days.
		days or recovery rest in the sense of overtime excepted, provided that these days are taken as entire
		"Assimilated day" refers to the assimilated days as provided in the Annual Holliday Act, recuperation
		by 10 hours pet assimilated day or permanent residence during the workweek.
		The maximum monthly service time of 303,33 hours (with respect to the limit of 70 hours) is reduced
		The maximum monthly service time of 281,66 hours (with respect to the limit of 65 hours) is reduced by 10 hours per assimilated day or permanent residence during the workweek.
		10 hours per assimilated day or permanent residence during the workweek.
		The maximum monthly service time of 260 hours (with respect to the limit of 60 hours) is reduced by
		In the 6-day arrangement
		days.
		days or recovery rest in the sense of overtime excepted, provided that these days are taken as entire
		"Assimilated day" refers to the assimilated days as provided in the Annual Holliday Act ,recuperation
		by 12 hours per assimilated day or permanent residence during the workweek.
		The maximum monthly service time of 303,33 hours (with respect to the limit of 70 hours) is reduced
I		by 12 hours per assimilated day or permanent residence during the workweek.

(Art 3(1)(b))		The legal holidays which the worker is entitled to, shall be calculated annually as a function of the sum of the number of worked days and equivalent days in the holiday service year. More information on the site of the FPS ELSD: https://employment.belgium.be/en/themes/international/posting/working-conditions-be-respected-caseposting-belgium/minimum-paid		
"ON THE ROAD" ALLOWANCES - ARAB ("GRPL")- COMPENSATION (standard for all drivers) - ARAB ("GRPL")- COMPENSATION (standard for all drivers) - ARAB ("GRPL")- COMPENSATION (standard for drivers because they have no free access to sanitary and potation the road) ARAB indemnity per hour working time and availability time. (it is a net the hourly wage!) 1,52 € ACCOMODATION		· ·		
	EXPENSES	ACCOMODATION EXPENSES	CRITERIA	
	(standard for all drivers)	Amounts (net indemnity!) (dd. 01/01/2022)		
		40,0845 EUR (per started period of 24 h) 'Indemnity A"	When the driver, due to the necessity of his service (work), is obliged to take his daily and/or weekly rest (cfr EU Regulation nr. 561/2006 dd. 15.03.2006), out of his residence or outside his place of work (i.e. company establishment) as mentioned in his working contract.	
		16,2480 EUR 'Indemnity B'	 For the first daily rest, when the sum of the working time and availability time preceding his rest is less than 8 hours and as far as it is not a part of a journey of more than one day; When the absence – due to the necessity for his service(work) out of his residence or outside his place of work (i.e. company establishment) as mentioned in his working contract - is less than 24 hours and it concerns only 1 daily rest. 	
		10,8980 EUR	Only if due to the necessity of his service (work) no (work) performance is made between two daily rest periods or between	

		'Indemnity C' legal basis for ARAB & a augmented + indexation	a daily and a weekly rest taken outside his residence or outside his place of work (i.e. company establishment) as mentioned in his working contract. In this case the driver receives a forfeit salary for 8 hours of work + an indemnity A + an indemnity C (no ARAB indemnity/hour in this case)
ALLOWANCES OR REIMBURSEME NT OF EXPENDITURE TO COVER TRAVEL, BOARD AND LODGING EXPENSES (Art 3(1)(i))i	- Travel allowance (incl. board and lodging)	expenses" as mentioned above Travel cost and lodging costs lint compensation of effective costs. As from 30 July 2020, the alloward mentioned in Article 5, paragraph working, remuneration and emplomonitoring thereof. (French text: https://www.ejustice.just.fgov.be/e=loi) "By way of derogation from binding by the King in accordance and joint committees and which expenses for travel, meals and a are considered as conditions of travel, meal and accommodation their usual place of work to another plan to the words, they will only have usual workplace in Belgium (definition of the other hand, they may not Belgium. Contribution to the travel expection of the employer's Determination of the employer's	ked to professional travels are seen as "own costs of the employer" ic. (hotel bills, tickets,) Inces will have to be paid to posted workers only under the conditions in 1, subparagraph 2, of the Act of 5 March 2002 concerning the oyment conditions in case of posting of workers in Belgium and the oyment conditions in case of posting of workers in Belgium and the oyment conditions in case of posting of workers in Belgium and the oyment conditions in case of posting of workers in Belgium and the oyment conditions in case of posting of workers in Belgium and the oyment to first paragraph, the conventional provisions declared generally see with the Act of 5 December 1968 on collective labour agreements provide for the payment of supplements or the reimbursement of accommodation for employees who are away from home on business work, remuneration and employment only insofar as they relate to the acxpenses incurred by posted workers when travelling to and from fum, or when they are temporarily sent by their employer from that lace of work." The to be paid when the posted workers have to move to or from their inition for mobile workers???? EU Court of Justice???), or when they beloyer from that workplace to another workplace). The provided from 29 May 2021 (RD 14/04/2021- BS 19/05/2021) contribution to the travel expenses between home and work of engaged in the transport of goods by land on behalf of third

		 ⇒ concerns partial reimbursement of Public transport and private transport between home and work. The payment of the home-workplace intervention is made at least once a month. ⇒ not clear how de facto applicable on posted workers
FINES for not observing national posting rules/minimum remuneration		The transposition law is still not published (28/02/2022) Fines are expected to be very high
LINK	-Link to the original text of the collective agreement and/or national law [available languages]	Collective agreements are only available in Dutch and French, Documents can be searched for and downloaded (only Dutch and French): https://emploi.belgique.be/fr/themes/commissions-paritaires-et-conventions-collectives-de-travail-cct/conventions-collectives-3 Some can be found under "140.03" others under "140.00", not easy to trace Updated posting legislation not yet published (28/02/2022)
CONTACT POINTS	- Link to the contact points of trade unions/employer associations - Information on the contact points for liaison office/competent national bodies (such as Labour Inspectorate, Road Transport Authority)	Employer association: FEBETRA (contact only for IRU-federations, we are a very small legal team): jur@febetra.be Trade unions represented in joint sub committee 140.03: BTB: https://www.btb-abvv.be/en/road-transport-and-logistics ACV/CSC-TRANSCOM (Dutch/French/German): https://www.lacsc.be/csc-transcom Ministry of employment: website: https://employment.belgium.be/en/themes adress: FPS Employment, Labour and Social Dialogue,
		(Fr) Rue Ernest Blerot 1 1070 Bruxelles – or- (Dutch) Ernest Blerotstraat 1, 1070 Brussel

fax: 02 233 42 57
e-mail: info@employment.belgium.be
SIRS / easy link to social inspection services (French/Dutch):
https://www.sirs.belgique.be/fr/sirs/les-services-dinspection

[•] Allowances or reimbursement of expenditure to cover travel, board and lodging expenses - these expenses are reimbursed/covered by the transport companies but should the companies also observe the national rates of the host MS?