Final Report

Internalisation of external costs

Direct impact on the economies of the individual EU Member States, and the consequences on the European road haulage industry

Stefan Rommerskirchen

Markus Drewitz Lutz Ickert Simon Rikus



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1 Introduction

1.1 Background

(1) The European Commission proposed a revision of Directive 1999/62/EC on the charging of heavy goods vehicles for the use of certain infrastructures¹ in August 2008 (hereinafter called "Revised Eurovignette Directive"), which introduces the "internalisation of external costs" as a potential future part of the road user charges. In the "Handbook"² published on behalf of the European Commission (EC) in early 2008, the scope of external costs is approached from a wide perspective. This handbook indicates examples of what the EC considers to be external costs and sets out cost rates for them in the form of possible road user charges, in addition to direct road cost-related charges. Within the next few years, discussions with regard to elements and rates of additional charges, coupled with various implementation proposals, can be expected.

(2) The International Road Transport Union (IRU) therefore commissioned a scientific and independent study to be conducted by ProgTrans in order to analyse the impacts which such proposals would have on:

- the road user charge revenues collected by the individual EU Member States;
- the costs related to road user charges which have to be paid by the economy of the individual EU Member States in the context of road freight transports; and
- the costs related to road user charges which have to be paid by the national road hauliers of the individual EU Member States.

(3) This report presents the methodology and the results of the detailed and in-depth simulation of the potential future road user charges based on a potential revision of the Eurovignette Directive. Besides a brief explanation of the "external cost" concept, this study includes a description of the traffic model, of the procedure for determining the charges and revenues and of the scenarios

¹ Cf. Commission of the European communities: Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directive 1999/62/EC on the charging of heavy goods vehicles for the use of certain infrastructures. COM(2008) 436 final. Brussels, 8.7.2008; and COM(2008) 436 final/2. Brussels, 8.8.2008.

² Cf. CE Delft et al. (processors). Handbook on estimation of external costs in the transport sector, Version 1.1. Commissioned by the European Commission (DG TREN). Delft, February 2008.



used in the simulations. Finally, the results of road user charge revenues and costs are reported from three different perspectives and two views showing the road user charge surpluses or deficits explained in the following.

1.2 Road user charges and external costs

(1) In the context of the discussion of road user charges, two cost definitions or cost categories must be differentiated, both of which are related to the use of roads. These are the "direct costs of infrastructure", which result from construction and maintenance expenses for the roads and have to be allocated to the individual vehicle categories, and the "external costs of road traffic", which are related to the operation of vehicles and are not directly borne by the road users. The term "externalities" derives from economic theory, but has an important practical impact in road transport.³

In economic science, an externality of an economic transaction (produc-(2) tion or consumption) is an impact on a (third) party that is not directly involved in the transaction. In such a case, prices of the transaction do not reflect the full costs or benefits of a product or service. A positive impact is called an "external benefit", whilst a negative impact is called an "external cost". Producers in a market may not bear all of the costs, whilst consumers may not receive full compensation for the benefits of the economic activity. In a competitive market, the existence of externalities leads to either too much or too little production or consumption in terms of overall costs and benefits to society. If external costs exist in the competitive market, the goods will be overproduced, since the producers or consumers do not take into account the external costs when producing or consuming the goods, so the price to be paid for the end product is too low. If there are external benefits, too little of the goods would be produced by private markets as producers and buyers do not take into account the external benefits to others. Here, overall costs and benefits to society are defined as the sum of the economic benefits and costs for all parties involved. As a consequence of external effects, prices give "wrong signals" and should be adjusted. This usually takes place by governmental interventions. The proper internalisation of external effects is a requirement for the correct functioning of markets. It is not a measure against market processes, but one in favour of making them work adequately. This means that only generally accepted externalities should be introduced, and at the "right" prices.

³ Cf. Centre for the Study of Law and Economics. The Internalisation of External Costs in Transport: From the polluter pays to the cheapest cost avoider principle. Saarbrücken, December 2007

Cf. Coase, R.: The Problem of Social Cost; in: Journal of Law & Economics 3 (1), p. 1-44, 1960

Cf. Coase, R.: Notes on the Problem of Social Cost; in: Coase, R. (Hrsg.): The Firm, the Market and the Law, University of Chicago Press, Chicago, 1988

(3) Road users in particular generate external costs, e.g. by air or water pollution, noise or exhaust emissions. Other areas are accidents or "trench and selection effects" (with regard to landscape or social networks). A highly controversial aspect is congestion costs; most economists regard them as almost completely internalised⁴, but political decision makers often do not take the relevant theoretical discussion into account and recommend that congestion costs – which undoubtedly do exist – should be regarded as external.

(4) The internalisation of external costs has been advocated by the European Commission for a long time. A very important base paper was the White Paper: "European transport policy for 2010: time to decide" of September 2001. Nevertheless, up to now road user charges have only been allowed to reflect the direct road costs. However, there is currently a debate to change this in the future and for that reason the EC commissioned the elaboration of the "Handbook on estimation of external costs in the transport sector". It was produced as part of the study "Internalisation Measures and Policies for All External Costs of Transport" (IMPACT), mentioned in the introduction to this report, and serves as the most important source for the "charging scenarios", to be explained in chapter 4.

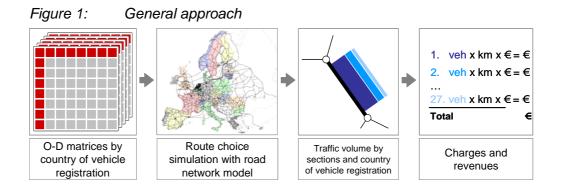
⁴ Cf. Cerwenka, P, Meyer-Ruehle, O.: Are Congestion Costs External Costs? in: Traffic Engineering & Control, Vol 50 (2009), No6 (June), p. 275ff.; Congestion costs are completely internalised with regard to congestion time costs; the share of external congestion costs (pollution costs) is very low.

2 Traffic model

2.1 General approach

(1) As a general approach, **O**rigin-**D**estination-matrices (O-D-matrices) were generated for the (charge-related) road goods transport in Europe by using different sources, mainly with data from the European Union's Statistical Office "Eurostat". These matrices were then allocated to the relevant infrastructure (road) network. The resultant traffic volume can finally be multiplied by section with all relevant charges (number of vehicles by section multiplied by the relevant road user charges in the respective section).

(2) The matrices are related to the country of vehicle registration. This approach allows the differentiation of all revenues that the countries collect and all charges that the national vehicle road hauliers have to pay.



(3) To provide the most valid results, all available sources were used as input for the model. The matrices originate from Eurostat and are based on national surveys. The results of the route choice simulation were checked twice: on the one hand using traffic volumes from different official traffic surveys and on the other hand by official data of vehicle mileage from different statistical sources. The results of the traffic model are therefore very reliable. The most important new aspect shown by the present study is the link between these traffic volumes and the charges on the road network. In addition to that - and also to the Eurostat data - territorial vehicle mileages for all European countries can now be provided.

2.2 Traffic Demand

(1) The traffic demand from Eurostat is reported as O-D-matrices. These matrices contain the exports and imports and their linkage (from all origins to all destinations). The matrices cover 27 countries: the 27 Member States of the European Union excluding Cyprus and Malta plus the two non-EU-member states Norway and Switzerland. On the country level 27 x 27 traffic flows or "relations" are within the model. O-D information for the relations between the 27 study countries and the eastern European countries Russia, Ukraine and Belarus are not included, since analyses of the total external trade and the share of road goods transport between the relevant countries show only marginal shares of these relations for road goods transport. The traffic flow from e.g. country A to country B is also called "relation".

(2) The main source for the matrices is the Statistical Office of the European Commission (Eurostat) [EU 2009a]. It provides O-D matrices in tonnes per year transported by "heavy goods vehicles" (HGV) with a load capacity above 3.5 tonnes - for some countries other definitions are applied - on a country basis for all relations between the 27 Member States. For Switzerland, Norway and some other important countries like Germany, France and Austria, national sources to show transport intensity are used in addition.

(3) The matrices not only cover 27 x 27 relations; each individual country is also subdivided into so-called traffic cells. This allows a reliable and realistic ("true-to-life") assignment of transport volumes to the infrastructure network. On this basis, the country matrices are split into 248 traffic cells; resulting in a total of 248 x 248 = 61'256 European relations (excluding national traffic). For all these relations, the traffic demand had to be split by the registration country of the heavy goods vehicles. In the end, not just one matrix with 61'256 relations was provided, but 27 matrices, totalling more than 1.65 million relations.

(4) In addition to the base year matrices for 2007, matrices had to be generated for the two forecast years 2020 and 2030. For this purpose, the transport volumes of 2007 were extrapolated by growth factors taken from the European Transport Report 2007/2008 [ProgTrans 2007].

(5) Before simulating the traffic on the network model, the tonnes transported had to be converted into vehicle trips. For that purpose "load factors" (tonnes per HGV or tonne-kilometres per HGV kilometres) were used. These factors were derived from official statistics [EU 2009c] dividing the road transport performance by the traffic performance data (in accordance with the na-

tionality principle). For this reason the load factors depend on the country of registration as shown in Figure 2.

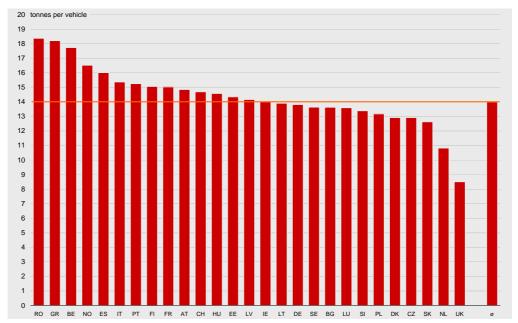


Figure 2: Distance weighted load factors by country of registration

(6) National traffic is not included in the matrices and hence not simulated in the road network model. For national traffic, more relevant (and reliable) data can be obtained directly from Eurostat [EU 2009c]. The data from road goods transport for national traffic are already reported in vehicle mileage, so there is no need to model the route choice. This data was therefore included directly into the step for calculating the charges.

2.3 Route choice

(1) The traffic model simulates the route choice of the vehicle flows in the European network. As such, a detailed model of the (relevant) infrastructure network (cf. Figure 3) was established.

(2) The network model includes "attributes" such as e.g. road types, individual capacities, some "restraints" (e.g. time spent at borders or different amounts of road user charges), intersections, etc. Altogether the network



model shown in Figure 3 contains more than 20'000 links and about 8'000 nodes, covering the long-distance road network of all study countries. The traffic model was then used to simulate the route choice of the vehicle flows in the European road network for all heavy goods vehicles and not only the best or the shortest way (e.g. in Alpine crossing traffic the preference for the Brenner motorway, thus bypassing Switzerland, was put into the model). Therefore all 27 matrices, disaggregated by country of registration, are used as input for the simulation. The traffic model is calibrated by real traffic counting data from different surveys at some main locations in the European network.

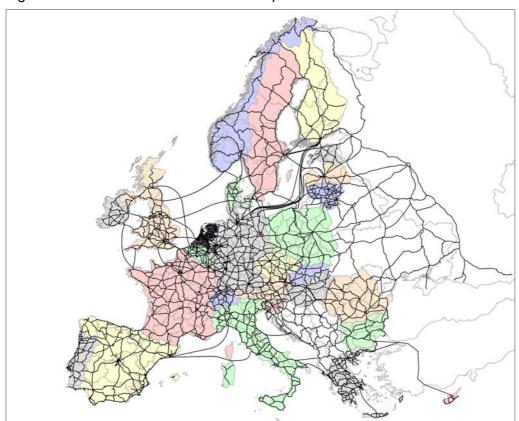


Figure 3: Model of the relevant European road network

(3) The result of the route choice routine is the traffic volume shown as the number of vehicles for each link (from more than 20'000 in total), disaggregated by 27 countries of registration.

(4) As a first result of the modelling work, Figure 4 shows the European border crossing (international) traffic of European road goods vehicles on the German, Swiss and Austrian road network. The blue lines represent the European road network and the width of the lines indicates the traffic volume on

each link. The base year assignment shows the expected results of the road goods traffic on the main traffic axes.

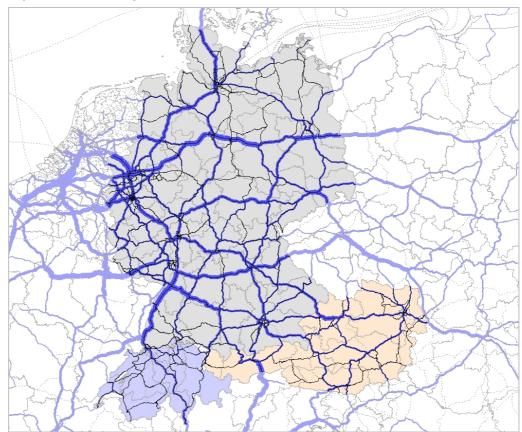


Figure 4: Assignment results 2007

(5) Based on the traffic demand forecasts for 2020, 2030 and the traffic model 2007, two forecast assignments were generated. Extensions of individual networks were not considered for 2020 and 2030; only new links of greater international importance like the "Fehmarnbelt crossing" were included. The individual network/infrastructure measures will not affect the results significantly as it can be assumed that they will not influence the route choice in the wider network. Moreover, for such "small" infrastructure measures, the same charging conditions as for the existing network are assumed; the underlying general assumption being "corridor thinking".

2.4 Vehicle mileage

(1) The vehicle mileage was computed by multiplying the number of vehicles per section and year by the length of the section. Before that, the overall traffic volume had to be separated into different vehicle categories. For this, vehicle categories according to the most common charge categories (by weight, number of axles and Euro emission standards) were used. For these charge categories, key figures were produced to split the traffic volume based on Austrian [ASFINAG 2008b], German [BAG 2008] and Swiss [BAV 2008] HGV charge statistics.

(2) The result of the link-related vehicle mileage (disaggregated by vehicle categories, and by country of registration) could then be used for the calculation of the road user charge revenues and costs.

(3) For the national traffic, the overall vehicle mileage per country was taken from Eurostat [EU 2009c]. The national traffic was split – country-related – into charge relevant traffic, on the Austrian, German and Swiss charge statistics as well. For simplicity's sake, it is assumed cabotage will not be allowed, so that all national traffic is handled by the respective national vehicle fleet, e.g. French national traffic is performed exclusively by the French vehicle fleet. This assumption is based on an analysis showing that cabotage performance by foreign shippers is quite negligible in relation to overall national transport performance.

3 Quantification of road user revenues

3.1 Charge rates

(1) The vehicle mileages for each of the total 20'000 links are the result of the traffic model. To compute charge revenues, they are multiplied by the respective charge rates. The charge rates are disaggregated by charging categories in the same way as the vehicle categories (by weight, number of axles and Euro emission standards).

(2) For time-related charges such as vignettes, the number of vehicles required to handle the traffic volume per year was estimated and multiplied by the yearly vignette price. For these specific cases the factor was calibrated on the revenues for those countries for which information was available based on official charge statistics, annual reports of the charge system operators and personal interviews. An overview of the sources is given in Annex IV.

3.2 Perspectives of road user charge revenues and costs

(1) Multiplying the vehicle mileage by the respective charge rates, the road user charge revenues are calculated for all links in the traffic model. To obtain all revenues from road user charges of a country, all country-related link revenues are aggregated. Since these revenues are split by country of vehicle registration, the charges in all countries can also be differentiated by country of vehicle registration. Road user charge revenues can therefore be prepared for **three** different **perspectives**:

- The road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad disaggregated by the countries of operation, or more precisely, the countries where the vehicles are registered disaggregated by countries where the costs arise;
- The road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers, disaggregated by nationality of the vehicle fleets which have to pay the charges.

The total charge costs for the economy by country studied in national and foreign trade transport, or in other words, the total road user charges in the respective countries which have to be paid for by their inland and international trade transport irrespective of the nationality of the vehicles conducting the transport.

(2) For the charges (and revenues) resulting from national traffic a weighted average charge rate was used, multiplied by the respective vehicle mileage. This approach is more accurate than a route choice simulation for this type of traffic. It also makes use of detailed Eurostat information on vehicle mileage in national traffic.

The resulting calculated revenues were compared with known numbers (3) from different European countries. For 11 countries, i.e. Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Germany, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Poland, Slovenia and Switzerland, statistical information on country specific toll revenues was available. For the base year, this information was used to calibrate the model and its parameters, which was later used for all scenarios and years to show the differences compared to the base year. These calibrated parameters were also transferred to 13 countries (Bulgaria, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Lithuania, Norway, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Spain and the United Kingdom) with existing toll systems but for which toll revenue information was not available. The calibrated parameters were transferred to the 13 countries without revenue data from the 11 countries where information was available, based on comparable road infrastructure networks, geographical location and, hence, their importance in European road goods traffic. Three other countries (Estonia, Finland and Latvia) do not raise any road infrastructure charges. To conclude, the missing information on toll revenues does not have an impact on the overall results of the charging.

(4) For the third perspective – the costs for the economy by country in national and foreign trade transport – the origin and destination of the vehicles for each section are well known, as a result of the route choice modelling. It was therefore possible to assign all aggregated charges to each country, differentiated by export and import. For that purpose, all trips performed in the import or export of an individual country were summarised independently of the country of vehicle registration. This means, for example, that it is irrelevant whether a French, German, Spanish or Polish vehicle conducts an export transport from Spain to Austria. All export trips from Spain and their resulting costs were added.

3.3 Road user charge surpluses or deficits

(1) Next to the three perspectives, the road user charge surpluses or deficits were derived by comparing the charges collected and those paid, differentiated by the surplus or deficit by economy and road hauliers of the individual countries:

- Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy: This first view balances the total road user charge revenues collected by a country from all (national and foreign) trucks against the total road user charges paid for national and international transports by the economy of that country, resulting in a net distribution effect of road user charges with regard to the whole economy.
- Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers: This second view accumulates the total revenues from road user charges collected by a country from all (national and foreign) trucks minus the total road user charges paid nationally and abroad by trucks registered in that country. A deficit signifies that the road user charge revenues of a given country are inferior to the amount of road user charges paid by the trucks registered in that country. A surplus corresponds to more revenue being collected by a country than the charges paid by its vehicle fleet. The results from this view show the "net distribution effect"⁵ of road user charges with regard to road hauliers.

The **Road user charge surplus or deficit** for the study countries has also been calculated **with regard to the national economy**. The study balances the total road user charge revenues collected by a country from all (national and foreign) trucks against the total road user charges paid for national and international transports by the economy of the same country, resulting in a net distribution effect of road user charges on the national economy of the study countries. This means that a member state with a surplus could directly or indirectly (e.g. general tax reduction) refund (all) road user charges to its own economy and achieve an extra "surplus" to cover the general state budget.

⁵

Cf. additional explanations and examples in chapter 5.2.1 ff

(2) For national transport, the study indicates only the charge costs from transports with origin and destination within the same country.⁶ The charging costs for foreign trade transport resulting from export and import transport are summarised independently of the country of vehicle registration. Thus, it is irrelevant whether a French, German, Spanish or Polish vehicle conducts an export transport from Spain to Austria. To avoid double counting, the export and import costs are allocated one half each to the shippers and the recipients. Double counting would occur, e.g. in the case of a transport from Spain to France as follows: The transport costs would firstly be allocated to export costs from the Spanish perspective and secondly to import costs from the French perspective. But in fact, the export and import costs are mostly not paid only by the hauliers from one country. Therefore, in this study, the costs for the economy contain half of the country specific total charging costs for transports in export/import from each of the two trading partners.

⁶ Comment: The national transport only includes transports with origin and destination in the same country whereas the inland transport contains the transport within a country but with origin or destination outside the same country (cf. Glossary)

4 Charge scenarios

4.1 Introduction

(1) As mentioned in chapter 1, the European Commission proposed a "Revised Eurovignette Directive" [European Commission 2008a], which will allow the "internalisation of external costs" in road user charges. The field of external costs is wide, elaborated by a Handbook published on behalf of the Commission in early 2008 [CE Delft 2008], which indicates a number of figures as possible road user charges in addition to direct cost-related charges.

(2) Within the next few years, discussions with regard to various implementation proposals can be expected. This study analyses the impacts of such proposals and their amended road user charge rates on European road goods traffic.

(3) The impact analysis of possible or proposed road user charges, including external costs, are related, in principle, to all elements of the above mentioned "Handbook" and to the ongoing discussion in the European Parliament and Council. A major role for the decision makers, besides defining to what extent the existing charges, taxes and duties already cover the use of infrastructure from, and externalities produced by, the road transport operators, would be to decide which of the individual elements from the current proposal or bundles of them should be used, and on what rate level such calculations should be based. In this study such combinations are called (road user charge) "scenarios".

4.2 Scenario elements

(1) The core elements of future road user charge "scenarios" can be derived from the discussion of the Commission's proposal by the Transport Committee of the European Parliament on February, 11th 2009 and the first EP plenary vote on March, 11th 2009 by the European Parliament. Based on a report by

Saïd El Khadraoui, the Transport Committee adopted the following ideas and principles on February 11th, 2009⁷):

- *"Air pollution, noise pollution and congestion:* The Commission's original proposal included air and noise pollution and congestion but stopped short of including CO₂ emissions. Some MEPs wanted to add CO₂ to the list of chargeable costs, arguing that lorries, like aeroplanes, are partly responsible for climate change, but the committee voted today to exclude CO₂ emissions from the text. The proposal to include congestion charging met opposition from MEPs in the EPP-ED group, who argued that it would be too heavy a burden on the sector in this period of economic downturn and that such a charge would be discriminatory, as private cars are also responsible for congestion. The committee reached a compromise which allows Member States to apply a congestion charge to "all other road users". Member States would also have to submit a cost/benefit analysis and an action plan setting out their measures to reduce congestion before applying the charge.
- "Intelligent" pricing system: The Eurovignette Directive is accompanied by a calculation method designed to adapt toll prices according to the environmental standard of the vehicle (known as "Euro 0 to VI"), the type of road used and the time period. Electronic tolling systems would calculate the right price according to these criteria.
- "Polluter pays more": average extra cost for road users would be small: The Eurovignette calculation method means that the overall extra cost for road users would only rise by approximately 3% if Member States choose to apply the charges, according to an impact study carried out by the Commission. Heavy polluters (Euro 0) would pay more, eco-friendly lorries (Euro VI and "clean energy" lorries) would pay little or no charges for air pollution. The same principle applies to the congestion charge: reduced rates would incite drivers to travel during off-peak times.
- "Earmarking" revenues to invest in greener transport: Bracing themselves for a probable future fight with EU finance ministers, MEPs from all political groups united in their support for "earmarking": Member States should be obliged to invest the revenue generated from Eurovi-

⁷ Cf. http://www.europarl.europa.eu/news/expert/infopress_page/062-48814-040-02-07-910-20090209IPR48793-09-02-2009-2009-false/default_en.htm



gnette charges into plans to improve environmental standards of vehicles and develop alternative transport infrastructure. On roads in mountainous regions and conurbations, a "mark-up" cost is introduced. The extra revenue from this mark-up would be invested in alternative parallel transport links (for instance, a mark-up introduced on the Alpine section of the Lyon-Genoa motorway would finance a parallel railway route).

Extension of rules to all major roads and 3.5 tonne vehicles: The existing Eurovignette rules only apply to roads which are part of the "Trans-European Network" - specifically designated international roads linking EU countries - and to vehicles above 12 tonnes. According to the new draft text, Eurovignette rules would apply to all TEN roads and roads "which customarily carry a significant volume of international goods transport" and would extend to 3.5 tonne vehicles (from 2012). Cities would maintain their right to impose local charges on their roads (such as the London congestion charge)."

(2) The European Parliament notes in this quoted press release that: "The rules are not binding but seek to set a common EU standard for Member States who choose to apply the charges." The European Parliament adopted the Transport Committee's Report in the first reading plenary vote on March, 11th 2009.

4.3 Scenario definition

(1) As the scope of road user charges and external costs varies according to the externalities being included, and in order to represent results on that basis, a Base Case and four scenarios were established:

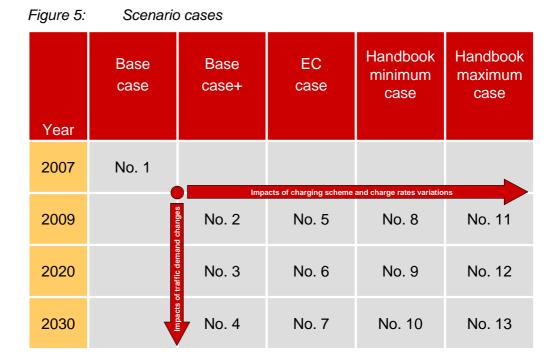
 The Base Case was only used to produce calculations for 2007 – based on the current Eurovignette Directive 2006/38/EC of 17th May, 2007 [European Commission 1999]⁸ – in order to calibrate the traffic model and the model for quantifying the balances.

- The "Base case plus" scenario is built on the traffic demand of 2007, 2020 and 2030, calculating the situation of road user charging in 2009, 2020 and 2030. The charge rates have been changed to the level of 2009 and, additionally, the introduction of distance-related road user charges is assumed in those countries which have not yet introduced such charges. The charges would be at an average level, including an emission-related differentiation. Using this case, only the effects arising from the change in traffic demand up to 2030 can be quantified.
- A "European Commission case" was used to produce calculations for 2009 and forecasts for 2020 and 2030, based on the Commission's 2008 proposal to amend the "Revised Eurovignette Directive" 1999/62/EC [European Commission 2008a]. Using this and both the next cases, the effects are first quantified where "only" the charging rates will vary, but not the traffic demand. By then adding the traffic demand forecasts, the surpluses or deficits for the forecasting horizons 2020 and 2030 are calculated.
- The "Handbook minimum case" was used to produce calculations for 2009 and forecasts for 2020 / 2030 for the whole range of HGV road user charges being discussed by the European Institutions and in the "Handbook" at a charge rate level as described (cf. chapter 4.4).
- Similarly, the "Handbook maximum case" was used to produce calculations for 2009 and forecasts for 2020 and 2030 for the whole range of HGV road user charges in the "Handbook" at a charge rate level as described (cf. chapter 4.4).

(2) The different scenarios as well as the three study years point out two different paths for the future development of road user charging:

- The first development path leaves charge rates unchanged; only transport demand and, hence, vehicle mileage change up to 2030.
- In the second path, the impact of varying charge rates is analysed.

⁸ Comment: Latvia, Estonia and Finland do not raise any road infrastructure charges in the Base Case 2007.



A general overview of the 13 scenario cases is given in the following figure:

4.4 Scenario variation of charge rates

(1) Based upon the scenario explanations given, the variation of the charge rates is defined as follows: The charge rates for the external costs can be taken from the Handbook and the "Revised Eurovignette Directive" from August 2008 [European Commission 2008a]. The scope of external costs from these sources is approached from a wide perspective.

(2) Various charge rates for external costs presented in the Handbook and the "Revised Eurovignette Directive" vary by vehicle weight classes (e.g. air pollution costs) whereas others are differentiated by countries. The maximum and minimum charge rates differ widely between a minimum of 0.022 and a maximum of 3.695 EUR per vkm. If the maximum charge rates for congestion costs amounting to 3.15 EUR per vkm were left out, the maximum charge rate level would amount to 0.545 EUR per vkm. Table 1 gives a brief overview of the maximum and minimum charge rates for the relevant external, as well as congestion, costs:

Table 1:	Overview of charge rates with regard to external costs from the
	Handbook and the "Revised Eurovignette Directive"

	Hand	book	EC		
External costs	minimum	maximum	Annex III	Comments	
		EUR per vkm			
Congestion and scarcity costs	0.0000	3.1500	0.0200		
Accident costs	-0.0077	0.0077		Variation by country	
Air pollution cost	0.0140	0.1490	0.0600	Variation by vehicle classes	
Noise costs	0.0006	0.3098	0.0180		
Climate change	0.0030	0.0410		Variation by vehicle classes	
Other external costs					
Soil and water pollution	0.0000	0.0105			
Up- and downstream proc.	0.0119	0.0273		Variation by vehicle classes	
Total EUR per vkm	0.0218	3.6953	0.0980		

Source: CE Delft 2008, European Commission 2008a

Table 2:Minimum and maximum charge rates for accidents by country
according to the Handbook (in EUR)

	Accider	it costs		Accident costs			
Country	min	max	Country	min	max		
	Charge rate	es [in EUR]		Charge rates [in EUR]			
AT	-0.0041	0.0041	IT	-0.0034	0.0034		
BE	-0.0047	0.0047	LT	-0.0025	0.0025		
BG	-0.0009	0.0009	LU	-0.0077	0.0077		
СН	-0.0031	0.0031	LV	-0.0025	0.0025		
CY	-0.0036	0.0036	MT	-0.0009	0.0009		
CZ	-0.0024	0.0024	NL	-0.0023	0.0023		
DE	-0.0029	0.0029	NO	-0.0028	0.0028		
DK	-0.0032	0.0032	PL	-0.0023	0.0023		
EE	-0.0023	0.0023	PT	-0.0045	0.0045		
ES	-0.0037	0.0037	RO	-0.0008	0.0008		
FI	-0.0025	0.0025	SE	-0.0019	0.0019		
FR	-0.0048	0.0048	SI	-0.0032	0.0032		
GR	-0.0038	0.0038	SK	-0.0019	0.0019		
HU	-0.0020	0.0020	UK	-0.0019	0.0019		
IE	-0.0044	0.0044					

Source: CE Delft 2008

(3) For the (negative) accident costs, published in the Handbook and shown in Table 2, the following assumptions by the authors of the Handbook were made: "For the lower margin [...] the average accident risk is internalised by the transport users. Based on this assumption and due to the under proportional increase in the number of accidents with increasing traffic volumes and



the fact that payments of insurances and social security to traffic accident victims are considered, the results are negative marginal costs. The upper margin is calculated following the assumption that the average accident risk is **not** internalised."⁹

(4) The charge rates for the three external cost categories "air pollution", "climate change", and "up- and downstream processes" are disaggregated twice; by weight classes and by vehicle emission categories (Euro emission standards). Except for climate change costs, which vary in the minimum and maximum case, the other two external costs are equal.

9

Cf. CE Delft et al. (processors). Handbook on estimation of external costs in the transport sector, Version 1.1. Commissioned by the European Commission (DG TREN). p. 44, Delft, February 2008.

Vehicle categories by weight and emission classes Air pollution costs Climate change costs Other external costs of up- and downstream processes < min max min max min max <<7.51 0 0.0900 0.0900 0.0030 0.0210 0.0140 0.0140 II 0.0530 0.0530 0.0030 0.0180 0.0122 0.0124 III 0.0500 0.0030 0.0180 0.0125 0.0125 IV 0.0230 0.0230 0.0180 0.0117 0.0117 V 0.0140 0.0140 0.0030 0.0180 0.0119 0.0119 V 0.0140 0.0140 0.0030 0.0180 0.0119 0.0119 V 0.0140 0.0140 0.0030 0.0180 0.0119 0.0119 V 0.0140 0.0140 0.00260 0.0174 0.0174 III 0.0760 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 V 0.0200 0.0200			U U	Ŭ		,	,		
	by weight and		Air pollut	ion costs	Climate ch	ange costs	of up- and downstream		
< 7.5 t	emission	classes	min	max	min	max	min	max	
I 0.0530 0.0530 0.0030 0.0190 0.0124 0.0124 II 0.0500 0.0300 0.0180 0.0120 0.0120 III 0.0390 0.0300 0.0190 0.0125 0.0125 IV 0.0230 0.0230 0.0030 0.0180 0.0117 0.0117 V 0.0140 0.0140 0.0030 0.0180 0.0119 0.0119 EEV 0.0140 0.0140 0.0030 0.0180 0.0119 0.0119 7.5 - 16 t 0 0.1110 0.1110 0.0110 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 III 0.0550 0.0040 0.0250 0.0165 0.0165					Charge rate	es [in EUR]			
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V 0.0140 0.0140 0.0030 0.0180 0.0119 0.0119 EEV 0.0140 0.0140 0.0030 0.0180 0.0119 0.0119 7.5 - 16 t 0 0.1110 0.1110 0.0050 0.0300 0.0201 0.0201 1 0.0760 0.0760 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 11 0.0690 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 11 0.0550 0.0550 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 11 0.0550 0.0550 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 11 0.0550 0.0500 0.0040 0.0250 0.0165 0.0165 11 0.0200 0.0200 0.0040 0.0250 0.0165 0.0165 16 - 32 t 0 0.1180 0.0160 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 11 0.0730 0.0730 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 11 <th></th> <th> </th> <th>0.0390</th> <th>0.0390</th> <th>0.0030</th> <th>0.0190</th> <th>0.0125</th> <th>0.0125</th>			0.0390	0.0390	0.0030	0.0190	0.0125	0.0125	
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7.5 - 16 t 0 0.1110 0.01110 0.0050 0.0300 0.0201 0.0201 I 0.0760 0.0760 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 II 0.0550 0.0690 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 III 0.0550 0.0550 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 IV 0.0330 0.0330 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 IV 0.0330 0.0330 0.0040 0.0250 0.0163 0.0163 V 0.0200 0.0200 0.0040 0.0250 0.0165 0.0165 EEV 0.0200 0.0200 0.0040 0.0250 0.0165 0.0165 16 - 32 t 0 0.1180 0.1180 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 II 0.0730 0.0730 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 III 0.0710 0.0400 0.0260 0.0168 0.0168		V	0.0140	0.0140	0.0030	0.0180	0.0119	0.0119	
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16 - 32 t 0 0.1180 0.1180 0.0050 0.0300 0.0200 0.0200 I 0.0730 0.0730 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 II 0.0710 0.0710 0.0040 0.0250 0.0168 0.0168 III 0.0530 0.0530 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 IV 0.0530 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 IV 0.0320 0.0320 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 V 0.0200 0.0200 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 V 0.0200 0.0200 0.0040 0.0240 0.0162 0.0162 V 0.0200 0.0200 0.0040 0.0250 0.0165 0.0165 EEV 0.0200 0.0200 0.0060 0.0410 0.0273 0.0273 >32 t 0 0.1490 0.1660 0.0060 0.0360 0.0235 0.0235		V	0.0200	0.0200	0.0040	0.0250	0.0165	0.0165	
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II 0.0710 0.0710 0.0040 0.0250 0.0168 0.0168 III 0.0530 0.0530 0.0040 0.0260 0.0174 0.0174 IV 0.0320 0.0320 0.0040 0.0240 0.0162 0.0162 V 0.0200 0.0200 0.0040 0.0250 0.0165 0.0165 EEV 0.0200 0.0200 0.0040 0.0250 0.0165 0.0165 >32 t 0 0.1490 0.1490 0.0060 0.0410 0.0273 0.0273 I 0.1060 0.1060 0.0060 0.0360 0.0241 0.0241 III 0.0960 0.0960 0.0350 0.0273 0.0273 III 0.0960 0.0960 0.0350 0.0235 0.0235	16 - 32 t	0	0.1180	0.1180	0.0050	0.0300	0.0200	0.0200	
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IV 0.0320 0.0320 0.0040 0.0240 0.0162 0.0162 V 0.0200 0.0200 0.0040 0.0250 0.0165 0.0165 EEV 0.0200 0.0200 0.0040 0.0250 0.0165 0.0165 >32 t 0 0.1490 0.1490 0.0060 0.0410 0.0273 0.0273 I 0.1060 0.1060 0.0060 0.0360 0.0241 0.0241 II 0.0960 0.0960 0.0350 0.0235 0.0235 III 0.0760 0.0760 0.0360 0.0239 0.0239		II	0.0710	0.0710	0.0040	0.0250	0.0168	0.0168	
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II 0.0960 0.0960 0.0050 0.0350 0.0235 0.0235 III 0.0760 0.0760 0.0060 0.0360 0.0239 0.0239	>32 t	0	0.1490	0.1490	0.0060	0.0410	0.0273	0.0273	
III 0.0760 0.0760 0.0060 0.0360 0.0239 0.0239		1	0.1060	0.1060	0.0060	0.0360	0.0241	0.0241	
		II	0.0960	0.0960	0.0050	0.0350	0.0235	0.0235	
			0.0760	0.0760	0.0060	0.0360	0.0239	0.0239	
0.0400 0.0400 0.0000 0.0000 0.0220 0.0220		IV	0.0450	0.0450	0.0050	0.0330	0.0223	0.0223	
V 0.0280 0.0280 0.0050 0.0340 0.0226 0.0226		V	0.0280	0.0280	0.0050	0.0340	0.0226	0.0226	
EEV 0.0280 0.0280 0.0050 0.0340 0.0226 0.0226		EEV	0.0280	0.0280	0.0050	0.0340	0.0226	0.0226	

Table 3:Minimum and maximum charge rates differentiated by vehicle
categories according to the Handbook (in EUR)

Source: CE Delft 2008

(5) In contrast to the external costs collection shown in the Handbook, the "Revised Eurovignette Directive" differentiates only between three types of external costs shown in the following Table 4. The air pollution costs vary by Euro emission standards, while the charge rates for air pollution and noise costs remain constant.

	•	•	
Emission classes	Air pollution costs	Congestion costs	Noise costs
	Cha	rge rates [in E	UR]
0	0.13	0.02	0.018
I	0.08	0.02	0.018
II	0.08	0.02	0.018
III	0.06	0.02	0.018
IV	0.04	0.02	0.018
V	0.02	0.02	0.018
EEV	0.02	0.02	0.018

Table 4:Charge rates differentiated by Euro emission standards accord-
ing to the "Revised Eurovignette Directive" (in EUR)

Source: CE Delft 2008, European Commission 2008a

(6) The charge rates taken from the Handbook and the "Revised Eurovignette Directive", shown earlier, have been assumed as constant over time and are applied to all three study years 2009, 2020 and 2030. The rates are "real" charge rates at a constant price from the year 2008. They have not been adjusted for inflation over time, in order to leave out inflationary effects and to keep the total charging results comparable. By using this approach, only the effects arising from the change in traffic demand up to 2030 are quantified.

5 Results: Perspectives and road user charge surplus or deficit in different scenarios

5.1 Introduction: general overview of the results chapter

(1) In the following, the detailed results are presented in tables and figures for each of the five scenarios (Base Case, Base Case plus, European Commission case, Handbook minimum and maximum case). In each case, the three perspectives (Road user charges, road user charge revenues and impact on the economy) as well as road user charge surpluses or deficits are shown. At the end of Chapter 5, all these are compared, whilst Chapter 6 provides an overall look at the main results and conclusions.

(2) The following five subchapters by scenarios generally have the same composition:

- 1. tables and figures for the Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy
- 2. tables and figures for the Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers
- 3. **Main findings** for the individual aspects and scenario-specific conclusions

(3) The content of the individual chapters in combination with the individual study years is shown in Figure 6. It shows that the results for the Base Case scenario 2007 only relate to one year (2007), whereas the results for the four other scenarios are always given for the years 2009, 2020, and 2030. That means that for the base case, one table and one figure with the data for the year 2007 will be presented.



			Scenarios												
Overview on scenario tables and figures		Chapter 5.2 Base case			Chapter 5.4 European Commission case		Chapter 5.5 Handbook minimum case			Chapter 5.6 Handbook maximum case		ok			
			only 2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020		2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	
	Road user charge	national hauliers													
	revenues by country from	international hauliers													
		Total													
	Total charge costs for the economy by country in	national transport													
		foreign trade transport													
ŵ		Total													
Persepctives	Road user charge surpluses/deficits by country with regard	in Mio. EUR													
Pers	to the national economy	in %													
	Road user charges	inland transport													
	paid by national	transport abroad													
	hauliers in	Total													
	Road user charge surpluses/deficits by	in Mio. EUR													
	country with regard to the road hauliers	in %													

Figure 6: Overview of the general composition of the results chapter

(4) The subchapters for the **Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers** include three tables and three figures representing the three study years 2009, 2020 and 2030. On the one hand each of the tables display the revenues from road user charges collected by a country from all (national and international) hauliers paid within a country for using the respective inland infrastructure network (inland transport). On the other hand the road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad are listed. Furthermore, the country-related road user charge surpluses or deficits between the revenues and charges are shown.

(5) The subchapters of the **Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy** also contain three tables and three figures for the three study years. Each of the tables presents the total revenues from road user charges collected by a country from all (national and international) road hauliers paid in inland transport and transport abroad and the total road user charges paid for national and international transports by the economy of the same country. Finally, the road user charges with regard to the whole economy.

(6) The subchapter **main findings** include the conclusion/results of the respective scenarios for the three perspectives as well as the surplus/deficit. At the end, a final conclusion for the relevant scenario is drawn.

(7) To summarise the above explanation, Figure 7 gives an overview of the scenario-specific tables and figures:

						Scenari	os				
0	verview on scenario	Chapter	5.2	Chapter	5.3	Chapter 5.4		Chapter	5.5	Chapter 5.6	
	tables and figures	Base case		Base case	Base case plus		European commission		Handbook minimum case		ok case
		only 20)7	2009, 2020	2030	2009, 2020	, 2030	2009, 2020	, 2030	2009, 2020	, 2030
	Road user charge	- Table	5	- Table	7	- Table	13	- Table	19	- Table	25
	surpluses/deficits by country with regard			- Table	8	- Table	14	- Table	20	- Table	26
es	to the national			- Table	9	- Table	15	- Table	21	- Table	27
Persepctives	economy	- Figure	8	- Figure	10	- Figure	14	- Figure	18	- Figure	22
rsep	Road user charge	- Table	6	- Table	10	- Table	16	- Table	22	- Table	28
Pe	surpluses/deficits by			- Table	11	- Table	17	- Table	23	- Table	29
	country with regard			- Table	12	- Table	18	- Table	24	- Table	30
	to the road hauliers	- Figure	9	- Figure	11	- Figure	15	- Figure	19	- Figure	23

Figure 7: Overview of the general composition of the results chapter

5.2 Base case 2007

5.2.1 Road user charge surplus/deficit for the national economy

Table 5:Base case 2007: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study
countries with regard to the national economy

	Total road user charge		ad user charge nomy by count		Road user charge surplus or deficit for countries		
Country	revenues by country	national foreign transport transport transport		Total	with regard to the national economy		
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %	
AT	985	570	170	739	246	33	
BE	119	61	193	254	-135	-53	
BG	81	80	11	91	-11	-12	
СН	891	645	79	724	167	23	
CZ	222	57	133	190	32	17	
DE	3'351	2'150	944	3'095	256	8	
DK	163	51	101	152	12	8	
EE	0	0	3	3	-3	-100	
ES	881	690	437	1'127	-246	-22	
FI	0	0	3	3	-3	-100	
FR	2'387	1'156	599	1'755	632	36	
GR	63	58	15	73	-10	-14	
HU	120	114	60	174	-55	-31	
IE	4	0	7	7	-2	-35	
IT	626	288	544	831	-206	-25	
LT	27	25	12	37	-11	-29	
LU	10	2	31	33	-23	-70	
LV	0	0	9	9	-9	-100	
NL	100	42	263	306	-206	-67	
NO	8	0	16	16	-7	-47	
PL	131	122	168	290	-159	-55	
PT	130	101	71	172	-42	-24	
RO	214	211	50	260	-46	-18	
SE	45	5	66	70	-25	-36	
SI	78	46	46	93	-15	-16	
SK	12	5	58	63	-52	-81	
UK	8	0	86	86	-78	-90	
Total	10'655	6'478	4'177	10'655	-	-	

(1) The following specific example for France should make understanding the theoretical explanation of the tables in chapter 5.1 easier and will ease the reading of the results from all other countries.

(2) The revenues from road user charges in France shown in Table 5 amount to a total of 2'387 million EUR in 2007, of which the French economy

has to pay 1'156 million EUR for national transports and a further 599 million EUR for international transports.

(3) The international goods transportation in France, to which the French economy does not contribute, accounts for 632 million EUR.

(4) From an economic point of view, the net distributional effects arise from the balance between the national revenues from road user charges (2'387 million EUR) and the impact of the French economy from road user charges (1'755 million EUR). In the case of France, there is a surplus within the Base Case Scenario which increases the national income by 632 million EUR (according to the current road pricing directive 2006/38/EC of 17th May, 2007 [European Commission 1999], this amount is theoretically covering the "direct costs" for building, expanding and maintaining infrastructure.).

(5) Depending on the geographic location of the respective countries, there can be negative effects on the national income as well. Thus, for example, Spain achieved revenues through road pricing amounting to 881 million EUR. According to the Base Case Scenario, the Spanish economy has to spend an overall amount of 1'127 million EUR for their goods transports at home and abroad. From an economic point of view, there is a negative distributional effect (deficit) and the national income loss is equivalent to the amount of this deficit (minus 246 million EUR).

5.2.2 Road user charge surplus/deficit for the road hauliers

Table 6:	Base case 2007: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study
	countries with regard to the road hauliers

		er charge rev country from			ser charges ional haulier	Road user charge surplus or deficit for		
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries with regard to the road hauliers	
		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	658	327	985	658	108	766	219	29
BE	74	45	119	74	74	148	-29	-20
BG	81	0	81	81	15	95	-15	-16
CH	688	203	891	688	23	710	181	25
CZ	120	102	222	120	188	309	-86	-28
DE	2'486	865	3'351	2'486	325	2'811	540	19
DK	108	56	163	108	68	176	-12	-7
EE	0	0	0	0	4	4	-4	-100
ES	790	91	881	790	381	1'171	-291	-25
FI	0	0	0	0	5	5	-5	-100
FR	1'344	1'042	2'387	1'344	111	1'456	931	64
GR	60	3	63	60	22	82	-19	-23
HU	116	3	120	116	130	246	-126	-51
IE	1	3	4	1	11	12	-8	-64
IT	413	213	626	413	306	718	-93	-13
LT	26	1	27	26	43	69	-42	-61
LU	4	6	10	4	69	72	-63	-86
LV	0	0	0	0	12	12	-12	-100
NL	77	22	100	77	266	344	-244	-71
NO	3	5	8	3	13	16	-8	-50
PL	129	2	131	129	430	559	-428	-77
PT	122	8	130	122	117	239	-108	-45
RO	213	2	214	213	79	292	-78	-27
SE	13	33	45	13	30	43	3	6
SI	55	23	78	55	85	141	-63	-45
SK	8	4	12	8	128	136	-124	-91
UK	3	6	8	3	21	24	-15	-64
Total	7'592	3'063	10'655	7'592	3'063	10'655	-	-

(1) The revenues from road user charges in France shown in Table 6 amount to a total of 2'387 million EUR in 2007, of which the French hauliers have to pay 1'344 million EUR for inland transports. A further 111 million EUR have to be paid by French hauliers for transports abroad.

(2) The road user charge revenues of France to which the French hauliers do not contribute account for 1'042 million EUR.

(3) From an economic point of view, the net distributional effects arise from the balance between the national revenues from road user charges (2'387 million EUR) and the impact of the French hauliers from road user charges for inland transport and transport abroad (1'456 million EUR). In the

case of France, there is a surplus within the Base Case Scenario which increases the national income by 931 million EUR (according to the current road pricing directive 2006/38/EC of 17th May, 2007 [European Commission 1999], this amount is theoretically covering the "direct costs" for building, expanding and maintaining infrastructure.).

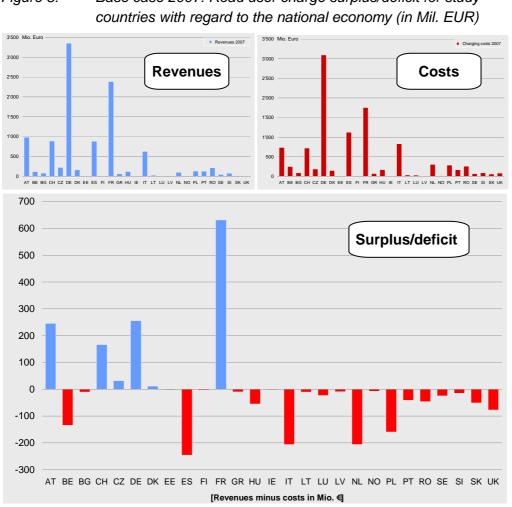
(4) Depending on the geographic location of the respective countries, there can be negative effects on the national income as well. Thus, for example, Spain achieved revenues through road pricing amounting to 881 million EUR. According to the Base Case Scenario, the Spanish hauliers have to spend an overall amount of 1'456 million EUR for goods transport in inland transport and transport abroad. From an economic point of view, there is a negative distributional effect (deficit) and the national income loss is equivalent to the amount of this deficit (minus 291 million EUR).

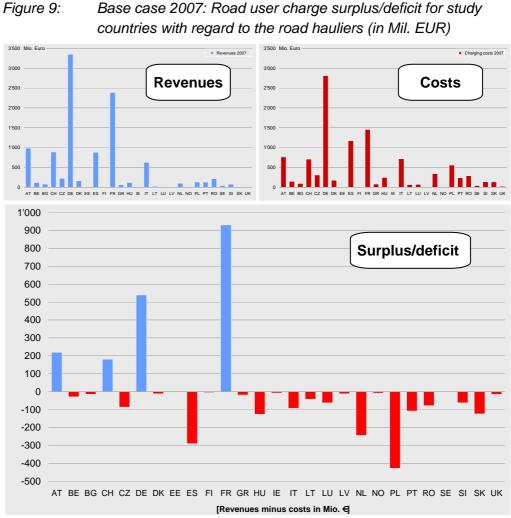
5.2.3 Main findings

(1) The Base Case results are showing overall charges for the base year 2007 of 10.66 billion (bn) EUR (cf. Table 6 with regard to the hauliers perspective). It is clear that countries with large vehicle fleets, large TEN infrastructure networks and high charge rates both at home and for their vehicles travelling abroad, will account for large percentages of the 27-country total. As a consequence, Germany ranks first, followed by France both for road **haulier charge payments** and for **collecting revenues** (cf. Figure 9). However, whilst Spain is in third place from the road hauliers viewpoint, it drops to 5th place as regards the collection of revenues, whilst Austria and Switzerland, with high charge rates, are 3rd and 4th here. Finland and the Baltic countries, Estonia and Latvia, figure at the other end of the scale because they did not raise any HGV specific charges for the use of their road network in the year 2007 (Base Case 2007).

(2) The perspective related to the **costs for economy** needs a bit more explanation. Here it is assumed that, in order to avoid double counting, each of the two trading partners pays one half of the total charges relating to imports and exports. Another important aspect of this perspective is that for the 27 countries as a whole, national traffic accounts for about 61 % of the charges and international traffic 39 %, underlining the greater importance of national traffic in which charges paid by road hauliers and revenues collected by the state balance each other completely. Besides the national traffic, the importance in international trade measured in quantitative parameters, as well as the geographic location of the foreign trade partners in combination with the countries' own location, are two final aspects.

(3) The analysis of **road user charge surplus/deficit** balances the revenues and costs in two different ways. The first way measured the road user charge revenues gathered by countries against the costs for the economy in national and foreign trade transport. We found that Austria (33 %), Switzerland (23 %), Germany (8 %) and France (36 %) clearly collected more revenue than the costs to their economy. The Czech Republic (17 %) and Denmark (8 %) also showed a surplus. This means that the remaining 21 countries collected less revenue than the costs incurred to their economy. In the second way it reveals which countries gather higher revenues than those paid by their road hauliers to foreign countries. Somewhat similarly to the first type, only 5 countries fall into that category: Austria, Switzerland Germany, France and Sweden (almost negligible in the latter). In all the other 22 countries, hauliers paid more charges abroad than their governments collected at home.





Base case 2007: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study

(4) For the amount of the surpluses/deficits, the length of the routes between origin and destination of the flows of goods, as well as the intensity of the border-crossing goods transportation, are decisive. Thus, the amount of surpluses/deficits shown in Table 5 is mainly dependant on the geographic location of a country and reflects the economic location advantages and disadvantages. The more "centrally" a country is located, the more positive are the net distributional effects in relation to the national income. Peripheral countries, on the other hand, face location disadvantages - even without the charging of external costs.

5.3 Base case+: Scenario on traffic demand 2009, 2020, 2030

5.3.1 Road user charge surplus/deficit for the national economy

Table 7:Base case+ 2009: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study
countries with regard to the national economy

		-		•		
	Total road user charge		ad user charge nomy by count	Road user charge surplus or deficit for countries		
Country	revenues by country	national transport	foreign trade transport	Total	with regard to the national economy	
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	990	570	219	789	201	26
BE	292	236	248	484	-192	-40
BG	58	58	10	68	-10	-14
CH	987	645	181	826	161	20
CZ	364	197	164	361	3	1
DE	4'183	2'150	1'271	3'421	762	22
DK	213	129	140	269	-56	-21
EE	13	13	3	16	-3	-19
ES	1'208	690	730	1'420	-211	-15
FI	136	131	6	137	-1	-1
FR	2'837	1'156	910	2'066	771	37
GR	70	58	23	80	-10	-13
HU	108	102	70	172	-64	-37
IE	92	73	51	123	-31	-25
IT	639	288	633	920	-281	-31
LT	27	25	19	44	-18	-40
LU	15	7	47	53	-39	-73
LV	0	0	10	10	-10	-100
NL	465	408	369	777	-312	-40
NO	115	94	27	121	-6	-5
PL	545	540	263	804	-259	-32
PT	157	101	171	271	-115	-42
RO	60	60	54	114	-54	-47
SE	179	144	83	227	-49	-21
SI	81	46	61	107	-26	-25
SK	79	74	63	137	-58	-42
UK	1'381	1'222	252	1'474	-93	-6
Total	15'294	9'218	6'076	15'294	-	-

(1) The revenues from road user charges in Spain shown in Table 7 amount to a total of 1'208 million EUR in 2009, of which the Spanish economy has to pay 690 million EUR for national transports and a further 730 million EUR for international transports.



(2) From an economic point of view, the net distributional effects arise from the balance between the national revenues from road user charges (1'208 million EUR) and the impact of the Spanish economy from road user charges (1'420 million EUR). In the case of Spain, there is a deficit within the Base Case plus Scenario which decreases the national income by -211 million EUR.

(3) Depending on the geographic location of the respective countries, there can be positive effects on the national income as well. Thus, for example, Austria achieved revenues through road pricing amounting to 990 million EUR. According to the Base Case plus Scenario, the Austrian economy has to spend an overall amount of 789 million EUR for their goods transports at home and abroad. From an economic point of view, there is a positive distributional effect (surplus) and the benefit to the national income is equivalent to the amount of this surplus (plus 201 million EUR).

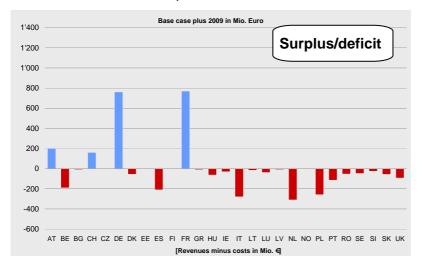
	Total road user charge		ad user charge nomy by count		Road user charge surplus or deficit for countries	
Country	revenues by country	national foreign transport transport transport		with regard to the national economy		
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	1'419	658	407	1'065	355	33
BE	370	289	484	773	-404	-52
BG	85	85	14	99	-13	-14
СН	1'263	729	259	989	275	28
CZ	459	220	225	445	14	3
DE	5'714	2'711	1'780	4'491	1'224	27
DK	325	152	254	406	-81	-20
EE	13	13	7	20	-6	-32
ES	1'726	982	1'060	2'042	-316	-15
FI	158	150	9	159	0	0
FR	3'634	1'416	999	2'414	1'220	51
GR	95	77	31	108	-13	-12
HU	127	119	79	198	-71	-36
IE	145	116	89	206	-61	-30
IT	819	296	983	1'279	-460	-36
LT	34	32	33	65	-31	-47
LU	19	8	84	91	-72	-79
LV	0	0	14	14	-14	-100
NL	506	434	449	883	-377	-43
NO	148	120	41	161	-12	-8
PL	722	714	490	1'204	-482	-40
PT	192	100	271	371	-179	-48
RO	90	89	96	185	-96	-52
SE	221	157	149	306	-84	-28
SI	140	64	141	205	-65	-32
SK	92	84	128	212	-120	-57
UK	1'514	1'259	383	1'642	-128	-8
Total	20'031	11'075	8'956	20'031	-	-

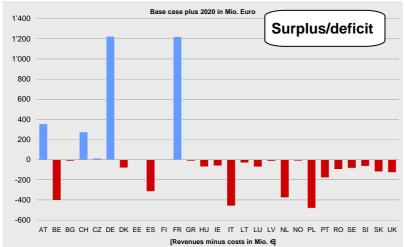
Table 8:Base case+ 2020: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study
countries with regard to the national economy

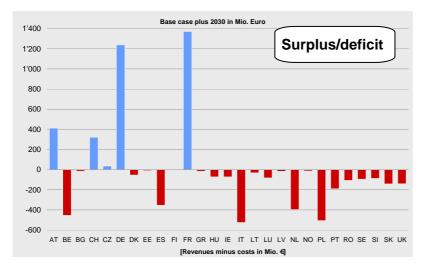
					-	
	Total road user charge		ad user charge nomy by count	Road user charge surplus or deficit for countries		
Country	revenues by country	national foreign transport transport transport		with regard to the national economy		
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	1'603	662	528	1'190	412	35
BE	380	295	540	835	-455	-54
BG	87	87	15	102	-15	-14
CH	1'391	791	280	1'071	321	30
CZ	486	217	234	451	35	8
DE	6'419	3'002	2'177	5'180	1'239	24
DK	393	159	288	447	-54	-12
EE	13	12	10	22	-9	-41
ES	1'854	1'060	1'147	2'208	-354	-16
FI	162	154	9	163	-1	-1
FR	3'932	1'598	963	2'561	1'371	54
GR	103	83	35	118	-15	-13
HU	132	122	82	204	-73	-36
IE	165	132	105	237	-72	-30
IT	864	300	1'089	1'389	-525	-38
LT	37	34	34	68	-31	-46
LU	20	8	95	103	-83	-80
LV	0	0	16	16	-16	-100
NL	518	440	474	914	-396	-43
NO	159	128	45	173	-14	-8
PL	730	721	515	1'236	-506	-41
PT	198	99	289	389	-190	-49
RO	93	92	107	200	-107	-54
SE	237	159	173	332	-94	-28
SI	160	70	177	247	-87	-35
SK	93	83	152	235	-142	-61
UK	1'560	1'269	432	1'701	-140	-8
Total	21'788	11'778	10'010	21'788	-	-

Table 9:Base case+ 2030: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study
countries with regard to the national economy

Figure 10: Base case+: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy (2009, 2020 and 2030 in Mil. EUR)







5.3.2 Road user charge surplus/deficit for the road hauliers

Table 10:	Base case+ 2009: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study
	countries with regard to the road hauliers

	Road user charge revenues by country from			Road user charges paid by national hauliers in			Road user charge surplus or deficit for	
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries wi the road	th regard to
		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	663	327	990	663	154	817	173	21
BE	248	44	292	248	121	370	-77	-21
BG	58	0	58	58	20	78	-20	-25
CH	704	283	987	704	35	739	248	34
CZ	261	103	364	261	273	534	-170	-32
DE	2'718	1'465	4'183	2'718	414	3'132	1'051	34
DK	172	41	213	172	97	269	-56	-21
EE	13	0	13	13	7	20	-6	-33
ES	943	266	1'208	943	544	1'487	-279	-19
FI	133	3	136	133	7	140	-4	-3
FR	1'411	1'426	2'837	1'411	167	1'579	1'258	80
GR	63	7	70	63	28	92	-22	-24
HU	104	4	108	104	163	267	-159	-60
IE	78	15	92	78	36	114	-21	-19
IT	416	224	639	416	382	797	-158	-20
LT	26	1	27	26	62	88	-61	-70
LU	8	6	15	8	99	107	-93	-86
LV	0	0	0	0	17	17	-17	-100
NL	443	22	465	443	439	882	-417	-47
NO	103	12	115	103	13	116	-1	-1
PL	544	1	545	544	643	1'187	-642	-54
PT	141	16	157	141	257	398	-241	-61
RO	60	0	60	60	101	161	-101	-63
SE	151	28	179	151	37	188	-9	-5
SI	56	25	81	56	111	167	-86	-52
SK	77	3	79	77	159	235	-156	-66
UK	1'274	107	1'381	1'274	40	1'314	67	5
Total	10'870	4'424	15'294	10'870	4'424	15'294	-	-

(1) The revenues from road user charges in Spain shown in Table 10 amount to a total of 1'208 million EUR in 2009, of which the Spanish hauliers have to pay 943 million EUR for inland transports. A further 544 million EUR have to be paid by Spanish hauliers for transports abroad.

(2) The road user charge revenues of Spain to which the Spanish hauliers do not contribute account for 266 million EUR.

(3) From an economic point of view, the net distributional effects arise from the balance between the national revenues from road user charges (1'208 million EUR) and the impact of the Spanish hauliers from road user charges for inland transport and transport abroad (1'487 million EUR). In the

case of Spain, there is a deficit within the Base Case plus Scenario which decreases the national income by -279 million EUR.

(4) Depending on the geographic location of the respective countries, there can be positive effects on the national income as well. Thus, for example, the United Kingdom achieved revenues through road pricing amounting to 1'381 million EUR. According to the Base Case plus Scenario, the hauliers from the UK have to spend an overall amount of 1'314 million EUR for goods transport in inland transport and transport abroad. From an economic point of view, there is a positive distributional effect (surplus) and the benefit to the national income is equivalent to the amount of this surplus (plus 67 million EUR).

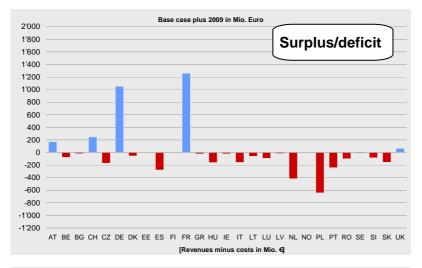
	Road user charge revenues by country from				ser charges ional haulier	Road user charge surplus or deficit for		
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries wi the road	th regard to
		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	829	591	1'419	829	230	1'059	361	34
BE	308	62	370	308	164	472	-102	-22
BG	85	0	85	85	27	112	-27	-24
СН	812	451	1'263	812	47	859	404	47
CZ	317	143	459	317	395	712	-253	-35
DE	3'514	2'201	5'714	3'514	585	4'099	1'615	39
DK	234	91	325	234	159	393	-69	-17
EE	13	0	13	13	13	26	-13	-49
ES	1'328	398	1'726	1'328	752	2'080	-354	-17
FI	154	5	158	154	8	162	-4	-2
FR	1'744	1'890	3'634	1'744	262	2'005	1'629	81
GR	85	10	95	85	37	123	-28	-23
HU	121	6	127	121	211	332	-205	-62
IE	123	22	145	123	67	189	-45	-24
IT	480	339	819	480	597	1'077	-258	-24
LT	33	1	34	33	98	130	-96	-74
LU	10	9	19	10	141	151	-132	-87
LV	0	0	0	0	23	23	-23	-100
NL	477	29	506	477	610	1'087	-581	-53
NO	132	17	148	132	16	148	0	0
PL	720	2	722	720	1'007	1'727	-1'005	-58
PT	165	27	192	165	361	525	-333	-63
RO	90	0	90	90	178	267	-178	-66
SE	167	54	221	167	58	225	-4	-2
SI	93	47	140	93	198	291	-151	-52
SK	88	4	92	88	259	347	-255	-74
UK	1'347	168	1'514	1'347	62	1'409	105	7
Total	13'466	6'565	20'031	13'466	6'565	20'031	-	-

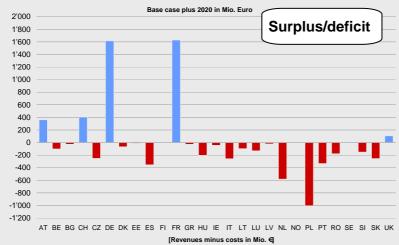
Table 11:Base case+ 2020: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study
countries with regard to the road hauliers

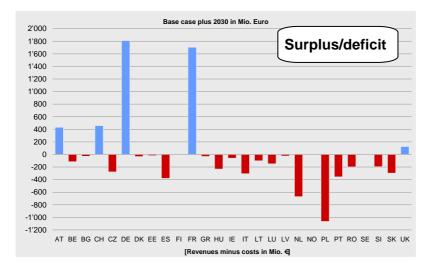
			-					
	Road user charge revenues by country from				ser charges ional haulier	Road user charge surplus or deficit for		
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries wi the road	th regard to
		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	883	720	1'603	883	288	1'171	432	37
BE	314	66	380	314	180	494	-114	-23
BG	87	0	87	87	29	117	-29	-25
CH	882	509	1'391	882	51	933	458	49
CZ	322	163	486	322	440	763	-277	-36
DE	3'934	2'485	6'419	3'934	674	4'608	1'811	39
DK	248	145	393	248	177	426	-33	-8
EE	12	0	13	12	18	31	-18	-59
ES	1'427	427	1'854	1'427	807	2'235	-380	-17
FI	158	4	162	158	9	167	-5	-3
FR	1'938	1'994	3'932	1'938	290	2'228	1'704	76
GR	92	11	103	92	42	134	-32	-24
HU	125	7	132	125	239	364	-232	-64
IE	139	26	165	139	84	223	-59	-26
IT	496	367	864	496	672	1'169	-305	-26
LT	35	1	37	35	102	137	-100	-73
LU	11	10	20	11	158	169	-148	-88
LV	0	0	0	0	24	24	-24	-100
NL	486	32	518	486	704	1'189	-671	-56
NO	140	19	159	140	18	158	1	0
PL	728	2	730	728	1'067	1'794	-1'065	-59
PT	168	30	198	168	386	555	-357	-64
RO	93	0	93	93	198	291	-198	-68
SE	170	67	237	170	61	231	6	3
SI	107	53	160	107	247	355	-195	-55
SK	88	5	93	88	301	389	-296	-76
UK	1'365	196	1'560	1'365	70	1'434	126	9
Total	14'450	7'338	21'788	14'450	7'338	21'788	-	-

Table 12:Base case+ 2030: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study
countries with regard to the road hauliers

Figure 11: Base case+: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers (2009, 2020 and 2030 in Mil. EUR)







5.3.3 Main findings

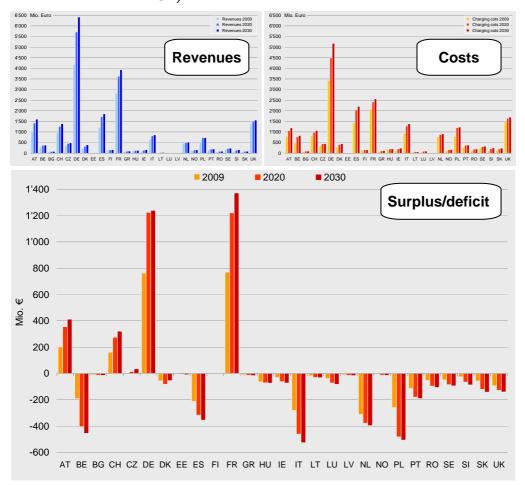
(1) The **Base case plus** scenario is based on the traffic demand of 2007 and charge rates of 2009. In addition, the introduction of distance-related road user charges is assumed in those countries which have not yet introduced such charges. These changes result in an increase of total road user charges in the 27 study countries by 5 bn EUR or an increase of 43 % compared to the Base Case 2007. Up to 2020, the total increase would amount to 20.0 bn EUR, having increased on average by 2.5 % per annum (p.a.). In 2030 the total would have risen to 21.8 bn EUR, after a further increase of 0.7 % p.a. in these 10 years.

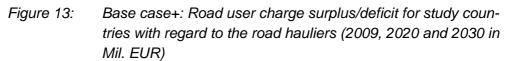
(2) As regards the **revenues from national and international road hauliers**, Germany, France and Spain account for 55 % of the total revenues in 2009. Except Estonia whose revenues will decrease by 4.2 % until 2030, all other countries will record increasing revenues (cf. Figure 13). Germany's increase by 2.2 Bn EUR represents more than one third of the total growth. With a clear gap, the revenues in France will grow by 1.1 bn EUR, followed by Spain with 0.6 Bn EUR. On the other end, Estonia will get 13 and Luxembourg 15 Mil. EUR in 2009. Latvia does not get any revenues because it does not have a toll infrastructure network (Latvia has only national roads, motorways are absent). More than two thirds of the total revenues are paid by national hauliers and less than one third come from international hauliers. The share of revenues from international hauliers will increase slightly up to 2030.

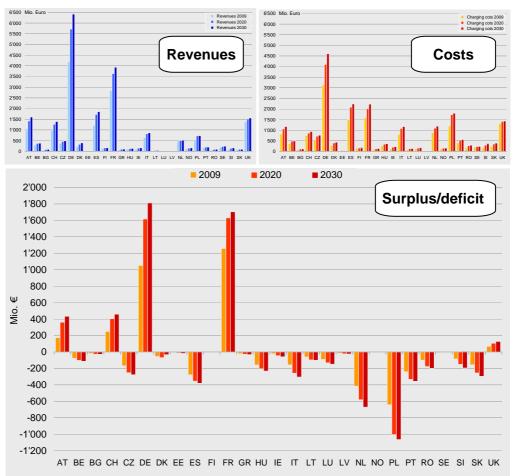
(3) The charges paid by national road hauliers in national and international transport are headed by German and French road haulier costs (cf. Figure 13). Spain, UK and Poland follow in 3rd to 5th position. These 5 countries account for more than half of the overall total charges paid. By 2030, whilst the country ranking remains almost unchanged, Spain will have overtaken France and the three top countries will account for 55 % of the total revenues. Revenues in the UK e.g. rise by 9 % in 21 years. Other findings are that Slovenia's currently low charges will more than double by 2030 and that Ireland and Romania will also see higher than average increases.

(4) Looking at the total **costs for the economy in national and foreign trade transport**, by 2030 foreign trade transport costs will have grown compared to national transport: 46 % as compared to 40 % in 2009. Road hauliers in Germany, France, Spain and Italy will be the top payers of road user charges.

Figure 12: Base case+: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy (2009, 2020 and 2030 in Mil. EUR)







(5) The **revenues and costs for national and foreign trade transport** are shown in Figure 12. Only 5 countries show a surplus of revenues from national and international road hauliers greater than the amount their economy has to pay in road user charges for national and foreign trade transport. These are France (37 %), Austria (26 %), Germany (22 %), Switzerland (20 %) and the Czech Republic (1 %). Up to 2030, these five countries will see a higher surplus, whereas the remaining countries will mostly see a larger deficit or, in other words, their total costs for road user charges for national and foreign trade transport will increase faster than the revenues from national and international hauliers.

(6) In 2009, France will note that revenues stemming from national and international road hauliers will exceed the charges paid by national road



hauliers in national and international transport, by about 80 %. Besides France, only Switzerland and Germany (both 34 %), Austria (21 %) and the United Kingdom (5 %) will have a surplus. Up to 2030 the relation between revenues and costs will slightly decrease in France (76 %), whereas Switzerland, Germany, Austria and the United Kingdom will see a higher surplus. Up to 2030, the Scandinavian countries, Sweden and Norway, will reach a surplus of 3 % and 0.4 %. In absolute numbers, Germany especially will improve its surplus up to 2030, with a surplus to the German State amounting to 1.0 Bn EUR in 2009, increasing up to 2030 by 0.8 Bn EUR to 1.8 Bn EUR.

5.4 European Commission case: 2009, 2020, 2030

5.4.1 Road user charge surplus/deficit for the national economy

Table 13:European Commission case 2009: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy

	onij					
	Total road user charge		ad user charge nomy by count	Road user charge surplus or deficit for countries		
Country	revenues by country	national foreign trade Total transport transport		with regard to the national economy		
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR	Mio. EUR	in %	
AT	1'320	790	338	1'128	192	17
BE	487	179	498	677	-189	-28
BG	31	28	20	49	-18	-36
СН	1'281	879	256	1'135	145	13
CZ	657	362	282	644	13	2
DE	6'825	3'508	2'159	5'668	1'157	20
DK	230	86	241	327	-97	-30
EE	15	15	8	23	-7	-33
ES	2'261	1'296	1'251	2'547	-286	-11
FI	161	149	16	165	-5	-3
FR	4'496	1'836	1'513	3'349	1'148	34
GR	174	144	44	188	-15	-8
HU	146	64	142	207	-61	-30
IE	118	83	97	180	-61	-34
IT	1'349	666	1'007	1'673	-324	-19
LT	39	16	44	60	-21	-35
LU	27	7	82	89	-62	-70
LV	0	0	24	24	-24	-100
NL	559	352	700	1'052	-493	-47
NO	142	108	51	159	-17	-11
PL	484	327	512	839	-355	-42
PT	277	178	304	482	-206	-43
RO	43	37	107	144	-101	-70
SE	197	91	157	248	-51	-21
SI	141	81	99	180	-39	-22
SK	84	52	121	173	-90	-52
UK	1'713	1'395	449	1'844	-131	-7
Total	23'255	12'731	10'524	23'255	-	-

(1) The revenues from road user charges in Italy shown in Table 13 amount to a total of 1'349 million EUR in 2009, of which the Italian economy has to pay 666 million EUR for national transports and a further 1'007 million EUR for international transports.

(2) From an economic point of view, the net distributional effects arise from the balance between the national revenues from road user charges (1'349 million EUR) and the impact of the Italian economy from road user charges (1'673 million EUR). In the case of Italy, there is a deficit within the European Commission case which decreases the national income by -324 million EUR.

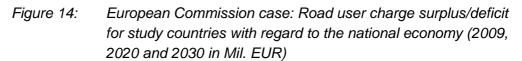
(3) Depending on the geographic location of the respective countries, there can be positive effects on the national income as well. Thus, for example, the Czech Republic achieved revenues through road pricing amounting to 657 million EUR. According to the European Commission case, the Czech economy has to spend an overall amount of 644 million EUR for their goods transports at home and abroad. From an economic point of view, there is a positive distributional effect (surplus) and the benefit to the national income is equivalent to the amount of this surplus (plus 13 million EUR).

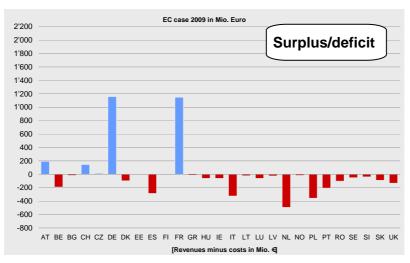
Table 14:European Commission case 2020: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy

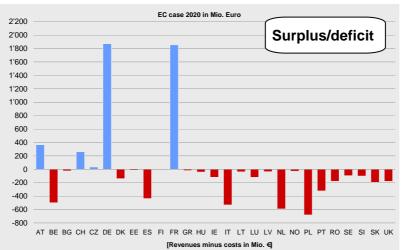
	Total road user charge		ad user charge nomy by count	Road user charge surplus or deficit for countries		
Country	revenues by country	national transport	foreign trade transport	Total	with regard to econ	o the national
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	1'908	913	629	1'542	366	24
BE	654	219	933	1'152	-498	-43
BG	45	41	28	69	-24	-35
СН	1'355	729	366	1'095	260	24
CZ	828	405	388	793	35	4
DE	9'323	4'423	3'029	7'452	1'871	25
DK	404	102	442	543	-140	-26
EE	16	14	16	30	-15	-48
ES	3'234	1'845	1'826	3'671	-436	-12
FI	189	171	24	194	-5	-3
FR	5'761	2'248	1'660	3'908	1'854	47
GR	235	193	60	253	-18	-7
HU	198	75	165	240	-42	-17
IE	185	133	171	304	-119	-39
IT	1'746	687	1'590	2'277	-531	-23
LT	58	20	75	95	-37	-39
LU	36	8	148	156	-120	-77
LV	0	0	35	35	-35	-100
NL	633	375	848	1'223	-591	-48
NO	185	137	77	214	-29	-13
PL	700	432	948	1'380	-680	-49
PT	339	178	484	661	-323	-49
RO	64	55	187	242	-177	-73
SE	285	99	281	379	-94	-25
SI	240	111	229	340	-101	-30
SK	110	59	245	304	-194	-64
UK	1'948	1'438	690	2'127	-179	-8
Total	30'679	15'109	15'571	30'679	-	-

Table 15:European Commission case 2030: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy

	Total road user charge		ad user charge nomy by count	Road user charge surplus or deficit for countries		
Country			national foreign transport transport transport		with regard to the national economy	
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	2'185	919	821	1'740	445	26
BE	686	223	1'033	1'257	-570	-45
BG	47	42	31	73	-27	-36
СН	1'495	791	395	1'185	309	26
CZ	874	399	403	802	72	9
DE	10'472	4'899	3'701	8'599	1'873	22
DK	501	106	501	607	-106	-17
EE	15	14	20	34	-19	-55
ES	3'476	1'992	1'977	3'969	-493	-12
FI	193	175	25	200	-7	-4
FR	6'237	2'537	1'605	4'142	2'094	51
GR	254	207	68	275	-22	-8
HU	216	77	172	249	-33	-13
IE	212	151	202	353	-141	-40
IT	1'863	695	1'776	2'471	-609	-25
LT	65	21	79	100	-35	-35
LU	39	8	167	176	-136	-78
LV	0	0	41	41	-41	-100
NL	663	379	893	1'272	-610	-48
NO	200	146	87	233	-32	-14
PL	727	437	999	1'435	-708	-49
PT	350	176	517	693	-343	-49
RO	67	57	210	266	-199	-75
SE	322	100	324	424	-102	-24
SI	275	122	288	410	-136	-33
SK	117	58	289	347	-229	-66
UK	2'033	1'449	780	2'229	-196	-9
Total	33'584	16'180	17'404	33'584	-	-







EC case 2030 in Mio. Euro 2'200 2'000 Surplus/deficit 1'800 1'600 1'400 1'200 1'000 800 600 400 200 0 -200 -400 -600 -800 AT BE BG CH CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GR HU IE IT LT LU LV NL NO PL PT RO SE SI SK UK [Revenues minus costs in Mio. €]

5.4.2 Road user charge surplus/deficit for the road hauliers

Table 16:	European Commission case 2009: Road user charge sur-
	plus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers

	Road user charge revenues by country from				ser charges ional haulier	Road user charge surplus or deficit for		
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries wi the road	th regard to
		in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			Mio. EUR	in %
AT	909	410	1'320	909	258	1'168	152	13
BE	241	246	487	241	204	445	43	10
BG	31	0	31	31	37	68	-37	-54
СН	949	331	1'281	949	58	1'007	273	27
CZ	475	181	657	475	455	930	-273	-29
DE	4'435	2'390	6'825	4'435	722	5'157	1'668	32
DK	150	79	230	150	169	319	-89	-28
EE	15	0	15	15	15	30	-14	-49
ES	1'765	497	2'261	1'765	888	2'653	-392	-15
FI	154	6	161	154	19	173	-12	-7
FR	2'239	2'258	4'496	2'239	289	2'528	1'968	78
GR	157	16	174	157	50	207	-34	-16
HU	94	52	146	94	277	371	-225	-61
IE	92	27	118	92	67	159	-40	-25
IT	893	456	1'349	893	544	1'437	-88	-6
LT	25	15	39	25	115	140	-101	-72
LU	11	16	27	11	171	182	-155	-85
LV	0	0	0	0	39	39	-39	-100
NL	480	79	559	480	790	1'270	-711	-56
NO	122	20	142	122	26	148	-6	-4
PL	446	38	484	446	1'093	1'540	-1'055	-69
PT	249	28	277	249	454	703	-426	-61
RO	41	1	43	41	191	232	-190	-82
SE	109	88	197	109	58	167	30	18
SI	98	43	141	98	176	274	-134	-49
SK	66	18	84	66	278	344	-260	-76
UK	1'498	214	1'713	1'498	67	1'565	148	9
Total	15'746	7'509	23'255	15'746	7'509	23'255	-	-

(1) The revenues from road user charges in Italy shown in Table 16 amount to a total of 1'349 million EUR in 2009, of which the Italian hauliers have to pay 893 million EUR for inland transports. A further 544 million EUR have to be paid by Italian hauliers for transports abroad.

(2) The road user charge revenues of Italy to which the Italian hauliers do not contribute account for 456 million EUR.

(3) From an economic point of view, the net distributional effects arise from the balance between the national revenues from road user charges (1'349 million EUR) and the impact of the Italian hauliers from road user charges for inland transport and transport abroad (1'437 million EUR). In the case of Italy, there is a deficit within the European Commission case which decreases the national income by -88 million EUR.

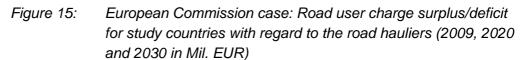
(4) Depending on the geographic location of the respective countries, there can be positive effects on the national income as well. Thus, for example Germany achieved revenues through road pricing amounting to 6'825 million EUR. According to the European Commission case, the German hauliers have to spend an overall amount of 5'157 million EUR for goods transport in inland transport and transport abroad. From an economic point of view, there is a positive distributional effect (surplus) and the benefit to the national income is equivalent to the amount of this surplus (plus 1'668 million EUR).

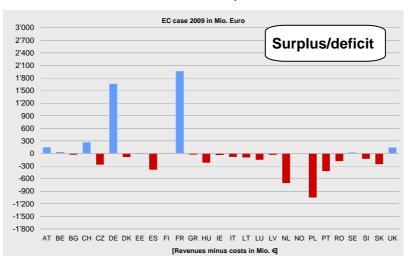
Table 17:European Commission case 2020: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers

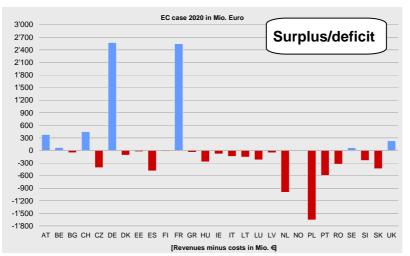
	Road user charge revenues by country from				ser charges ional haulier	Road user charge surplus or deficit for		
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries wi the road	ith regard to
		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	1'138	770	1'908	1'138	390	1'528	380	25
BE	309	345	654	309	275	584	70	12
BG	45	0	45	45	51	96	-51	-53
СН	827	529	1'355	827	79	906	450	50
CZ	575	252	828	575	659	1'235	-407	-33
DE	5'733	3'590	9'323	5'733	1'018	6'750	2'573	38
DK	231	173	404	231	283	514	-110	-21
EE	15	1	16	15	28	43	-27	-63
ES	2'490	745	3'234	2'490	1'232	3'721	-487	-13
FI	179	10	189	179	25	205	-16	-8
FR	2'767	2'995	5'761	2'767	449	3'216	2'546	79
GR	212	23	235	212	65	277	-42	-15
HU	112	86	198	112	356	468	-270	-58
IE	144	41	185	144	124	268	-83	-31
IT	1'030	716	1'746	1'030	857	1'887	-141	-7
LT	34	24	58	34	182	216	-158	-73
LU	15	21	36	15	244	259	-223	-86
LV	0	0	0	0	52	52	-52	-100
NL	530	103	633	530	1'098	1'628	-995	-61
NO	157	29	185	157	34	190	-5	-3
PL	638	62	700	638	1'720	2'358	-1'658	-70
PT	291	48	339	291	640	931	-592	-64
RO	62	3	64	62	330	391	-327	-84
SE	128	157	285	128	92	220	65	29
SI	159	81	240	159	318	477	-238	-50
SK	83	27	110	83	459	543	-433	-80
UK	1'613	335	1'948	1'613	105	1'717	231	13
Total	19'515	11'164	30'679	19'515	11'164	30'679	-	-

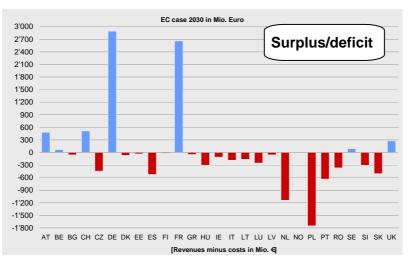
	Road user charge revenues by country from				ser charges ional haulier:	Road user charge surplus or deficit for		
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries wi the road	th regard to
		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	1'217	967	2'185	1'217	488	1'705	479	28
BE	318	368	686	318	302	620	66	11
BG	46	0	47	46	57	103	-56	-55
СН	898	597	1'495	898	86	984	511	52
CZ	585	288	874	585	733	1'319	-445	-34
DE	6'418	4'054	10'472	6'418	1'162	7'580	2'892	38
DK	253	248	501	253	318	572	-71	-12
EE	14	1	15	14	36	50	-35	-70
ES	2'676	800	3'476	2'676	1'324	4'001	-525	-13
FI	184	9	193	184	27	211	-18	-8
FR	3'076	3'160	6'237	3'076	501	3'578	2'659	74
GR	228	26	254	228	74	302	-48	-16
HU	118	99	216	118	403	520	-304	-58
IE	163	49	212	163	158	321	-110	-34
IT	1'076	786	1'863	1'076	972	2'048	-185	-9
LT	38	27	65	38	189	227	-162	-71
LU	16	24	39	16	274	290	-250	-86
LV	0	0	0	0	57	57	-57	-100
NL	546	116	663	546	1'257	1'803	-1'140	-63
NO	168	33	200	168	37	205	-5	-2
PL	658	69	727	658	1'820	2'478	-1'751	-71
PT	298	52	350	298	685	983	-633	-64
RO	64	3	67	64	370	434	-367	-85
SE	133	189	322	133	97	231	92	40
SI	184	91	275	184	399	583	-308	-53
SK	87	30	117	87	533	620	-503	-81
UK	1'641	392	2'033	1'641	118	1'759	274	16
Total	21'105	12'478	33'584	21'105	12'478	33'584	-	-

Table 18:European Commission case 2030: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers









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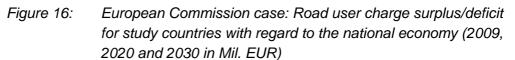
5.4.3 Main findings

(1) The Commission's proposal is based on a different development compared to the two Base Cases, as the basic assumption is that the Commission's 2008 proposal to amend the 1999 Eurovignette Directive has been implemented in the three study years 2009, 2020 and 2030.

(2) The first point to note is that total charges in 2009 are estimated at 23.3 bn EUR, more than double the 10.66 bn EUR in the two base cases. The growth in total charges from 2009 to 2020 is 2.6 % p.a., decreasing to 1.1 % p.a. in the next 10 years; these rates are fairly close to the Base Case plus (2.5 % and 0.8 %).

(3) As in the Base Case plus, the most important contributors to the **road user charges** are hauliers from Germany (22 %), Spain (11 %) and France (11 %) shown in Figure 17. But, whilst Germany and Spain register an increase of 2.1% p.a. in the 21 year period covered, i.e. more than the average growth of 1.8%, charges paid by French road hauliers increase by 1.6%. Six other countries (United Kingdom (UK), Poland, the Netherlands, Austria, Switzerland and Czech Republic) occupy a middle place in 2009, but within this group, Polish hauliers' charges rise by 2.3 % p.a. to 2030, whilst British hauliers' charges grow at 0.6 % and the Swiss charges actually decrease by 0.1 % p.a. Such changes in consequences over the 21 year period also occur at the lower end of the scale.

(4) Looking at the **revenues from national and international road hauliers**, the relevant tables and figures show that following Germany in its "normal" first position, accounting for almost 30 % of total revenues. France (19 %) has now taken the second position from Spain (10 %) whose revenues are also expected to grow less than average to 2030, whereas both German and French revenues increase faster. Such faster increases are particularly evident for Slovenia (3.2 % p.a. to 2030) Lithuania and Austria, whereas the UK, Netherlands and Switzerland can see their income grow at a rate of 0.7 to 0.8 % p.a.



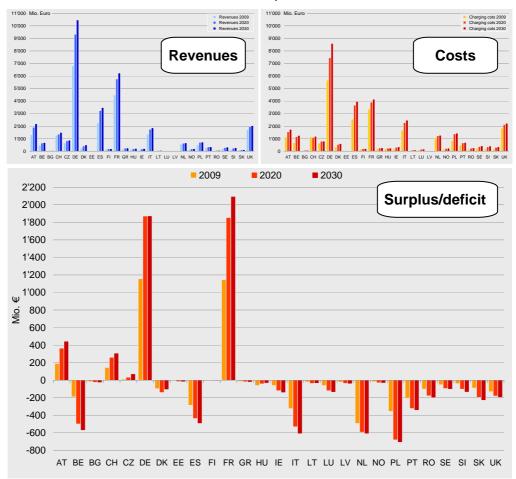
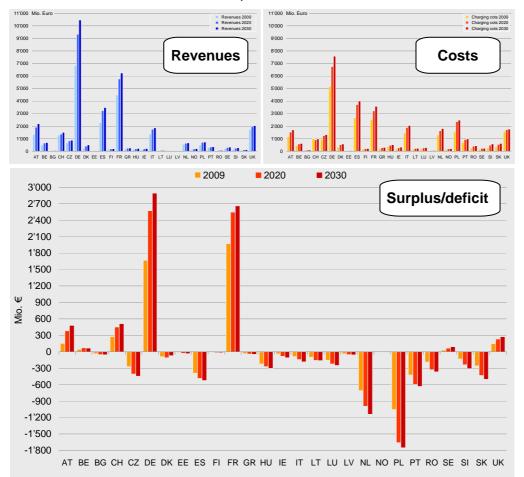


Figure 17: European Commission case: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers (2009, 2020 and 2030 in Mil. EUR)



(5) Turning to the **costs for the economy in national and foreign trade transport**, it should be borne in mind that foreign trade transport covered 10.5 bn EUR or 45 % of total charges in 2009. The rise to 17.4 bn EUR or a 52 % increase in 2030, indicates the growth of international, relative to national, transport. Here again Germany leads, but its share of the total is restricted to 21 %. France - in 2nd place - shows a small increase up to 2020, but then decreases marginally by 2030. As a result, France will be overtaken by Spain and Italy, the latter growing fast. The Italian growth rate is overtaken by Belgium, which rises to 5th place for the first time in these analyses. Growth rates to 2030 between 4 and 5 % p.a. are also registered by Slovenia, Estonia, Austria and Slovakia, whilst Poland also grows faster than the average 2.4 %.



(6) The above conclusions lead to the establishment of **surpluses or deficits**, shown in Figure 14 and Figure 15. The first figure compares the **revenues with the road user charge costs for the economy by country in national and foreign trade transport**. In France, Germany, Austria, Switzerland and the Czech Republic the revenues collected exceeded the costs, whereas at the other end of the scale, Luxembourg and Romania only gathered about 30 % of them in 2009. This share is further reduced to 22-25 % in 2030. The spans of surpluses/deficits are indeed wide as clearly shown in the figures.

(7) The second figure shows the difference between the **revenues from national and international road hauliers and the charges paid by its road hauliers**. In 2009, seven countries had a surplus by collecting more than their hauliers paid out: these were France, Germany, Switzerland, Sweden, Austria, Belgium and the UK; all maintained this surplus in 2030, however, not necessarily in the same order.

5.5 Handbook minimum case: 2009, 2020, 2030

5.5.1 Road user charge surplus/deficit for the national economy

Table 19:Handbook minimum case 2009: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy

	,					
	Total road user charge		ad user charge nomy by count	Road user charge surplus or deficit for countries		
Country	revenues by country	national foreign transport transport		Total	with regard to the nationa economy	
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	1'073	570	310	880	194	22
BE	388	142	437	579	-192	-33
BG	30	28	18	46	-16	-34
СН	1'236	849	238	1'087	149	14
CZ	591	326	255	580	11	2
DE	6'207	3'191	1'949	5'140	1'067	21
DK	197	67	217	284	-88	-31
EE	14	13	7	20	-6	-32
ES	2'008	1'150	1'124	2'274	-266	-12
FI	142	132	14	145	-4	-3
FR	4'083	1'667	1'366	3'033	1'050	35
GR	149	123	39	162	-14	-8
HU	115	51	126	176	-61	-35
IE	104	73	86	159	-55	-34
IT	1'181	576	918	1'494	-313	-21
LT	31	12	38	50	-20	-39
LU	22	6	73	79	-57	-72
LV	0	0	21	21	-21	-100
NL	466	293	622	915	-449	-49
NO	126	95	46	140	-15	-10
PL	377	254	454	709	-332	-47
PT	247	159	272	431	-184	-43
RO	34	29	95	124	-90	-73
SE	162	72	140	212	-50	-24
SI	126	73	90	162	-36	-22
SK	68	42	108	150	-82	-55
UK	1'515	1'233	402	1'635	-120	-7
Total	20'689	11'225	9'464	20'689	-	-

(1) The revenues from road user charges in the Netherlands shown in Table 19 amounts to a total of 466 million EUR in 2009, of which the Dutch economy has to pay 293 million EUR for national transports and a further 622 million EUR for international transports.



(2) From an economic point of view, the net distributional effects arise from the balance between the national revenues from road user charges (466 million EUR) and the impact of the Dutch economy from road user charges (915 million EUR). In the case of the Netherlands, there is a deficit within the Handbook Minimum case which decreases the national income by -449 million EUR.

(3) Depending on the geographic location of the respective countries, there can be positive effects on the national income as well. Thus, for example, Switzerland achieved revenues through road pricing amounting to 1'236 million EUR. According to the Handbook Minimum case, the Swiss economy has to spend an overall amount of 1'087 million EUR for their goods transports at home and abroad. From an economic point of view, there is a positive distributional effect (surplus) and the benefit to the national income is equivalent to the amount of this surplus (plus 149 million EUR).

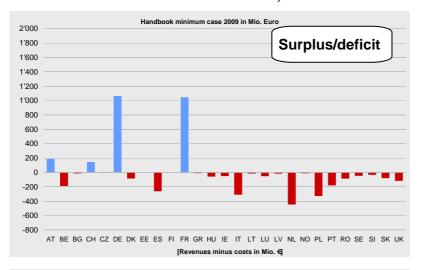
Table 20:Handbook minimum case 2020: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy

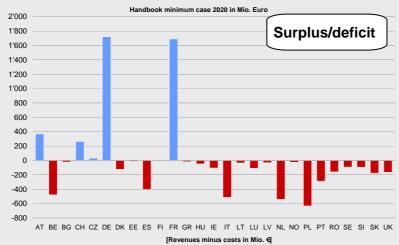
	Total road user charge		ad user charge nomy by count	Road user ch or deficit fo			
Country	revenues by country	national transport transport		Total	with regard to the national economy		
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %	
AT	1'604	658	578	1'236	369	30	
BE	521	174	825	999	-478	-48	
BG	44	41	25	66	-22	-33	
СН	1'565	961	340	1'301	264	20	
CZ	745	365	350	715	30	4	
DE	8'479	4'022	2'736	6'759	1'720	25	
DK	356	79	400	479	-123	-26	
EE	14	13	14	27	-13	-47	
ES	2'872	1'638	1'639	3'277	-405	-12	
FI	167	150	20	171	-4	-2	
FR	5'232	2'041	1'501	3'542	1'690	48	
GR	201	165	53	218	-17	-8	
HU	156	59	145	204	-48	-23	
IE	163	116	152	269	-106	-39	
IT	1'530	594	1'450	2'044	-514	-25	
LT	45	15	65	81	-35	-44	
LU	30	7	132	139	-109	-78	
LV	0	0	31	31	-31	-100	
NL	527	312	754	1'067	-539	-51	
NO	164	121	69	190	-25	-13	
PL	545	336	841	1'177	-633	-54	
PT	303	159	432	591	-288	-49	
RO	51	44	166	209	-158	-76	
SE	239	78	253	331	-92	-28	
SI	216	100	209	309	-93	-30	
SK	89	48	218	265	-176	-66	
UK	1'724	1'270	618	1'888	-165	-9	
Total	27'581	13'564	14'017	27'581	-	-	

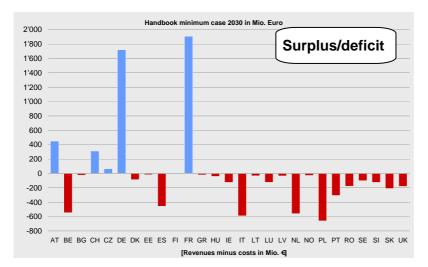
Table 21:Handbook minimum case 2030: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy

	Total road user charge		ad user charge nomy by count	Road user ch or deficit fo		
Country	revenues by country	national foreign transport transport		Total	with regard to the national economy	
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	1'868	662	755	1'417	450	32
BE	547	177	916	1'093	-546	-50
BG	46	42	27	70	-24	-34
CH	1'721	1'041	367	1'409	312	22
CZ	787	359	364	723	64	9
DE	9'524	4'455	3'348	7'803	1'721	22
DK	453	83	456	539	-86	-16
EE	13	12	18	30	-17	-56
ES	3'087	1'768	1'775	3'543	-457	-13
FI	170	155	21	176	-6	-3
FR	5'663	2'303	1'454	3'756	1'907	51
GR	217	177	61	238	-20	-9
HU	171	61	151	212	-41	-20
IE	186	131	180	312	-125	-40
IT	1'633	601	1'623	2'224	-591	-27
LT	51	17	68	85	-34	-40
LU	33	7	150	157	-124	-79
LV	0	0	35	35	-35	-100
NL	552	316	795	1'111	-559	-50
NO	178	128	79	207	-29	-14
PL	565	340	886	1'226	-661	-54
PT	313	157	462	619	-306	-49
RO	53	45	186	231	-178	-77
SE	273	79	295	374	-101	-27
SI	248	110	264	373	-125	-34
SK	95	47	257	304	-209	-69
UK	1'799	1'280	699	1'979	-180	-9
Total	30'247	14'553	15'693	30'247	-	-

Figure 18: Handbook minimum case: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy (2009, 2020 and 2030 in Mil. EUR)







5.5.2 Road user charge surplus/deficit for the road hauliers

Table 22:	Handbook minimum case 2009: Road user charge sur-
	plus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers

	Road user charge revenues by country from				ser charges ional haulier	Road user charge surplus or deficit for		
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries with the road	th regard to
		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	683	391	1'073	683	234	916	157	17
BE	191	196	388	191	184	375	12	3
BG	30	0	30	30	33	63	-33	-52
CH	916	320	1'236	916	52	969	268	28
CZ	428	163	591	428	412	840	-248	-30
DE	4'034	2'174	6'207	4'034	648	4'681	1'526	33
DK	126	70	197	126	152	278	-82	-29
EE	13	0	14	13	13	26	-13	-48
ES	1'567	441	2'008	1'567	803	2'370	-362	-15
FI	136	6	142	136	16	152	-10	-7
FR	2'032	2'050	4'083	2'032	260	2'293	1'790	78
GR	135	14	149	135	45	180	-31	-17
HU	74	41	115	74	250	324	-209	-65
IE	80	24	104	80	60	140	-36	-26
IT	780	401	1'181	780	505	1'284	-104	-8
LT	19	11	31	19	103	122	-91	-75
LU	9	13	22	9	153	163	-140	-86
LV	0	0	0	0	34	34	-34	-100
NL	400	66	466	400	706	1'106	-640	-58
NO	108	18	126	108	23	131	-5	-4
PL	347	30	377	347	987	1'334	-957	-72
PT	222	25	247	222	406	628	-381	-61
RO	33	1	34	33	170	203	-169	-83
SE	87	74	162	87	53	140	22	15
SI	88	38	126	88	161	249	-123	-49
SK	54	14	68	54	250	303	-236	-78
UK	1'324	190	1'515	1'324	60	1'385	130	9
Total	13'918	6'772	20'689	13'918	6'772	20'689	-	-

(1) The revenues from road user charges in the Netherlands shown in Table 22 amount to a total of 466 million EUR in 2009, of which the Dutch hauliers have to pay 400 million EUR for inland transports. A further 706 million EUR have to be paid by Italian hauliers for transports abroad.

(2) The road user charge revenues of Italy to which the Italian hauliers do not contribute account for 66 million EUR.

(3) From an economic point of view, the net distributional effects arise from the balance between the national revenues from road user charges (466 million EUR) and the impact of the Dutch hauliers from road user charges for inland transport and transport abroad (1'106 million EUR). In the case of the

Netherlands, there is a deficit within the Handbook Minimum case which decreases the national income by -640 million EUR.

(4) Depending on the geographic location of the respective countries, there can be positive effects on the national income as well. Thus, for example, Sweden achieved revenues through road pricing amounting to 162 million EUR. According to the Handbook Minimum case, the Swedish hauliers have to spend an overall amount of 140 million EUR for goods transport in inland transport and transport abroad. From an economic point of view, there is a positive distributional effect (surplus) and the benefit to the national income is equivalent to the amount of this surplus (plus 12 million EUR).

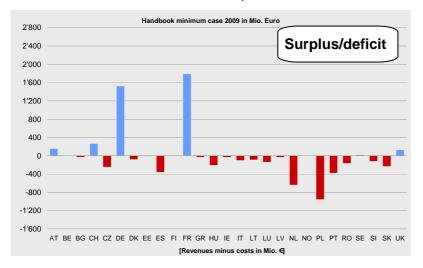
Table 23:Handbook minimum case 2020: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers

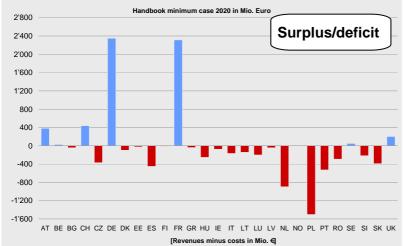
	Road user charge revenues by country from				ser charges ional haulier	Road user charge surplus or deficit for		
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries w	ith regard to hauliers
		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	871	733	1'604	871	353	1'224	380	31
BE	246	275	521	246	248	494	27	5
BG	44	0	44	44	45	90	-45	-50
СН	1'054	510	1'565	1'054	71	1'126	439	39
CZ	518	227	745	518	598	1'116	-371	-33
DE	5'213	3'265	8'479	5'213	915	6'129	2'350	38
DK	200	156	356	200	255	455	-99	-22
EE	13	1	14	13	25	38	-24	-63
ES	2'211	661	2'872	2'211	1'113	3'324	-452	-14
FI	158	8	167	158	21	179	-13	-7
FR	2'512	2'720	5'232	2'512	406	2'918	2'314	79
GR	181	20	201	181	59	240	-39	-16
HU	88	68	156	88	322	411	-254	-62
IE	126	36	163	126	111	237	-75	-31
IT	902	628	1'530	902	796	1'698	-168	-10
LT	27	19	45	27	162	189	-143	-76
LU	12	18	30	12	219	232	-201	-87
LV	0	0	0	0	45	45	-45	-100
NL	441	86	527	441	982	1'423	-896	-63
NO	138	26	164	138	30	168	-4	-2
PL	496	48	545	496	1'552	2'049	-1'504	-73
PT	260	43	303	260	572	832	-529	-64
RO	49	2	51	49	294	343	-292	-85
SE	103	135	239	103	85	188	50	27
SI	144	73	216	144	291	434	-218	-50
SK	67	22	89	67	412	480	-391	-81
UK	1'426	298	1'724	1'426	95	1'520	203	13
Total	17'502	10'079	27'581	17'502	10'079	27'581	-	-

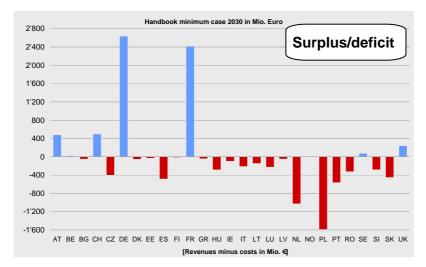
				,				
	Road user charge revenues by country from				ser charges ional haulier	Road user charge surplus or deficit for		
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries wi the road	th regard to
		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	945	922	1'868	945	442	1'387	481	35
BE	254	293	547	254	272	526	21	4
BG	45	0	46	45	50	96	-50	-52
СН	1'145	576	1'721	1'145	78	1'222	499	41
CZ	527	260	787	527	665	1'192	-406	-34
DE	5'837	3'687	9'524	5'837	1'050	6'887	2'636	38
DK	221	232	453	221	288	509	-56	-11
EE	13	1	13	13	32	45	-31	-70
ES	2'376	710	3'087	2'376	1'197	3'574	-487	-14
FI	162	8	170	162	23	185	-15	-8
FR	2'793	2'870	5'663	2'793	454	3'247	2'416	74
GR	195	22	217	195	67	262	-45	-17
HU	93	78	171	93	365	458	-287	-63
IE	143	43	186	143	142	285	-98	-35
IT	942	690	1'633	942	905	1'847	-214	-12
LT	30	21	51	30	169	198	-148	-74
LU	13	20	33	13	246	259	-226	-87
LV	0	0	0	0	50	50	-50	-100
NL	455	97	552	455	1'127	1'582	-1'030	-65
NO	148	30	178	148	34	182	-4	-2
PL	511	54	565	511	1'645	2'156	-1'591	-74
PT	266	47	313	266	613	879	-566	-64
RO	51	2	53	51	330	381	-328	-86
SE	108	165	273	108	90	198	74	38
SI	166	82	248	166	366	532	-284	-53
SK	71	25	95	71	479	549	-454	-83
UK	1'451	349	1'799	1'451	107	1'558	242	16
Total	18'962	11'284	30'247	18'962	11'284	30'247	-	-

Table 24:Handbook minimum case 2030: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers

Figure 19: Handbook minimum case: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers (2009, 2020 and 2030 in Mil. EUR)







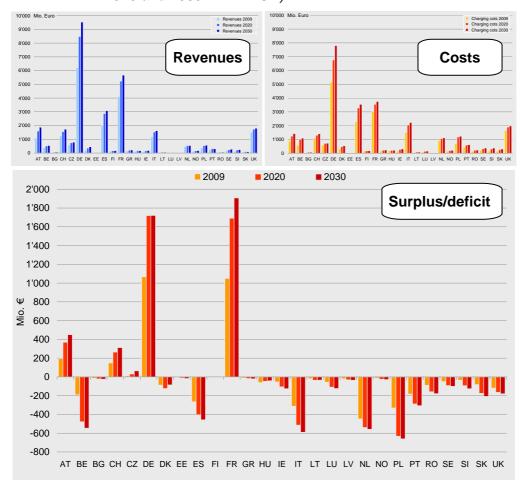
5.5.3 Main findings

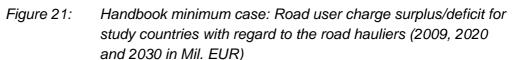
(1) In the **Handbook minimum case**, the total road user charges in the 27 study countries would be about 50 % higher than in the Base Case (cf. Figure 21) and are expected to grow on average by 1.8 % p.a. **Charges paid by national road hauliers** registered in the three top countries (Germany, Spain, France) account for 45 % of the total throughout the period 2009-2030. Another 25 % in total are contributed by hauliers in the UK, Poland, Italy and Netherlands, but Polish hauliers are expected to increase their contribution by 2030. Other countries whose hauliers' payments grow faster than average are Slovenia, Ireland, Romania, Denmark, Slovakia and Estonia.

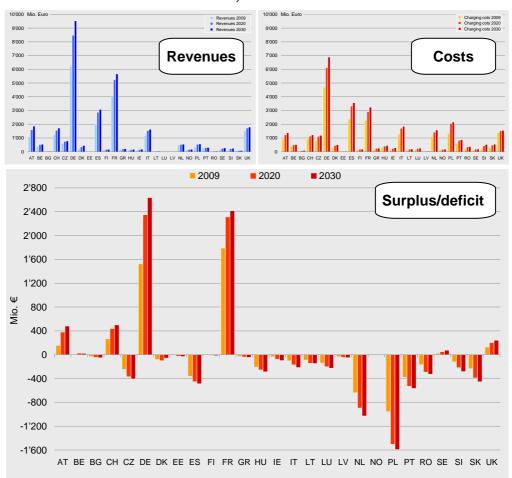
(2) The revenues from charges (from national and international road hauliers) are gathered by governments in rather different proportions. Germany clearly heads the list with 30 % of the total in 2009, rising to nearly 32 % in 2030. The next 6 countries (Spain, France, Austria, Switzerland, Italy and the UK) account for another 54 % of the total. Of these France, Italy and the UK lose some percentage points by 2030, whilst Austria, Bulgaria, Germany, Spain, Ireland, Romania, Lithuania, Poland, Sweden and especially Denmark, as well as Slovenia, are expected to collect more revenues or gather them faster than the average by 2030. On the other hand, Finland, Estonia, Netherlands, Portugal and Slovakia will lose percentage points. Latvia is recorded as not having any earnings because there is no motorway network on which any charges could be raised.

(3) Turning to **costs for the economy in national and foreign trade transport**, total costs for the economy would be 9.5 bn EUR in 2009, rising to 15.7 bn EUR in 2030. The percentages of individual countries are different from those of the revenues by country in the preceding paragraph. Here Germany accounts for only 21 % and the next four countries (France, Spain, Italy and Netherlands) for another 43 %, leaving 36 % to be shared by the other 23 countries. The French position is rather remarkable in that there is hardly any increase up to 2030 (0.3 % p.a.). The UK again slips down the table, its rate of increase to 2030 being half the average of the 27.

Figure 20: Handbook minimum case: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy (2009, 2020 and 2030 in Mil. EUR)







(4) As far as the **surpluses or deficits** are concerned, in 2009 only seven countries are expected to gather more through charges than their fleets pay out: France, Germany, Switzerland, Austria, Sweden, the UK and Belgium. Once again in this case, Romania and Luxembourg are in the worst position covering only 17 % and 14 % of what their road hauliers pay. In the second view - balancing the revenues of a country with their costs for the economy - only five countries record a positive surplus in 2009 between their earnings and the costs accruing to their shippers/receivers of goods: France, Austria, Germany, Switzerland and the Czech Republic. These five would be able to improve their surplus slightly by 2030.

5.6 Handbook maximum case: 2009, 2020, 2030

5.6.1 Road user charge surplus/deficit for the national economy

Table 25:Handbook maximum case 2009: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy

	,					
	Total road user charge		ad user charge nomy by count	Road user charge surplus or deficit for countries		
Country	revenues by country	national transport	foreign trade transport	Total	with regard to the nation economy	
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	10'278	6'770	3'661	10'431	-154	-1
BE	11'766	4'372	7'519	11'890	-124	-1
BG	1'072	997	313	1'311	-239	-18
СН	2'702	645	2'353	2'998	-296	-10
CZ	8'663	4'773	3'587	8'360	302	4
DE	81'030	41'654	27'098	68'751	12'278	18
DK	4'164	2'383	3'056	5'439	-1'275	-23
EE	237	227	139	366	-129	-35
ES	31'838	18'320	15'893	34'214	-2'376	-7
FI	2'484	2'308	294	2'602	-117	-5
FR	51'128	20'942	18'412	39'354	11'774	30
GR	3'078	2'564	651	3'215	-137	-4
HU	3'955	1'748	2'172	3'920	35	1
IE	1'767	1'286	1'391	2'677	-911	-34
IT	21'227	11'300	11'462	22'762	-1'535	-7
LT	1'079	435	749	1'185	-106	-9
LU	471	127	1'061	1'188	-717	-60
LV	0	0	418	418	-418	-100
NL	11'994	7'583	10'000	17'583	-5'589	-32
NO	2'071	1'664	720	2'385	-313	-13
PL	13'689	9'249	7'498	16'748	-3'059	-18
PT	3'649	2'361	4'057	6'418	-2'769	-43
RO	1'184	1'027	1'593	2'620	-1'436	-55
SE	4'587	2'474	2'233	4'708	-121	-3
SI	1'818	1'051	1'161	2'212	-395	-18
SK	2'054	1'278	1'763	3'040	-986	-32
UK	26'353	21'569	5'973	27'542	-1'189	-4
Total	304'338	169'110	135'227	304'338	-	-

(1) The revenues from road user charges in Denmark shown in Table 25 amount to a total of 4'164 million EUR in 2009, of which the Danish economy has to pay 2'383 million EUR for national transports and a further 3'056 million EUR for international transports.



(2) From an economic point of view, the net distributional effects arise from the balance between the national revenues from road user charges (4'164 million EUR) and the impact of the Danish economy from road user charges (5'439 million EUR). In the case of Denmark, there is a deficit within the Handbook Maximum case which decreases the national income by -1'275 million EUR.

(3) Depending on the geographic location of the respective countries, there can be positive effects on the national income as well. Thus, for example, Hungary achieved revenues through road pricing amounting to 3'955 million EUR. According to the Handbook Maximum case, the Hungarian economy has to spend an overall amount of 3'920 million EUR for their goods transports at home and abroad. From an economic point of view, there is a positive distributional effect (surplus) and the benefit to the national income is equivalent to the amount of this surplus (plus 35 million EUR).

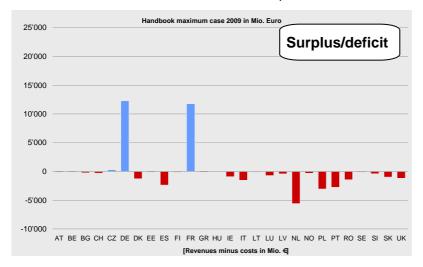
Table 26:Handbook maximum case 2020: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy

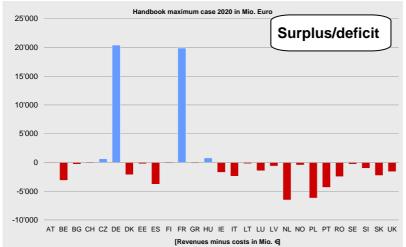
	Total road user charge		Total road user charge costs of economy by country in or deficit for countries			
Country	revenues by country	national transport	foreign trade transport	Total	with regard to econ	o the national
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	14'416	7'820	6'697	14'517	-101	-1
BE	15'704	5'351	13'473	18'824	-3'120	-17
BG	1'563	1'454	426	1'880	-317	-17
СН	3'939	729	3'347	4'076	-137	-3
CZ	10'915	5'343	4'932	10'275	640	6
DE	110'687	52'509	37'778	90'287	20'400	23
DK	6'115	2'803	5'441	8'244	-2'129	-26
EE	246	223	263	486	-240	-49
ES	45'573	26'081	23'291	49'373	-3'800	-8
FI	2'923	2'641	430	3'071	-148	-5
FR	65'463	25'640	19'927	45'567	19'896	44
GR	4'160	3'447	863	4'310	-150	-3
HU	5'374	2'032	2'553	4'585	789	17
IE	2'759	2'056	2'437	4'493	-1'734	-39
IT	27'285	11'644	18'039	29'682	-2'397	-8
LT	1'595	547	1'255	1'802	-207	-11
LU	641	144	1'942	2'087	-1'445	-69
LV	0	0	623	623	-623	-100
NL	13'558	8'080	12'005	20'085	-6'527	-32
NO	2'682	2'119	1'012	3'131	-449	-14
PL	19'792	12'222	13'759	25'981	-6'189	-24
PT	4'458	2'354	6'457	8'812	-4'354	-49
RO	1'790	1'527	2'726	4'253	-2'463	-58
SE	6'068	2'684	3'680	6'364	-295	-5
SI	3'025	1'442	2'605	4'047	-1'022	-25
SK	2'693	1'440	3'516	4'956	-2'263	-46
UK	29'850	22'226	9'238	31'464	-1'614	-5
Total	403'272	204'559	198'714	403'272	-	-

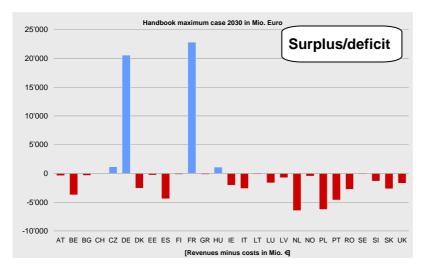
Table 27:Handbook maximum case 2030: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy

	Total road user charge		ad user charge nomy by count	Road user charge surplus or deficit for countries		
Country	revenues by country	national transport	foreign trade transport	Total	with regard to the national economy	
	Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	16'128	7'867	8'647	16'514	-386	-2
BE	16'458	5'458	14'738	20'196	-3'738	-19
BG	1'611	1'493	473	1'966	-355	-18
СН	4'400	791	3'601	4'392	8	0
CZ	11'527	5'259	5'104	10'363	1'164	11
DE	124'330	58'157	45'596	103'753	20'577	20
DK	6'205	2'933	5'840	8'773	-2'568	-29
EE	234	209	305	514	-280	-54
ES	48'945	28'159	25'192	53'351	-4'406	-8
FI	2'984	2'713	445	3'159	-174	-6
FR	70'852	28'934	19'076	48'011	22'841	48
GR	4'490	3'693	970	4'663	-173	-4
HU	5'874	2'094	2'672	4'766	1'108	23
IE	3'142	2'329	2'857	5'186	-2'044	-39
IT	28'992	11'788	19'823	31'611	-2'619	-8
LT	1'794	589	1'332	1'921	-127	-7
LU	696	146	2'188	2'334	-1'639	-70
LV	0	0	736	736	-736	-100
NL	14'187	8'176	12'468	20'644	-6'457	-31
NO	2'876	2'258	1'082	3'340	-464	-14
PL	20'546	12'342	14'470	26'812	-6'265	-23
PT	4'602	2'333	6'901	9'234	-4'631	-50
RO	1'868	1'581	3'069	4'650	-2'782	-60
SE	6'481	2'723	3'878	6'601	-120	-2
SI	3'426	1'585	3'183	4'767	-1'342	-28
SK	2'879	1'430	4'122	5'552	-2'673	-48
UK	31'063	22'400	10'379	32'780	-1'717	-5
Total	436'591	217'442	219'148	436'591	-	-

Figure 22: Handbook maximum case: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy (2009, 2020 and 2030 in Mil. EUR)







5.6.2 Road user charge surplus/deficit for the road hauliers

Table 28:Handbook maximum case 2009: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers

		er charge rev country from			ser charges ional haulier		Road user charge surplus or deficit for	
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries wi the road	th regard to
		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	7'590	2'687	10'278	7'590	3'189	10'779	-501	-5
BE	5'834	5'932	11'766	5'834	2'519	8'354	3'412	41
BG	1'064	7	1'072	1'064	532	1'597	-525	-33
СН	1'003	1'699	2'702	1'003	713	1'716	986	57
CZ	6'271	2'392	8'663	6'271	5'549	11'820	-3'157	-27
DE	52'656	28'374	81'030	52'656	9'371	62'027	19'003	31
DK	3'025	1'139	4'164	3'025	2'181	5'206	-1'042	-20
EE	232	5	237	232	246	478	-240	-50
ES	24'850	6'988	31'838	24'850	10'550	35'401	-3'563	-10
FI	2'384	100	2'484	2'384	357	2'741	-256	-9
FR	25'492	25'636	51'128	25'492	3'690	29'182	21'946	75
GR	2'799	279	3'078	2'799	651	3'450	-372	-11
HU	2'555	1'400	3'955	2'555	3'473	6'028	-2'073	-34
IE	1'401	366	1'767	1'401	944	2'345	-578	-25
IT	14'268	6'959	21'227	14'268	5'070	19'337	1'889	10
LT	678	401	1'079	678	1'614	2'292	-1'213	-53
LU	195	276	471	195	2'178	2'373	-1'902	-80
LV	0	0	0	0	642	642	-642	-100
NL	10'317	1'677	11'994	10'317	10'661	20'978	-8'983	-43
NO	1'838	233	2'071	1'838	386	2'225	-153	-7
PL	12'614	1'075	13'689	12'614	13'719	26'333	-12'644	-48
PT	3'283	366	3'649	3'283	5'975	9'258	-5'609	-61
RO	1'142	41	1'184	1'142	2'720	3'863	-2'679	-69
SE	2'822	1'765	4'587	2'822	628	3'450	1'137	33
SI	1'272	546	1'818	1'272	2'013	3'285	-1'468	-45
SK	1'619	436	2'054	1'619	3'622	5'241	-3'186	-61
UK	23'111	3'242	26'353	23'111	830	23'940	2'412	10
Total	210'313	94'025	304'338	210'313	94'025	304'338	-	-

(1) The revenues from road user charges in Denmark shown in Table 28 amount to a total of 4'164 million EUR in 2009, of which the Danish hauliers have to pay 3'025 million EUR for inland transports. A further 2'181 million EUR have to be paid by Danish hauliers for transports abroad.

(2) The road user charge revenues of Denmark to which the Danish hauliers do not contribute account for 1'139 million EUR.

(3) From an economic point of view, the net distributional effects arise from the balance between the national revenues from road user charges (4'164 million EUR) and the impact of the Danish hauliers from road user charges for inland transport and transport abroad (5'206 million EUR). In the

case of Denmark, there is a deficit within the Handbook Maximum case which decreases the national income by -1'042 million EUR.

(4) Depending on the geographic location of the respective countries, there can be positive effects on the national income as well. Thus, for example Belgium achieved revenues through road pricing amounting to 11'766 million EUR. According to the Handbook Maximum case, the Belgian hauliers have to spend an overall amount of 8'354 million EUR for goods transport in inland transport and transport abroad. From an economic point of view, there is a positive distributional effect (surplus) and the benefit to the national income is equivalent to the amount of this surplus (plus 3'412 million EUR).

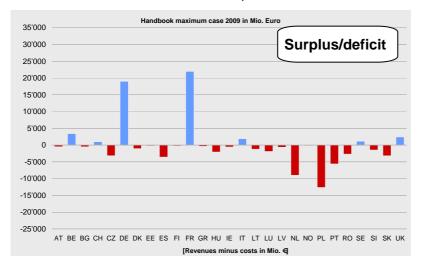
Table 29:Handbook maximum case 2020: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers

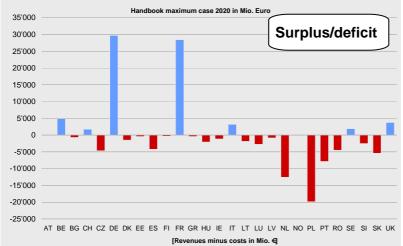
		er charge rev country from			ser charges ional haulier:		Road use surplus or	0
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries wi the road	ith regard to
		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	9'381	5'035	14'416	9'381	4'863	14'243	173	1
BE	7'423	8'281	15'704	7'423	3'374	10'796	4'907	45
BG	1'555	8	1'563	1'555	725	2'281	-717	-31
СН	1'228	2'711	3'939	1'228	974	2'202	1'737	79
CZ	7'588	3'327	10'915	7'588	7'993	15'581	-4'666	-30
DE	68'060	42'628	110'687	68'060	12'930	80'990	29'697	37
DK	3'976	2'139	6'115	3'976	3'621	7'598	-1'483	-20
EE	235	11	246	235	432	667	-421	-63
ES	35'098	10'475	45'573	35'098	14'683	49'781	-4'208	-8
FI	2'775	147	2'923	2'775	498	3'273	-351	-11
FR	31'493	33'969	65'463	31'493	5'513	37'006	28'457	77
GR	3'756	404	4'160	3'756	826	4'582	-423	-9
HU	3'035	2'339	5'374	3'035	4'395	7'429	-2'055	-28
IE	2'202	557	2'759	2'202	1'701	3'903	-1'144	-29
IT	16'224	11'061	27'285	16'224	7'871	24'095	3'190	13
LT	940	654	1'595	940	2'526	3'466	-1'872	-54
LU	263	378	641	263	3'139	3'402	-2'761	-81
LV	0	0	0	0	850	850	-850	-100
NL	11'367	2'191	13'558	11'367	14'743	26'109	-12'551	-48
NO	2'347	335	2'682	2'347	482	2'829	-147	-5
PL	18'039	1'753	19'792	18'039	21'617	39'656	-19'864	-50
PT	3'831	627	4'458	3'831	8'484	12'315	-7'857	-64
RO	1'718	71	1'790	1'718	4'577	6'296	-4'506	-72
SE	3'212	2'856	6'068	3'212	960	4'172	1'896	45
SI	1'998	1'028	3'025	1'998	3'551	5'548	-2'523	-45
SK	2'040	653	2'693	2'040	6'055	8'095	-5'402	-67
UK	24'843	5'007	29'850	24'843	1'261	26'104	3'746	14
Total	264'627	138'645	403'272	264'627	138'645	403'272	-	-

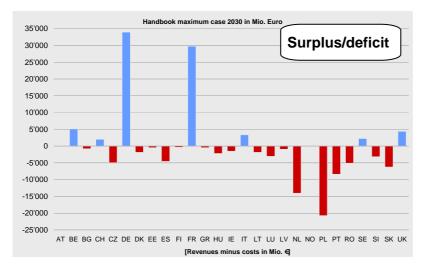
	· · ·							
		er charge rev country from			ser charges ional haulier:		Road use surplus or	
Country	national hauliers	inter- national hauliers	Total	inland transport	transport abroad	Total	countries wi the road	th regard to
		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		Mio. EUR	in %
AT	9'937	6'191	16'128	9'937	6'051	15'988	140	1
BE	7'645	8'813	16'458	7'645	3'699	11'344	5'114	45
BG	1'603	8	1'611	1'603	811	2'414	-803	-33
СН	1'339	3'062	4'400	1'339	1'057	2'396	2'004	84
CZ	7'722	3'805	11'527	7'722	8'791	16'512	-4'985	-30
DE	76'203	48'127	124'330	76'203	14'163	90'366	33'964	38
DK	4'082	2'123	6'205	4'082	4'016	8'098	-1'893	-23
EE	223	11	234	223	489	712	-478	-67
ES	37'706	11'240	48'945	37'706	15'802	53'508	-4'563	-9
FI	2'842	142	2'984	2'842	526	3'368	-383	-11
FR	35'019	35'833	70'852	35'019	6'048	41'067	29'785	73
GR	4'039	451	4'490	4'039	921	4'959	-470	-9
HU	3'191	2'683	5'874	3'191	4'885	8'076	-2'202	-27
IE	2'492	649	3'142	2'492	2'171	4'663	-1'521	-33
IT	16'868	12'124	28'992	16'868	8'779	25'647	3'345	13
LT	1'055	739	1'794	1'055	2'608	3'663	-1'869	-51
LU	279	416	696	279	3'488	3'768	-3'072	-82
LV	0	0	0	0	956	956	-956	-100
NL	11'727	2'460	14'187	11'727	16'505	28'233	-14'045	-50
NO	2'503	373	2'876	2'503	499	3'002	-126	-4
PL	18'586	1'960	20'546	18'586	22'702	41'288	-20'742	-50
PT	3'922	680	4'602	3'922	9'080	13'002	-8'399	-65
RO	1'793	75	1'868	1'793	5'165	6'958	-5'090	-73
SE	3'300	3'181	6'481	3'300	926	4'227	2'254	53
SI	2'270	1'156	3'426	2'270	4'317	6'588	-3'162	-48
SK	2'137	742	2'879	2'137	6'989	9'126	-6'247	-68
UK	25'254	5'809	31'063	25'254	1'409	26'664	4'399	16
Total	283'738	152'853	436'591	283'738	152'853	436'591	-	-

Table 30:Handbook maximum case 2030: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers

Figure 23: Handbook maximum case: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the road hauliers (2009, 2020 and 2030 in Mil. EUR)







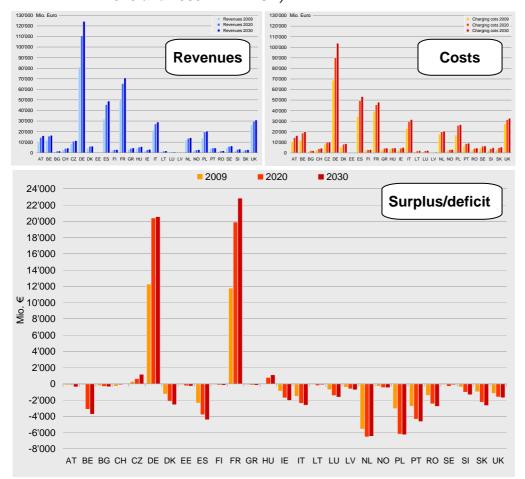
5.6.3 Main findings

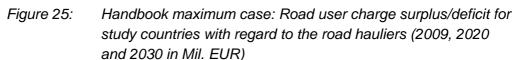
(1) The Handbook **maximum** case distinguishes itself from all the other cases by the enormously high level of the charges to be analysed. Starting at a total of over 300 bn EUR in 2009 covering all 27 study countries, it rises to 437 bn EUR in 2030. Such amounts are about 30 times larger than the base case and 15 times larger than the Handbook minimum case. The huge differences are due to the full internalisation of **Congestion costs.** It should be kept in mind that Chapter 1.2 noted one opinion, that congestion costs are really internal costs, being borne by all traffic participants; and another view was that only a small share of such costs could be considered as external costs in the area of accidents due to congestion. Moreover, the Handbook minimum case stipulates that accident costs may sometimes be considered as "negative" from the view of externalities and would, in such a case, actually reduce the rate of external costs to be charged.

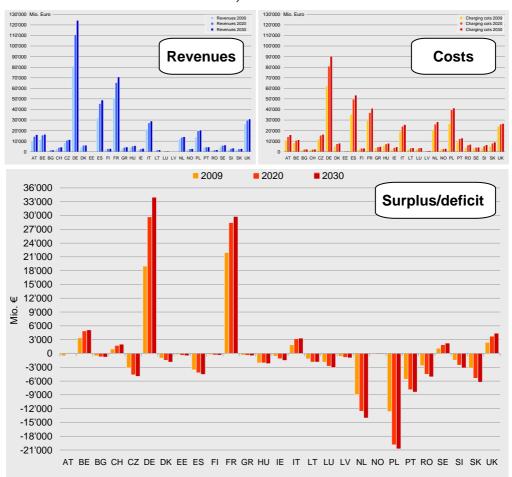
(2) Bearing in mind the extraordinary dimension just noted, it is still necessary to analyse this case as was done for the other four. **Road user charges paid by German road hauliers** account for about 21 % of the total throughout the period. The next three countries (Spain, France and Poland) account for another 30 %, whilst the UK, Netherlands and Italy make up a further 21 % in 2009, but only 18 % in 2030. Five lower ranked countries (Czech Republic, Austria, Portugal, Belgium and Hungary) take up 15 %, leaving 13 % for the remaining 15 countries.

(3) To compare them with the charges, we analysed the **revenues by country from national and international road hauliers**. In the present case, Germany is again clearly ahead with nearly 27 % of the total, rising to over 28 % in 2030. France takes its uncontested 2nd place, with 17 %, declining slightly to 16 % in 2030. Spain is in 3rd position at 10 %, up to 11 % in 2030 and ahead of the UK which has 9 % to start with, but goes down to 7 % in 2030. In the mid-sized group of Italy, Poland, Belgium, Netherlands and Austria, Poland and Austria improve their position, whilst the Dutch go down in percentage share. Small-sized countries, such as Luxembourg and Estonia, with their short travel opportunities, earn little from road user charges.

Figure 24: Handbook maximum case: Road user charge surplus/deficit for study countries with regard to the national economy (2009, 2020 and 2030 in Mil. EUR)







(4) From the perspective of the **costs for the economy**, we note that shippers/receivers account for about 44 % of total traffic charges in 2009, rising to 50 % in 2030, very much in line with the Handbook minimum case. Germany takes up about 20 %, France (2nd) and Spain (3rd) change places in the first forecast period and other changes are also along the lines of the Minimum Case, as regards improvements or deterioration.

(5) This resemblance in positions and movement to the Minimum Case is also reflected in the analysis of **surpluses/deficits**, though of course the amounts in EUR are much higher.

5.7 Comparison of scenario results

5.7.1 Total charge costs for the economy by country

Table 31:Comparison of scenarios: Total charge costs for the economy
by country in national and foreign trade transport 2009 in Mil.
EUR

	2011						
	Total charge costs for the economy by country in national and foreign trade transport [in Mio. EUR]						
Country	Base case 2007	Base case plus	European commission case	Handbook minimum case	Handbook maximum case		
AT	739	789	1'128	880	10'431		
BE	254	484	677	579	11'890		
BG	91	68	49	46	1'311		
СН	724	826	1'135	1'087	2'998		
CZ	190	361	644	580	8'360		
DE	3'095	3'421	5'668	5'140	68'751		
DK	152	269	327	284	5'439		
EE	3	16	23	20	366		
ES	1'127	1'420	2'547	2'274	34'214		
FI	3	137	165	145	2'602		
FR	1'755	2'066	3'349	3'033	39'354		
GR	73	80	188	162	3'215		
HU	174	172	207	176	3'920		
IE	7	123	180	159	2'677		
IT	831	920	1'673	1'494	22'762		
LT	37	44	60	50	1'185		
LU	33	53	89	79	1'188		
LV	9	10	24	21	418		
NL	306	777	1'052	915	17'583		
NO	16	121	159	140	2'385		
PL	290	804	839	709	16'748		
PT	172	271	482	431	6'418		
RO	260	114	144	124	2'620		
SE	70	227	248	212	4'708		
SI	93	107	180	162	2'212		
SK	63	137	173	150	3'040		
UK	86	1'474	1'844	1'635	27'542		
Total	10'655	15'294	23'255	20'689	304'338		

Table 32:Comparison of scenarios: Total charge costs for the economy
by country in national and foreign trade transport 2020 in Mil.
EUR

	Total charge costs for the economy by country in national and foreign trade transport [in Mio. EUR]						
Country	Base case 2007	Base case plus	European commission case	Handbook minimum case	Handbook maximum case		
AT	-	1'065	1'542	1'236	14'517		
BE	-	773	1'152	999	18'824		
BG	-	99	69	66	1'880		
СН	-	989	1'095	1'301	4'076		
CZ	-	445	793	715	10'275		
DE	-	4'491	7'452	6'759	90'287		
DK	-	406	543	479	8'244		
EE	-	20	30	27	486		
ES	-	2'042	3'671	3'277	49'373		
FI	-	159	194	171	3'071		
FR	-	2'414	3'908	3'542	45'567		
GR	-	108	253	218	4'310		
HU	-	198	240	204	4'585		
IE	-	206	304	269	4'493		
IT	-	1'279	2'277	2'044	29'682		
LT	-	65	95	81	1'802		
LU	-	91	156	139	2'087		
LV	-	14	35	31	623		
NL	-	883	1'223	1'067	20'085		
NO	-	161	214	190	3'131		
PL	-	1'204	1'380	1'177	25'981		
PT	-	371	661	591	8'812		
RO	-	185	242	209	4'253		
SE	-	306	379	331	6'364		
SI	-	205	340	309	4'047		
SK	-	212	304	265	4'956		
UK	-	1'642	2'127	1'888	31'464		
Total	-	20'031	30'679	27'581	403'272		

Table 33:	Comparison of scenarios: Total charge costs for the economy
	by country in national and foreign trade transport 2030 in Mil.
	EUR

	Total charge costs for the economy by country in national and foreign trade transport [in Mio. EUR]						
Country	Base case 2007	Base case plus	European commission case	Handbook minimum case	Handbook maximum case		
AT	-	1'190	1'740	1'417	16'514		
BE	-	835	1'257	1'093	20'196		
BG	-	102	73	70	1'966		
СН	-	1'071	1'185	1'409	4'392		
CZ	-	451	802	723	10'363		
DE	-	5'180	8'599	7'803	103'753		
DK	-	447	607	539	8'773		
EE	-	22	34	30	514		
ES	-	2'208	3'969	3'543	53'351		
FI	-	163	200	176	3'159		
FR	-	2'561	4'142	3'756	48'011		
GR	-	118	275	238	4'663		
HU	-	204	249	212	4'766		
IE	-	237	353	312	5'186		
IT	-	1'389	2'471	2'224	31'611		
LT	-	68	100	85	1'921		
LU	-	103	176	157	2'334		
LV	-	16	41	35	736		
NL	-	914	1'272	1'111	20'644		
NO	-	173	233	207	3'340		
PL	-	1'236	1'435	1'226	26'812		
PT	-	389	693	619	9'234		
RO	-	200	266	231	4'650		
SE	-	332	424	374	6'601		
SI	-	247	410	373	4'767		
SK	-	235	347	304	5'552		
UK	-	1'701	2'229	1'979	32'780		
Total	-	21'788	33'584	30'247	436'591		

5.7.2 Road user charges paid by national road hauliers

Table 34:Comparison of scenarios: Road user charges paid by national
road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad 2009 in
Mil. EUR

Country of	Road user ch		national road port abroad [in		Ind transport
vehicle registration	Base case 2007	Base case plus	European commission case	Handbook minimum case	Handbook maximum case
AT	766	817	1'168	916	10'779
BE	148	370	445	375	8'354
BG	95	78	68	63	1'597
СН	710	739	1'007	969	1'716
CZ	309	534	930	840	11'820
DE	2'811	3'132	5'157	4'681	62'027
DK	176	269	319	278	5'206
EE	4	20	30	26	478
ES	1'171	1'487	2'653	2'370	35'401
FI	5	140	173	152	2'741
FR	1'456	1'579	2'528	2'293	29'182
GR	82	92	207	180	3'450
HU	246	267	371	324	6'028
IE	12	114	159	140	2'345
IT	718	797	1'437	1'284	19'337
LT	69	88	140	122	2'292
LU	72	107	182	163	2'373
LV	12	17	39	34	642
NL	344	882	1'270	1'106	20'978
NO	16	116	148	131	2'225
PL	559	1'187	1'540	1'334	26'333
PT	239	398	703	628	9'258
RO	292	161	232	203	3'863
SE	43	188	167	140	3'450
SI	141	167	274	249	3'285
SK	136	235	344	303	5'241
UK	24	1'314	1'565	1'385	23'940
Total	10'655	15'294	23'255	20'689	304'338

Table 35:Comparison of scenarios: Road user charges paid by national
road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad 2020 in
Mil. EUR

Country of	Road user cl		national road port abroad [in		and transport
vehicle registration	Base case	Base case plus	European commission case	Handbook minimum case	Handbook maximum case
AT	-	1'059	1'528	1'224	14'243
BE	-	472	584	494	10'796
BG	-	112	96	90	2'281
СН	-	859	906	1'126	2'202
CZ	-	712	1'235	1'116	15'581
DE	-	4'099	6'750	6'129	80'990
DK	-	393	514	455	7'598
EE	-	26	43	38	667
ES	-	2'080	3'721	3'324	49'781
FI	-	162	205	179	3'273
FR	-	2'005	3'216	2'918	37'006
GR	-	123	277	240	4'582
HU	-	332	468	411	7'429
IE	-	189	268	237	3'903
IT	-	1'077	1'887	1'698	24'095
LT	-	130	216	189	3'466
LU	-	151	259	232	3'402
LV	-	23	52	45	850
NL	-	1'087	1'628	1'423	26'109
NO	-	148	190	168	2'829
PL	-	1'727	2'358	2'049	39'656
PT	-	525	931	832	12'315
RO	-	267	391	343	6'296
SE	-	225	220	188	4'172
SI	-	291	477	434	5'548
SK	-	347	543	480	8'095
UK	-	1'409	1'717	1'520	26'104
Total	-	20'031	30'679	27'581	403'272

Table 36:Comparison of scenarios: Road user charges paid by national
road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad 2030 in
Mil. EUR

Country of	Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad [in Mio. EUR]									
vehicle registration	Base case	Base case plus	European commission case	Handbook minimum case	Handbook maximum case					
AT	-	1'171	1'705	1'387	15'988					
BE	-	494	620	526	11'344					
BG	-	117	103	96	2'414					
СН	-	933	984	1'222	2'396					
CZ	-	763	1'319	1'192	16'512					
DE	-	4'608	7'580	6'887	90'366					
DK	-	426	572	509	8'098					
EE	-	31	50	45	712					
ES	-	2'235	4'001	3'574	53'508					
FI	-	167	211	185	3'368					
FR	-	2'228	3'578	3'247	41'067					
GR	-	134	302	262	4'959					
HU	-	364	520	458	8'076					
IE	-	223	321	285	4'663					
IT	-	1'169	2'048	1'847	25'647					
LT	-	137	227	198	3'663					
LU	-	169	290	259	3'768					
LV	-	24	57	50	956					
NL	-	1'189	1'803	1'582	28'233					
NO	-	158	205	182	3'002					
PL	-	1'794	2'478	2'156	41'288					
PT	-	555	983	879	13'002					
RO	-	291	434	381	6'958					
SE	-	231	231	198	4'227					
SI	-	355	583	532	6'588					
SK	-	389	620	549	9'126					
UK	-	1'434	1'759	1'558	26'664					
Total	-	21'788	33'584	30'247	436'591					

5.7.3 Road user charge revenues by country

Table 37:Comparison of scenarios: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers 2009 in Mil.EUR

Country of	Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers [in Mio. EUR]										
vehicle operation	Base case 2007	Base case plus	European commission case	Handbook minimum case	Handbook maximum case						
AT	985	990	1'320	1'073	10'278						
BE	119	292	487	388	11'766						
BG	81	58	31	30	1'072						
СН	891	987	1'281	1'236	2'702						
CZ	222	364	657	591	8'663						
DE	3'351	4'183	6'825	6'207	81'030						
DK	163	213	230	197	4'164						
EE	0	13	15	14	237						
ES	881	1'208	2'261	2'008	31'838						
FI	0	136	161	142	2'484						
FR	2'387	2'837	4'496	4'083	51'128						
GR	63	70	174	149	3'078						
HU	120	108	146	115	3'955						
IE	4	92	118	104	1'767						
IT	626	639	1'349	1'181	21'227						
LT	27	27	39	31	1'079						
LU	10	15	27	22	471						
LV	0	0	0	0	0						
NL	100	465	559	466	11'994						
NO	8	115	142	126	2'071						
PL	131	545	484	377	13'689						
PT	130	157	277	247	3'649						
RO	214	60	43	34	1'184						
SE	45	179	197	162	4'587						
SI	78	81	141	126	1'818						
SK	12	79	84	68	2'054						
UK	8	1'381	1'713	1'515	26'353						
Total	10'655	15'294	23'255	20'689	304'338						

Table 38:Comparison of scenarios: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers 2020 in Mil.EUR

Country of	Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers [in Mio. EUR]									
vehicle operation	Base case	Base case plus	European commission case	Handbook minimum case	Handbook maximum case					
AT	-	1'419	1'908	1'604	14'416					
BE	-	370	654	521	15'704					
BG	-	85	45	44	1'563					
СН	-	1'263	1'355	1'565	3'939					
CZ	-	459	828	745	10'915					
DE	-	5'714	9'323	8'479	110'687					
DK	-	325	404	356	6'115					
EE	-	13	16	14	246					
ES	-	1'726	3'234	2'872	45'573					
FI	-	158	189	167	2'923					
FR	-	3'634	5'761	5'232	65'463					
GR	-	95	235	201	4'160					
HU	-	127	198	156	5'374					
IE	-	145	185	163	2'759					
IT	-	819	1'746	1'530	27'285					
LT	-	34	58	45	1'595					
LU	-	19	36	30	641					
LV	-	0	0	0	0					
NL	-	506	633	527	13'558					
NO	-	148	185	164	2'682					
PL	-	722	700	545	19'792					
PT	-	192	339	303	4'458					
RO	-	90	64	51	1'790					
SE	-	221	285	239	6'068					
SI	-	140	240	216	3'025					
SK	-	92	110	89	2'693					
UK	-	1'514	1'948	1'724	29'850					
Total	-	20'031	30'679	27'581	403'272					

Table 39:Comparison of scenarios: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers 2030 in Mil.EUR

Country of	Road u	user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers [in Mio. EUR]							
vehicle operation	Base case	Base case plus	European commission case	Handbook minimum case	Handbook maximum case				
AT	-	1'603	2'185	1'868	16'128				
BE	-	380	686	547	16'458				
BG	-	87	47	46	1'611				
СН	-	1'391	1'495	1'721	4'400				
CZ	-	486	874	787	11'527				
DE	-	6'419	10'472	9'524	124'330				
DK	-	393	501	453	6'205				
EE	-	13	15	13	234				
ES	-	1'854	3'476	3'087	48'945				
FI	-	162	193	170	2'984				
FR	-	3'932	6'237	5'663	70'852				
GR	-	103	254	217	4'490				
HU	-	132	216	171	5'874				
IE	-	165	212	186	3'142				
IT	-	864	1'863	1'633	28'992				
LT	-	37	65	51	1'794				
LU	-	20	39	33	696				
LV	-	0	0	0	0				
NL	-	518	663	552	14'187				
NO	-	159	200	178	2'876				
PL	-	730	727	565	20'546				
PT	-	198	350	313	4'602				
RO	-	93	67	53	1'868				
SE	-	237	322	273	6'481				
SI	-	160	275	248	3'426				
SK	-	93	117	95	2'879				
UK	-	1'560	2'033	1'799	31'063				
Total	-	21'788	33'584	30'247	436'591				

5.7.4 Main findings

(1) The implementation of the measures planned by the European Commission will lead to significant increases in charging costs in comparison to today's situation. Today's situation means the **Base case** results 2007, with toll systems and charge rates valid at that time. For 2009 (**Base case plus**), the introduction of a distance-related road user charge in those countries (including the "eurovignette countries") in which they have not yet been implemented and charge rates for 2009 are already assumed and therefore the results are not comparable.

(2) The **European Commission** case is based on the traffic demand and the charge rates for infrastructure costs from the Base case plus. In addition to the charge rates of the Base case plus, the relevant external costs for congestion, air pollution and noise, as presented in the "Revised Eurovignette Directive", are assumed.

(3) This corresponds also to the **Handbook minimum and maximum case**. The Base case plus and the relevant charge rates provide the basis for the two Handbook cases. When the 7 external cost units are added, it can be seen that the charge rates between the Handbook minimum and maximum cases differ widely - between 0.02 and 3.7 EUR per vkm.

(4) The differences between the Base case plus scenario, on the one hand, and the European Commission case, as well as the two Handbook cases, on the other hand, reflect the integration of the external and congestion costs into the road user charging system. These differences are shown in Table 40.

(5) It can be seen that the implementation of the planned measures by the European Commission would lead to significant increases in charging costs compared to today's situation, i.e. the **Base case 2007**, in which the road hauliers already paid 10.5 billion EUR in road charges in the countries out of the 27 study countries which had already introduced road charges.

			,	,							
	Road user charge revenues [in Mil. EUR]										
Year	Base case	Base case plus	European commission case	Handbook minimum case	Handbook maximum case						
2007	10'655	-	-	-	-						
2009	-	15'294	23'255	20'689	304'338						
2020	-	20'031	30'679	27'581	403'272						
2030	-	21'788	33'584	30'247	436'591						
Year		Share of exte	ernal and cong	estion costs							
2007	-	-	-	-	-						
2009	-	-	7'961	5'395	289'044						
2020	-	-	10'648	7'550	383'241						
2030	-	-	11'796	8'459	414'803						
Year		Compariso	on to base case	e 2007 in %							
2007	-	-	-	-	-						
2009	-	44%	118%	94%	2756%						
2020	-	88%	188%	159%	3685%						
2030	-	104%	215%	184%	3998%						

Table 40:Overview of scenario results 2007, 2009, 2020 and 2030

(6) For 2009 (**Base case plus**), distance-related road user charges have been introduced for all countries, including those that have not yet introduced such charges. This results in an increase of 44 % compared to the Base case 2007, which brings the total road user charges to 15 billion EUR in 2009 and close to 22 billion EUR in 2030.

(7) Because of comparably high charge rates in the **EC** and the **Handbook minimum case**, the charging results are reasonably close to each other. However, with 23.3 billion EUR in the EC and 20.7 billion EUR in the Handbook minimum case, the total road user charges will have more than doubled in 2009 as compared to the Base case 2007. By 2030, the total road user charges in both cases will have more than tripled, resulting in 30.3 and 33.6 billion EUR.

(8) Due to the full internalisation of congestion costs of more than 3 EUR per vkm, as mentioned in the **Handbook maximum case**, the road user charge revenues for 2009 would be a staggering 29 times, or 293 billion EUR, higher than in the Base case 2007. If this scenario were to be introduced, road hauliers would be charged 304.3 billion EUR in 2009 and 436.6 billion EUR in 2030.

6 Conclusion: Main study results

(1) It should first be stated that there has been success in analysing and presenting European road goods traffic, studying a period of more than 20 years into the future in a reliable way. This has enabled the generation and presentation of the road user charge surpluses/deficits as requested by the client. This analysis is based on public statistics and other information from numerous sources, with the help of transport planning methods.

(2) The approach used for creating road user charge surpluses or deficits permits the evaluation of the impacts of several prospective charge development paths and scenarios from three perspectives:

- Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad;
- Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers;
- Total road user charge costs for the economy by study countries in national and foreign trade transport.

(3) The total road user charge revenues for all scenarios and years are shown in the following Figure 26 and Figure 27. The first figure compares the results for all 5 scenarios and highlights the exceptional position of the Handbook maximum case compared with the four others. In addition and in order to illustrate the differences in the 4 cases other than the Handbook maximum case, Figure 27 shows the same numbers excluding the latter. The European Commission case shows the biggest road user charge revenues in all three study years, but only slightly higher than the Handbook minimum case. These figures are also available for the three different perspectives and the respective 27 study countries shown in Annex I.

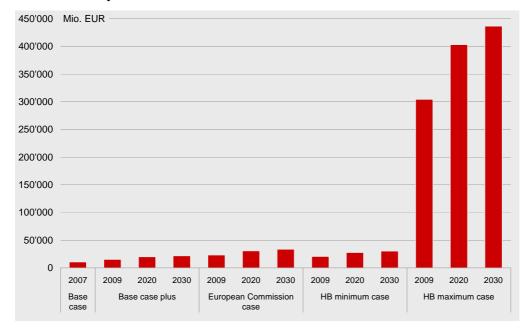
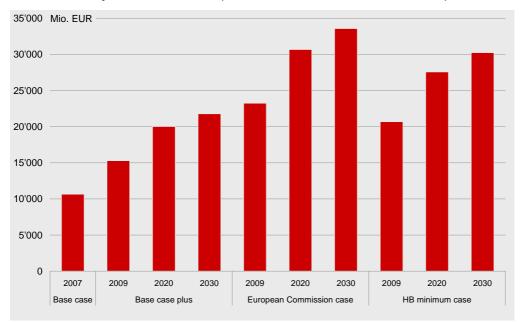


Figure 26: Comparison of total road user charge revenues by scenario and years in Mil. EUR

Figure 27: Comparison of total road user charge revenues by scenario and years in Mil. EUR (without Handbook maximum case)



(4) In general the **charges paid by national road hauliers** are influenced by three main aspects, i.e.

- the size of the vehicle fleets of the individual study countries as well as their vehicle mileage;
- the amount of toll charges that have to be paid in the home country; and
- in the main foreign countries travelled in.

As an example we may select Germany, which combines all aspects and therefore has to pay the highest charging costs in Europe, whereas vehicles registered in Poland can be called "European waggoners" since they travel more in foreign countries than in their own.

(5) Examined from the perspective of **revenues from national and international hauliers**, there are two main reasons responsible for different revenues: The central European location of the countries with the highest revenues coupled with their size and the length of their road infrastructure network. Both aspects apply especially to Germany and France. Austria and Switzerland - with comparatively high charge rates – benefit from their central European location as the main Alpine transit countries, but less from the dimension of their countries. Finally, Italy and Spain have high revenues because of the extent of their territory with large networks.

(6) The **costs for the economy** are mainly determined by the volume of foreign trade and the distance of the foreign trade partners from their location. High volumes and long distances apply to Germany, France and Spain whilst the East European countries do not match these criteria and hence obtain lower revenues and pay lower costs.

(7) Two approaches to **surpluses/deficits** combine the above three perspectives: The first is the relation between the road user charge revenues by country to the costs of trucks registered in the same country. The second is the difference between these revenues and the costs for national and foreign trade transport. Both will mostly be positive in large countries with extensive road networks, such as Germany and France. In the case of Switzerland, what matters is the relatively high charging rates in comparison with other countries and the fact that charging applies to the entire road infrastructure network and not only to the higher-ranking roads. Their central European location, as the main alpine transit countries, will lead to surpluses for Switzerland and Austria.



Figure 28: Surplus or deficit for all study countries

Key to symbols: white: not considered; green: surplus; red: deficit; yellow: variation according to scenario and/or time [mainly negative]

Source: ProgTrans

(8) As can be seen in the above figure, there is a clear lack of balance between countries if the concept of internalisation of external costs is introduced, both as regards costs for road hauliers and for the national economy. There are only a few winners – those that experience a surplus (green) and many losers – those that experience a deficit (red). The surpluses or deficits of coun-

tries coloured in yellow vary according to the different scenarios and/or years, but are also negative overall for the clear majority. The outstanding conclusion is that only two countries, i.e. Germany and France, would profit from the introduction of internalisation of external costs in all scenarios and years. As against that, 15 countries would have to meet serious deficits from such an introduction in all scenarios and years. The remaining 10 countries would have varying degrees of surpluses and deficits depending on the scenario and year.

	Range of surplus or deficit for									
Country	national	economy	road hauliers							
Country	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum						
	in Mio. EUR									
AT	-386	450	-501	481						
BE	-3'738	-124	-114	5'114						
BG	-355	-10	-803	-15						
СН	-296	321	181	2'004						
CZ	3	1'164	-4'985	-86						
DE	256	20'577	540	33'964						
DK	-2'568	12	-1'893	-12						
EE	-280	-3	-478	-4						
ES	-4'406	-211	-4'563	-279						
FI	-174	-0	-383	-4						
FR	632	22'841	931	29'785						
GR	-173	-10	-470	-19						
HU	-73	1'108	-2'202	-126						
IE	-2'044	-2	-1'521	-8						
IT	-2'619	-206	-305	3'345						
LT	-207	-11	-1'872	-42						
LU	-1'639	-23	-3'072	-63						
LV	-736	-9	-956	-12						
NL	-6'527	-206	-14'045	-244						
NO	-464	-6	-153	1						
PL	-6'265	-159	-20'742	-428						
PT	-4'631	-42	-8'399	-108						
RO	-2'782	-46	-5'090	-78						
SE	-295	-25	-9	2'254						
SI	-1'342	-15	-3'162	-63						
SK	-2'673	-52	-6'247	-124						
UK	-1'717	-78	-15	4'399						

Table 41:Range of surplus or deficit by study country (in Mil. EUR)

(9) Table 41 shows the impact in absolute figures from the introduction of the internalisation of external costs in the road charges on the surplus or deficit for the respective study countries. It shows them from the point of view of the national economy as well as for the road hauliers over the different years examined.

(10) As mentioned before, in all scenarios **Germany** and **France** will especially profit from the internalisation of external costs; in return, their road hauliers will also have to pay the most. In the end, however, a clear benefit will be left over for both countries. The large amount of revenues can be attributed to their central European location, their size, their extensive road networks and the strong linkage in foreign trade, as well as their huge vehicle fleets and vehicle mileage. Germany will rank in first position in all scenarios, both in revenues and charges, as well as in economy costs.

(11) The State in **Spain** would receive substantial revenue from road user charges, but suffer a clear deficit from the internalisation of external costs in all years and scenarios. This is mainly due to Spain's geographically peripheral position and fewer revenues from transit and cross-border traffic.

(12) Revenues in **Austria** will increase above the average level over time. This results mostly from the growing cross-alpine transport. With the entry of Hungary and Bulgaria into the EU in 2004 and of Romania in 2007, it can be assumed that, with the growing division of labour favouring countries with low labour costs, foreign trade transport between the Northern countries and the new EU Member States will steadily grow over time. For this purpose, a major part has to cross the Alps through Austria.

(13) In contrast to Austria, the revenues in **Switzerland** - except in the Handbook maximum case - will increase at a lower level. A faster increase is likely to be avoided by their alpine transport policy, where infrastructure capacity problems already exist on main traffic axes like the Gotthard tunnel, which will increase as road goods transport grows. The country intends to shift a large part of this transit traffic to rail transport and plans to implement a so-called "Alpentransitbörse" (a limitation of alpine crossing HGV trips, combined with trading the required permits) which will limit road cross-border traffic. The comparison of the revenues and costs by year and scenario shows comparable numbers between the Base Case plus, European Commission Case and the Handbook minimum case. In the case of Switzerland, the Handbook maximum does not stand out as much as in other countries. To take an example, the charges paid by Swiss road hauliers 2009 in the Handbook maximum

case exceed the Base case plus by "just" 130 % (in contrast to Germany where it exceeds it 20 times). This mainly results from the relatively high Swiss charge rates already in the Base case plus compared to the charge rates in other countries.

(14) The revenues and costs of the **United Kingdom** tend to increase only slightly over time, because their vehicle fleet mostly moves in the home country and carries out fewer trips in foreign countries. Over all cases, the maximum share of charges paid by British road hauliers in transport abroad amounts to about 7 %; in comparison to Polish trucks which have a share of more than 50 %. In addition, it appears that foreign trucks drive to the UK less frequently than to other countries. The share of revenues from international hauliers in the UK amounts to a maximum of about 19 % over all cases and years, as compared with France where that share is about 50 %.

(15) The importance of **Poland** will increase over the years to come. Their growing vehicle fleet, and hence their vehicle mileage, will lead to rising charging costs. As their revenues will not increase at the same rate, the deficit between revenues collected and charges paid will widen. Poland would be one of the countries with the largest deficits in all scenarios and years, together with the **Netherlands**.

(16) The still low importance of foreign trade and the location of the **Baltic States** and the new EU Member States, **Bulgaria** and **Romania**, on the fringes of the EU, explain their low revenues and costs. Furthermore, their road infrastructure needs to be developed; in the case of Latvia there is no toll road infrastructure at all. For the Baltic States, maritime as well as rail transport carry significant shares of goods traffic, especially in specific categories. Finally it must be recognised that the foreign trade economy of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania is still oriented to the East and their big neighbour Russia.

(17) Both the revenues and charges of the four Scandinavian countries **Denmark**, **Sweden**, **Finland** and **Norway** are close to each other at an almost comparable low level. Only the Danish revenues and charges are somewhat higher. Except in the Base case plus 2009 and 2020, Sweden can report in all other cases and years a surplus of more revenues collected than charges paid. In contrast to Sweden, Norway presents a surplus just twice (Base case plus 2020 and 2030). All other countries have to bear deficits. The geographical location of Sweden near Denmark, Germany and Poland, as well as central to Norway and Finland, might be a reason for their surpluses.

(18) Some states, particularly for the Handbook maximum case, show surpluses or only small deficits in the study year 2009, whereas they expect sizeable deficits in the years 2020 and 2030. Next to country specific developments as in Belgium, this is due to the overall stronger transport performance increase between 2009 and 2020, as compared with the following decade up to 2030. In addition, cross-border transport will increase more strongly than national transport, due to the overall increase in globalisation and the relocation of manufacturing bases to Eastern Europe leading to longer transport distances. These developments will result in a greater increase of road user charges paid abroad than in revenues collected by these states from inland transports conducted by national and international hauliers.

(19) The **Handbook Maximum Case** also shows that the allocation effects of road user charges between the European countries vary significantly: The revenues of centrally located countries will increase faster than the expenses of their economic sector and their road haulage industry. Such countries would have a larger margin for financing fiscal compensation measures, but this margin would be lower in the peripheral countries, in particular if they have a high level of external trade and their trucks are carrying out more international transports.

(20) To conclude, it is clear that adding the internalisation of external costs in today's road user charges for the road freight transport sector will dramatically affect the individual EU Member States, their road hauliers and their national and foreign trade economy in very different ways, pointing clearly towards a negative impact and a serious internal problem for the EU as a whole.

(21) In all scenarios the internalisation of external costs would lead to substantially increasing costs for the road freight transport industry as well as for the foreign trade economy. In the end, this will not remain without consequences for European competitiveness and will harm the internal aim of equal opportunities for economic development, employment and competitiveness.

ANNEXES

Annex I: Country tables and figures: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Annex II: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country 2007, 2009, 2020 and 2030

Annex III: Glossary

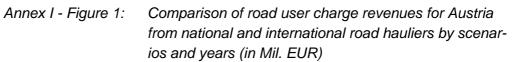
Annex IV: Sources

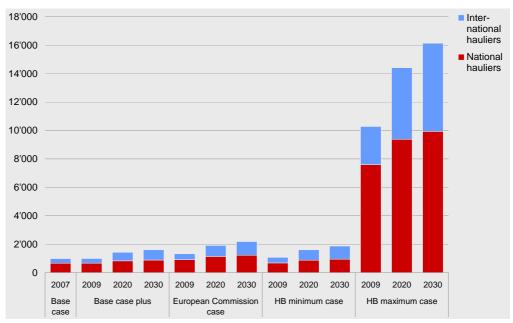
Annex I: Country tables and figures: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Austria

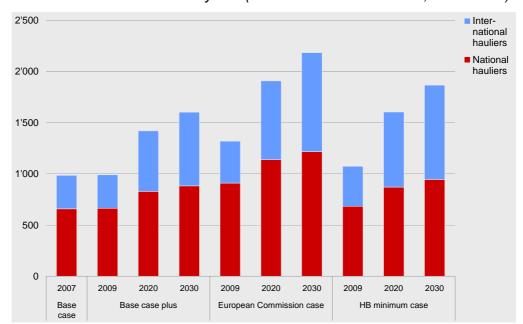
all scenarios and years														
Road user charge		Base case	Base case plus		European Commission case		Handbook minimum case		Handbook maximum case					
surpluses or d		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		IR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR				
Road user charge	national hauliers	658	663	829	883	909	1'138	1'217	683	871	945	7'590	9'381	9'937
revenues collected by AT from	international hauliers	327	327	591	720	410	770	967	391	733	922	2'687	5'035	6'191
	Total	985	990	1'419	1'603	1'320	1'908	2'185	1'073	1'604	1'868	10'278	14'416	16'128
Road user charges	inland transport	658	663	829	883	909	1'138	1'217	683	871	945	7'590	9'381	9'937
paid by trucks registered in AT for	transport abroad	108	154	230	288	258	390	488	234	353	442	3'189	4'863	6'051
101	Total	766	817	1'059	1'171	1'168	1'528	1'705	916	1'224	1'387	10'779	14'243	15'988
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	219	173	361	432	152	380	479	157	380	481	-501	173	140
for AT with regard to the road hauliers	in %	29	21	34	37	13	25	28	17	31	35	-5	1	1
Total charge costs	national transport	570	570	658	662	790	913	919	570	658	662	6'770	7'820	7'867
of economy in AT for	foreign trade transport	170	219	407	528	338	629	821	310	578	755	3'661	6'697	8'647
	Total	739	789	1'065	1'190	1'128	1'542	1'740	880	1'236	1'417	10'431	14'517	16'514
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for AT with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	246	201	355	412	192	366	445	194	369	450	-154	-101	-386
	in %	33	26	33	35	17	24	26	22	30	32	-1	-1	-2

Annex I - Table 1: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years



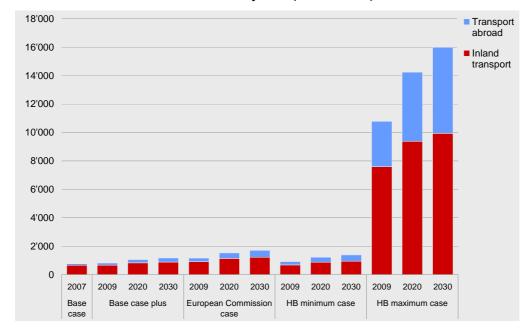


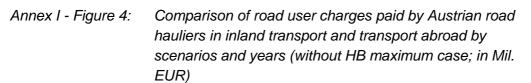
Annex I - Figure 2: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Austria from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

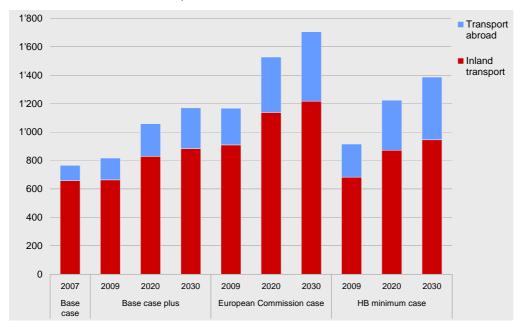


Annex I - Figure 3:

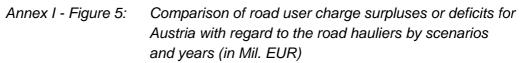
Comparison of road user charges paid by Austrian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

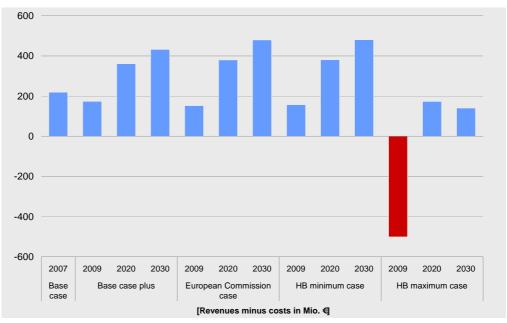




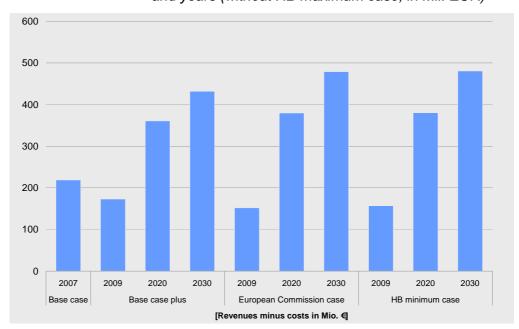


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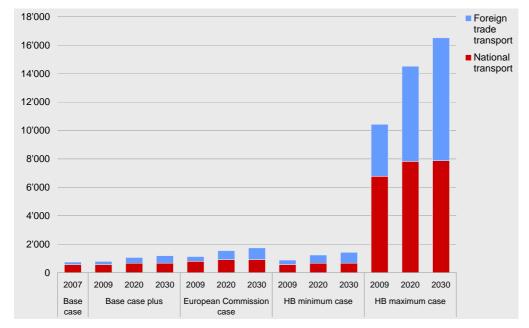


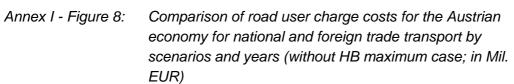


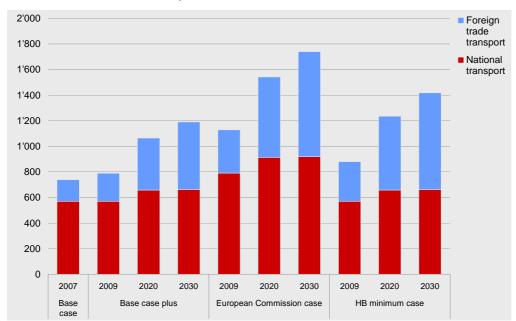
Annex I - Figure 6: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Austria with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

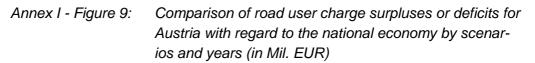


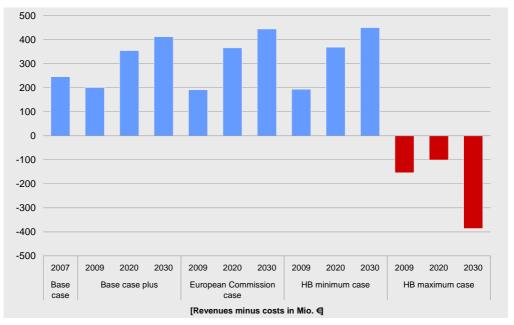
Annex I - Figure 7: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Austrian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



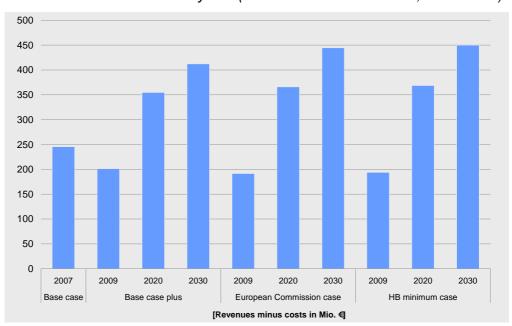








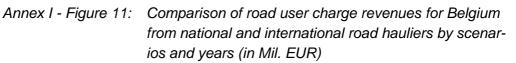
Annex I - Figure 10: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Austria with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

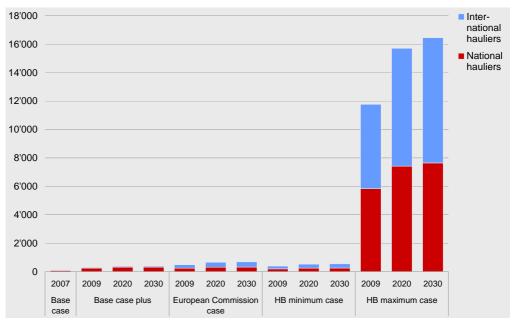


Belgium

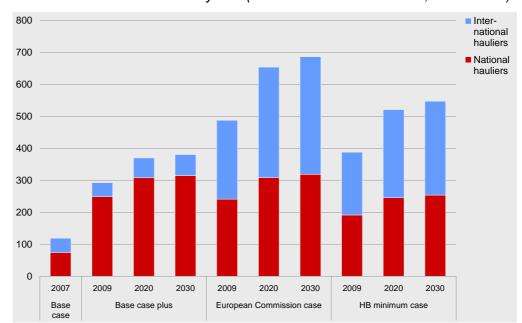
Annex I - Table 2: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits BE		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by BE from	national hauliers	74	248	308	314	241	309	318	191	246	254	5'834	7'423	7'645
	international hauliers	45	44	62	66	246	345	368	196	275	293	5'932	8'281	8'813
	Total	119	292	370	380	487	654	686	388	521	547	11'766	15'704	16'458
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in BE for	inland transport	74	248	308	314	241	309	318	191	246	254	5'834	7'423	7'645
	transport abroad	74	121	164	180	204	275	302	184	248	272	2'519	3'374	3'699
	Total	148	370	472	494	445	584	620	375	494	526	8'354	10'796	11'344
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-29	-77	-102	-114	43	70	66	12	27	21	3'412	4'907	5'114
for BE with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-20	-21	-22	-23	10	12	11	3	5	4	41	45	45
Total charge costs	national transport	61	236	289	295	179	219	223	142	174	177	4'372	5'351	5'458
of economy in BE for	foreign trade transport	193	248	484	540	498	933	1'033	437	825	916	7'519	13'473	14'738
	Total	254	484	773	835	677	1'152	1'257	579	999	1'093	11'890	18'824	20'196
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for BE with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-135	-192	-404	-455	-189	-498	-570	-192	-478	-546	-124	-3'120	-3'738
	in %	-53	-40	-52	-54	-28	-43	-45	-33	-48	-50	-1	-17	-19

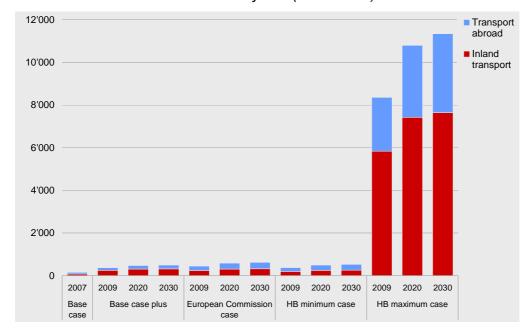




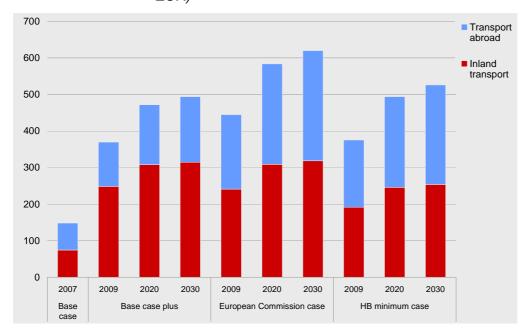
Annex I - Figure 12: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Belgium from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



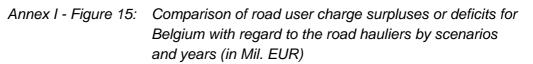
Annex I - Figure 13: Comparison of road user charges paid by Belgian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

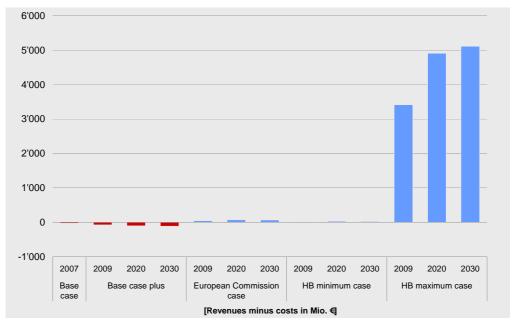


Annex I - Figure 14: Comparison of road user charges paid by Belgian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

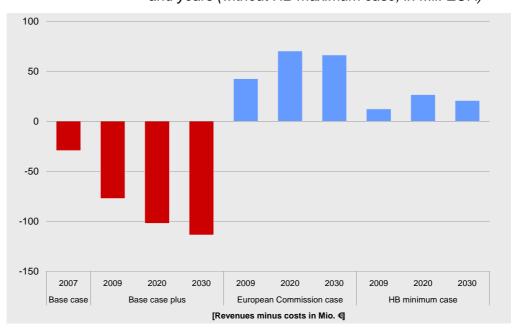


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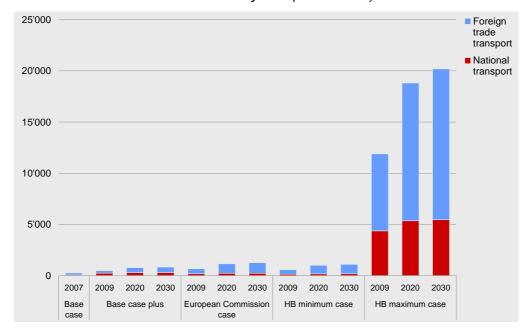




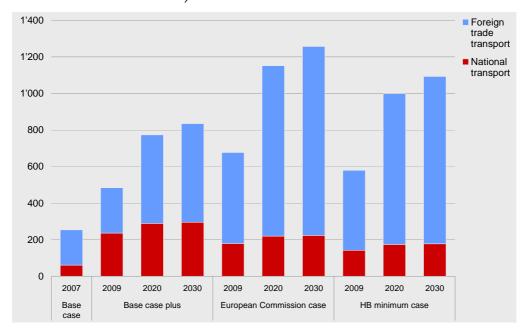
Annex I - Figure 16: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Belgium with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



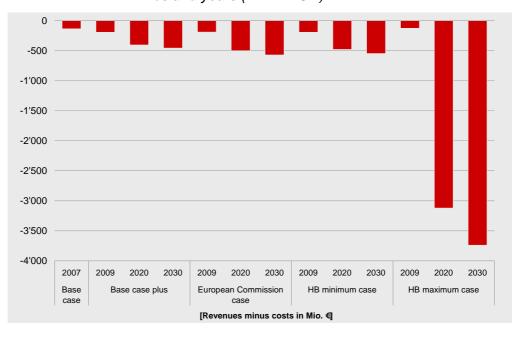
Annex I - Figure 17: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Belgian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



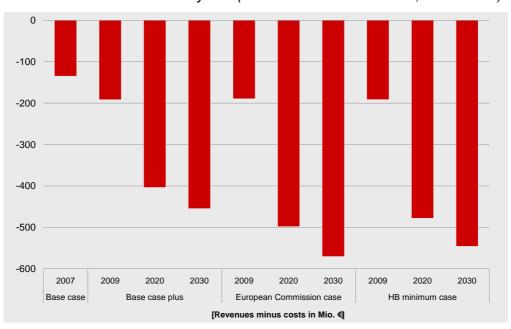
Annex I - Figure 18: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Belgian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 19: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Belgium with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



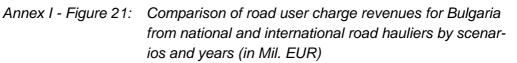
Annex I - Figure 20: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Belgium with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

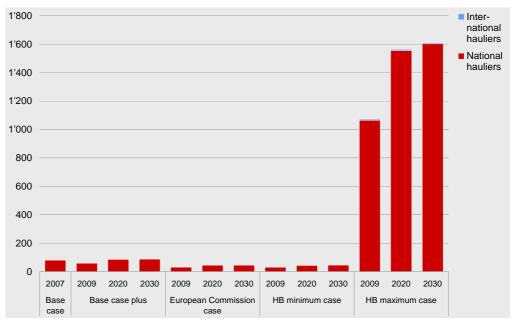


Bulgaria

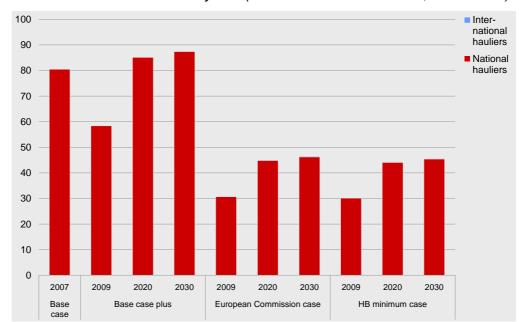
Annex I - Table 3: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits BG		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by BG from	national hauliers	81	58	85	87	31	45	46	30	44	45	1'064	1'555	1'603
	international hauliers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	8	8
	Total	81	58	85	87	31	45	47	30	44	46	1'072	1'563	1'611
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in BG for	inland transport	81	58	85	87	31	45	46	30	44	45	1'064	1'555	1'603
	transport abroad	15	20	27	29	37	51	57	33	45	50	532	725	811
	Total	95	78	112	117	68	96	103	63	90	96	1'597	2'281	2'414
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-15	-20	-27	-29	-37	-51	-56	-33	-45	-50	-525	-717	-803
for BG with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-16	-25	-24	-25	-54	-53	-55	-52	-50	-52	-33	-31	-33
Total charge costs	national transport	80	58	85	87	28	41	42	28	41	42	997	1'454	1'493
of economy in BG for	foreign trade transport	11	10	14	15	20	28	31	18	25	27	313	426	473
	Total	91	68	99	102	49	69	73	46	66	70	1'311	1'880	1'966
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for BG with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-11	-10	-13	-15	-18	-24	-27	-16	-22	-24	-239	-317	-355
	in %	-12	-14	-14	-14	-36	-35	-36	-34	-33	-34	-18	-17	-18

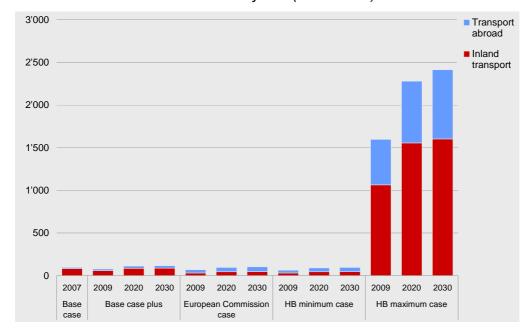




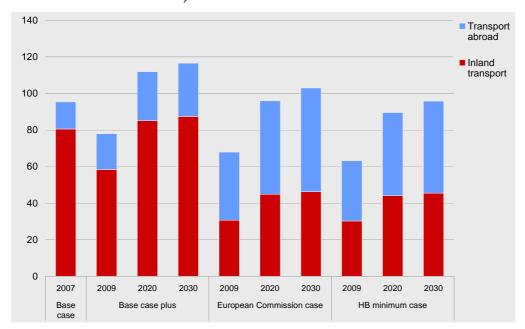
Annex I - Figure 22: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Bulgaria from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



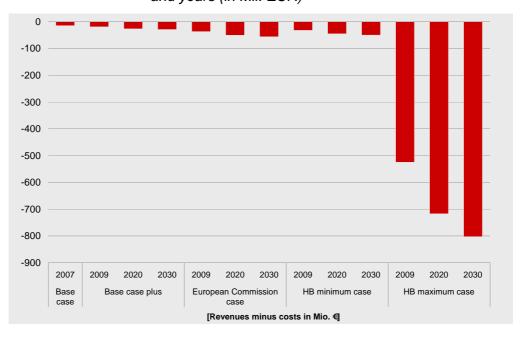
Annex I - Figure 23: Comparison of road user charges paid by Bulgarian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



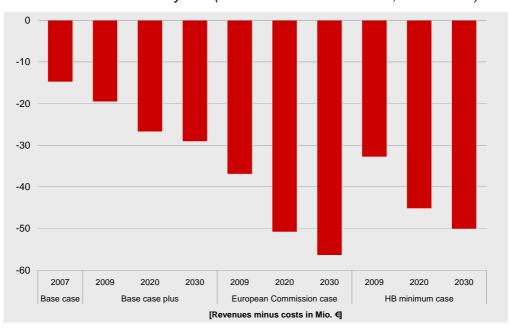
Annex I - Figure 24: Comparison of road user charges paid by Bulgarian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



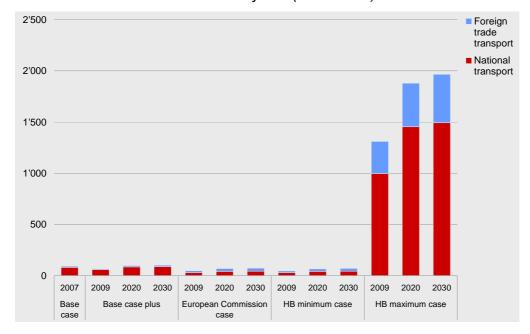
Annex I - Figure 25: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Bulgaria with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



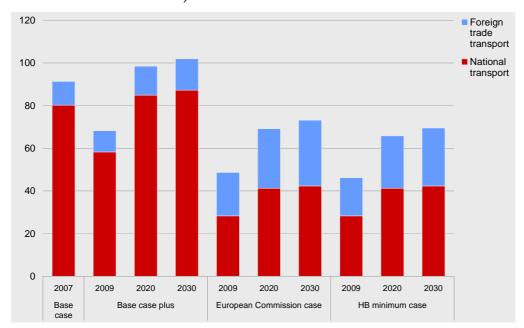
Annex I - Figure 26: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Bulgaria with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



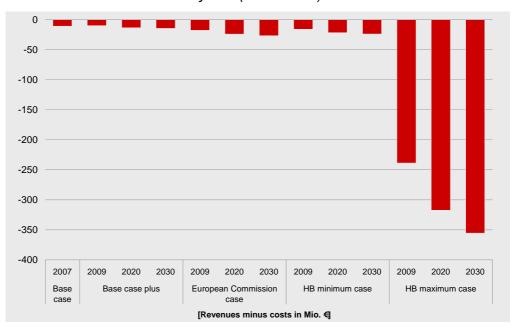
Annex I - Figure 27: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Bulgarian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



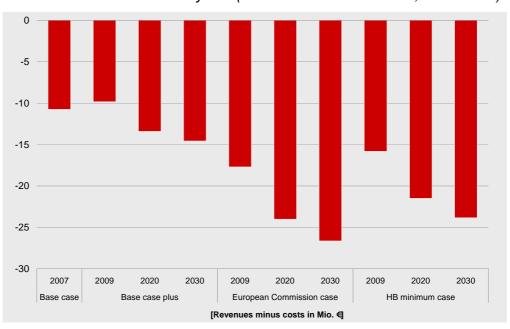
Annex I - Figure 28: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Bulgarian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 29: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Bulgaria with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 30: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Bulgaria with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



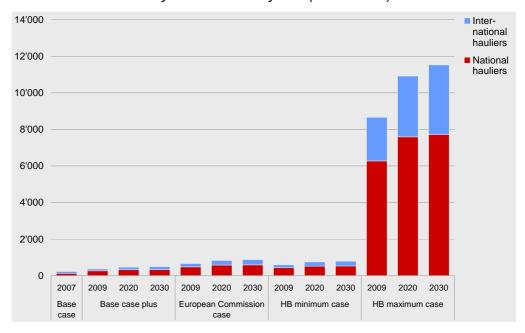
Czech Republic

Annex I - Table 4:

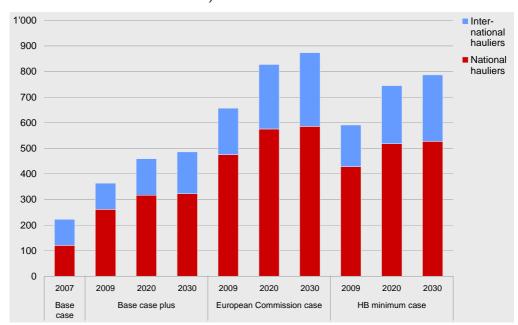
Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits CZ		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge	national hauliers	120	261	317	322	475	575	585	428	518	527	6'271	7'588	7'722
revenues collected by CZ from	international hauliers	102	103	143	163	181	252	288	163	227	260	2'392	3'327	3'805
	Total	222	364	459	486	657	828	874	591	745	787	8'663	10'915	11'527
Road user charges	inland transport	120	261	317	322	475	575	585	428	518	527	6'271	7'588	7'722
paid by trucks registered in CZ for	transport abroad	188	273	395	440	455	659	733	412	598	665	5'549	7'993	8'791
101	Total	309	534	712	763	930	1'235	1'319	840	1'116	1'192	11'820	15'581	16'512
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-86	-170	-253	-277	-273	-407	-445	-248	-371	-406	-3'157	-4'666	-4'985
for CZ with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-28	-32	-35	-36	-29	-33	-34	-30	-33	-34	-27	-30	-30
Total charge costs	national transport	57	197	220	217	362	405	399	326	365	359	4'773	5'343	5'259
of economy in CZ for	foreign trade transport	133	164	225	234	282	388	403	255	350	364	3'587	4'932	5'104
	Total	190	361	445	451	644	793	802	580	715	723	8'360	10'275	10'363
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for CZ with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	32	3	14	35	13	35	72	11	30	64	302	640	1'164
	in %	17	1	3	8	2	4	9	2	4	9	4	6	11

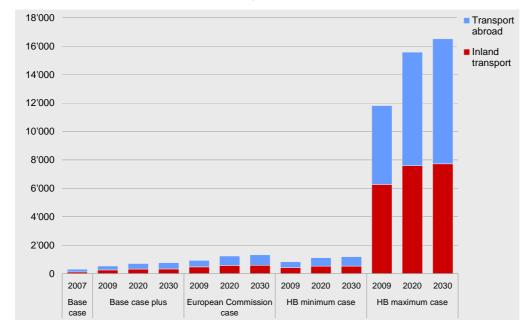
Annex I - Figure 31: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Czech Republic from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



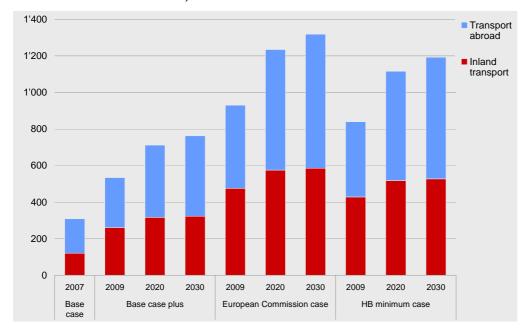
Annex I - Figure 32: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Czech Republic from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 33: Comparison of road user charges paid by Czech road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

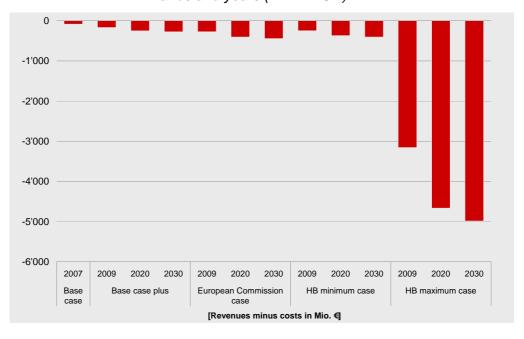


Annex I - Figure 34: Comparison of road user charges paid by Czech road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

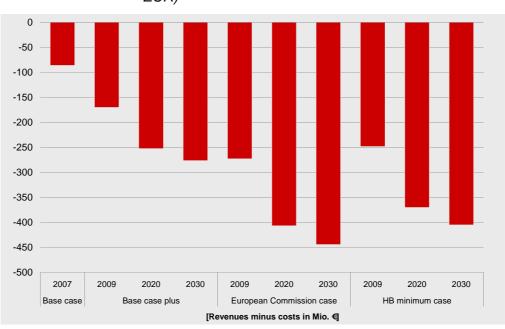


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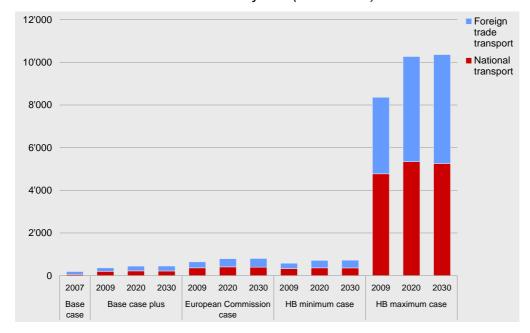
Annex I - Figure 35: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Czech Republic with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



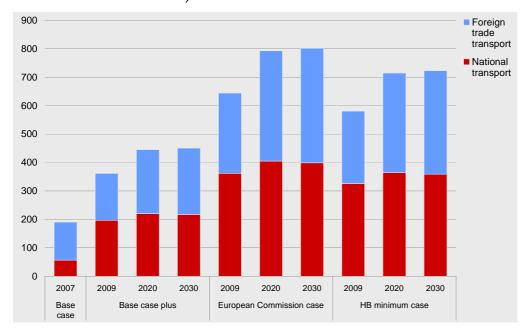
Annex I - Figure 36: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Czech Republic with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

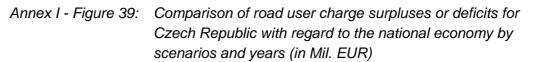


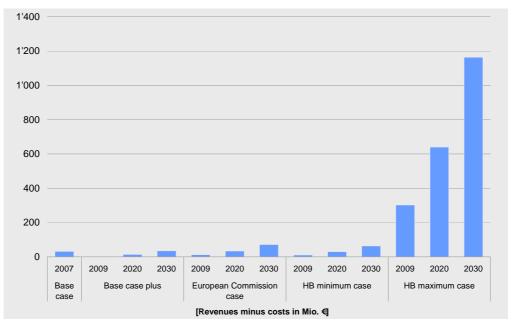
Annex I - Figure 37: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Czech economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



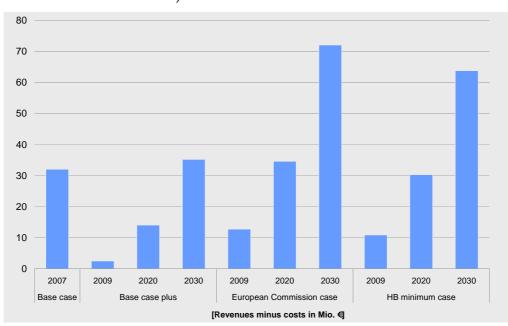
Annex I - Figure 38: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Czech economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)







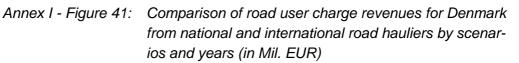
Annex I - Figure 40: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Czech Republic with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

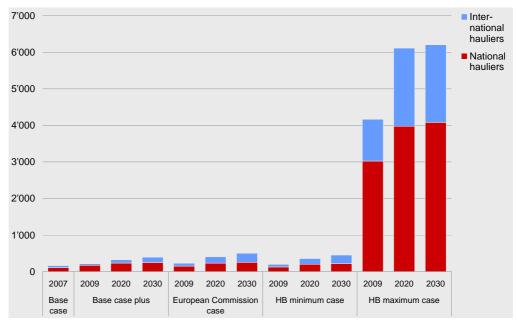


Denmark

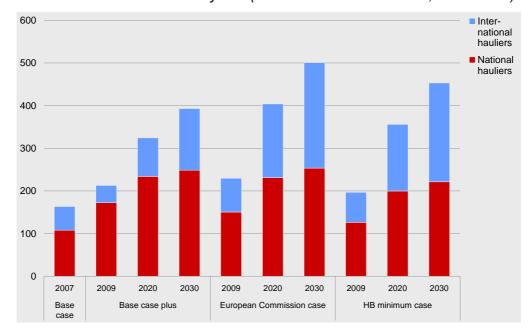
Annex I - Table 5: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits DK		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by DK from	national hauliers	108	172	234	248	150	231	253	126	200	221	3'025	3'976	4'082
	international hauliers	56	41	91	145	79	173	248	70	156	232	1'139	2'139	2'123
	Total	163	213	325	393	230	404	501	197	356	453	4'164	6'115	6'205
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in DK for	inland transport	108	172	234	248	150	231	253	126	200	221	3'025	3'976	4'082
	transport abroad	68	97	159	177	169	283	318	152	255	288	2'181	3'621	4'016
101	Total	176	269	393	426	319	514	572	278	455	509	5'206	7'598	8'098
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-12	-56	-69	-33	-89	-110	-71	-82	-99	-56	-1'042	-1'483	-1'893
for DK with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-7	-21	-17	-8	-28	-21	-12	-29	-22	-11	-20	-20	-23
Total charge costs	national transport	51	129	152	159	86	102	106	67	79	83	2'383	2'803	2'933
of economy in DK for	foreign trade transport	101	140	254	288	241	442	501	217	400	456	3'056	5'441	5'840
	Total	152	269	406	447	327	543	607	284	479	539	5'439	8'244	8'773
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for DK with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	12	-56	-81	-54	-97	-140	-106	-88	-123	-86	-1'275	-2'129	-2'568
	in %	8	-21	-20	-12	-30	-26	-17	-31	-26	-16	-23	-26	-29

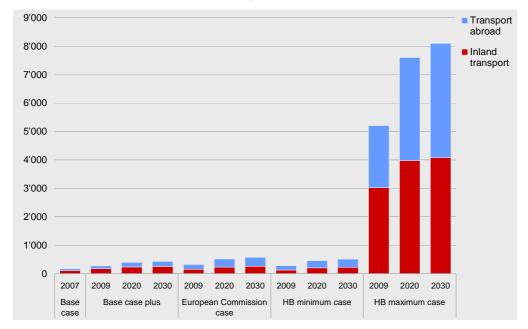




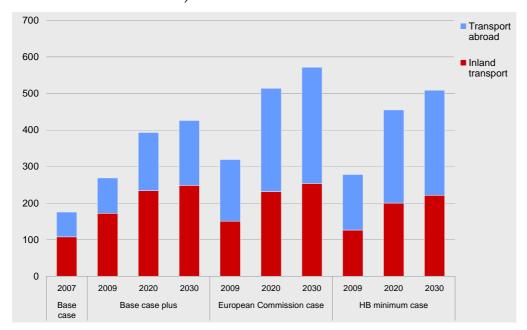
Annex I - Figure 42: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Denmark from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



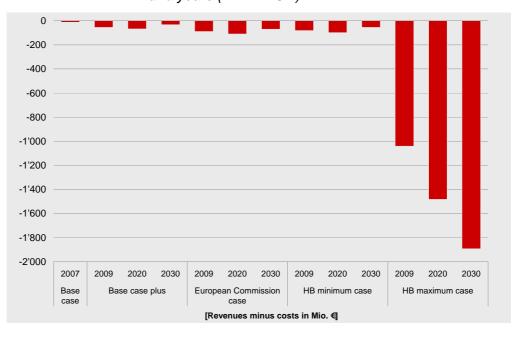
Annex I - Figure 43: Comparison of road user charges paid by Danish road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



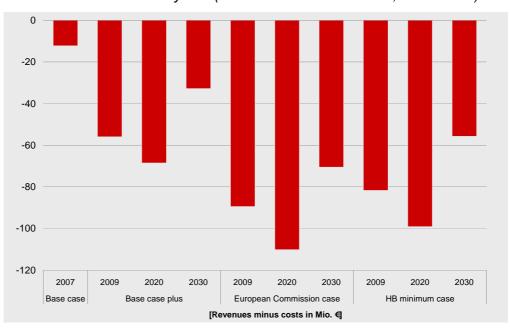
Annex I - Figure 44: Comparison of road user charges paid by Danish road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



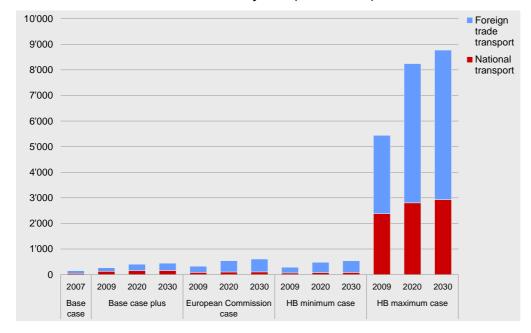
Annex I - Figure 45: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Denmark with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



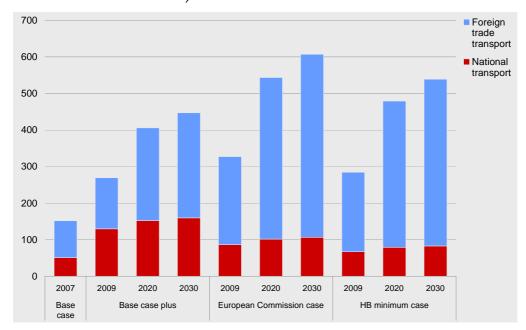
Annex I - Figure 46: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Denmark with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



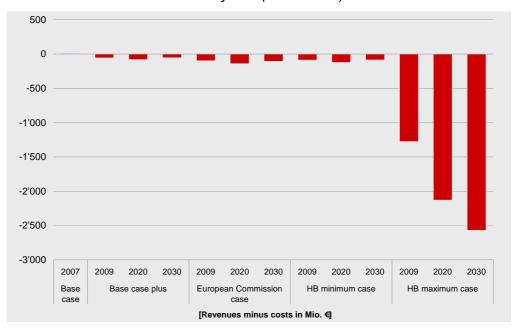
Annex I - Figure 47: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Danish economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



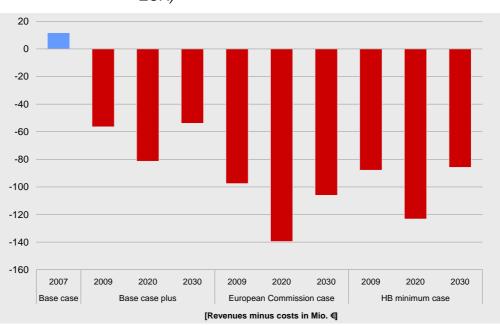
Annex I - Figure 48: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Danish economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 49: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Denmark with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 50: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Denmark with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

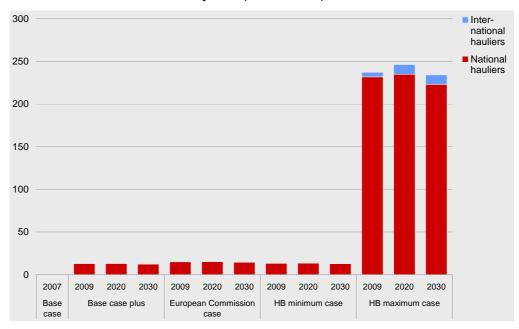


Estonia

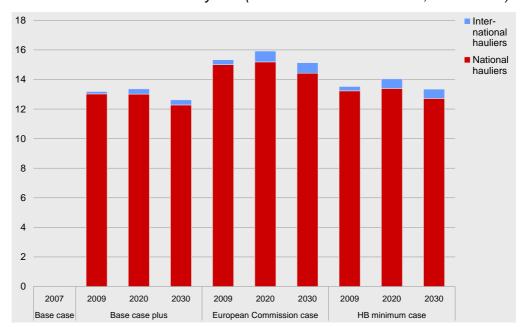
Annex I - Table 6: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits EE		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by EE from	national hauliers	0	13	13	12	15	15	14	13	13	13	232	235	223
	international hauliers	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	5	11	11
	Total	0	13	13	13	15	16	15	14	14	13	237	246	234
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in EE for	inland transport	0	13	13	12	15	15	14	13	13	13	232	235	223
	transport abroad	4	7	13	18	15	28	36	13	25	32	246	432	489
	Total	4	20	26	31	30	43	50	26	38	45	478	667	712
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-4	-6	-13	-18	-14	-27	-35	-13	-24	-31	-240	-421	-478
for EE with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-100	-33	-49	-59	-49	-63	-70	-48	-63	-70	-50	-63	-67
Total charge costs	national transport	0	13	13	12	15	14	14	13	13	12	227	223	209
of economy in EE for	foreign trade transport	3	3	7	10	8	16	20	7	14	18	139	263	305
	Total	3	16	20	22	23	30	34	20	27	30	366	486	514
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for EE with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-3	-3	-6	-9	-7	-15	-19	-6	-13	-17	-129	-240	-280
	in %	-100	-19	-32	-41	-33	-48	-55	-32	-47	-56	-35	-49	-54

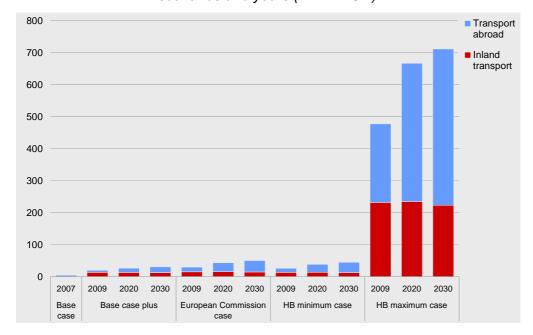
Annex I - Figure 51: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Estonia from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



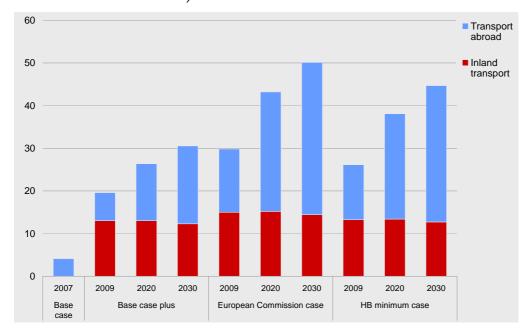
Annex I - Figure 52: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Estonia from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



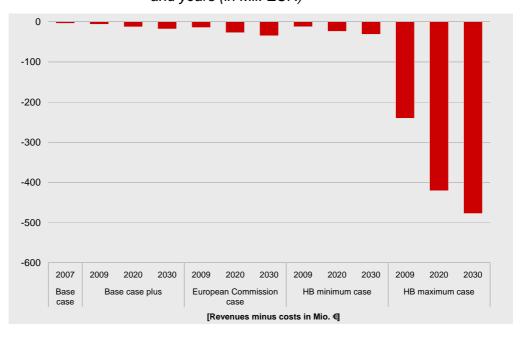
Annex I - Figure 53: Comparison of road user charges paid by Estonian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



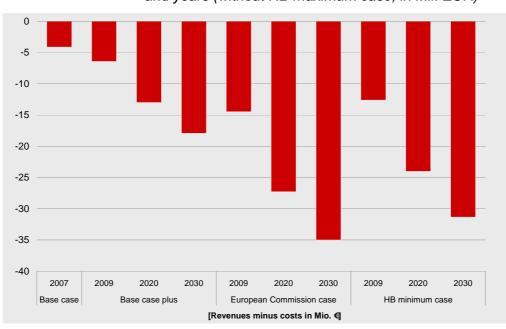
Annex I - Figure 54: Comparison of road user charges paid by Estonian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



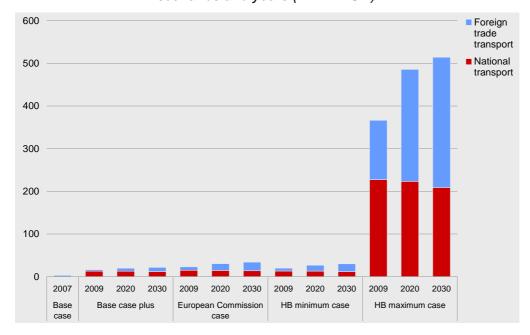
Annex I - Figure 55: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Estonia with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



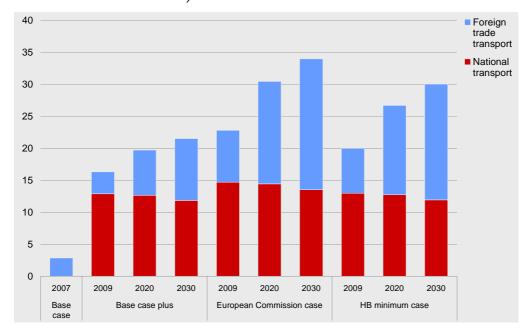
Annex I - Figure 56: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Estonia with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



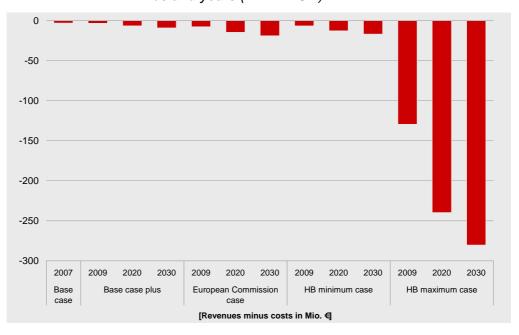
Annex I - Figure 57: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Estonian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



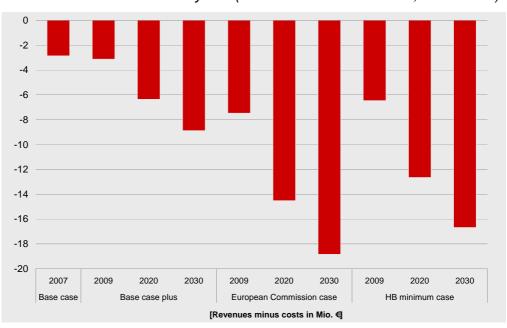
Annex I - Figure 58: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Estonian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 59: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Estonia with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 60: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Estonia with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

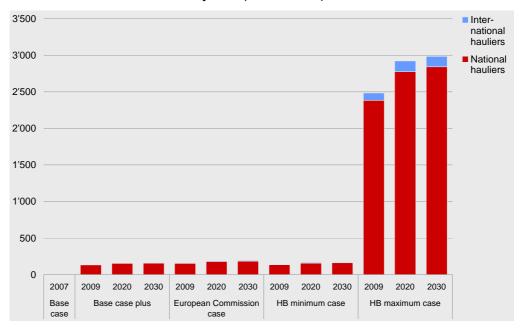


Finland

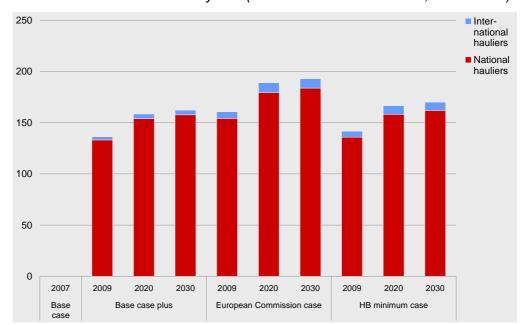
Annex I - Table 7: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits Fl		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge	national hauliers	0	133	154	158	154	179	184	136	158	162	2'384	2'775	2'842
revenues collected by FI from	international hauliers	0	3	5	4	6	10	9	6	8	8	100	147	142
	Total	0	136	158	162	161	189	193	142	167	170	2'484	2'923	2'984
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in FI for	inland transport	0	133	154	158	154	179	184	136	158	162	2'384	2'775	2'842
	transport abroad	5	7	8	9	19	25	27	16	21	23	357	498	526
	Total	5	140	162	167	173	205	211	152	179	185	2'741	3'273	3'368
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-5	-4	-4	-5	-12	-16	-18	-10	-13	-15	-256	-351	-383
for FI with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-100	-3	-2	-3	-7	-8	-8	-7	-7	-8	-9	-11	-11
Table	national transport	0	131	150	154	149	171	175	132	150	155	2'308	2'641	2'713
Total charge costs of economy in FI for	foreign trade transport	3	6	9	9	16	24	25	14	20	21	294	430	445
	Total	3	137	159	163	165	194	200	145	171	176	2'602	3'071	3'159
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for FI with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-3	-1	0	-1	-5	-5	-7	-4	-4	-6	-117	-148	-174
	in %	-100	-1	0	-1	-3	-3	-4	-3	-2	-3	-5	-5	-6

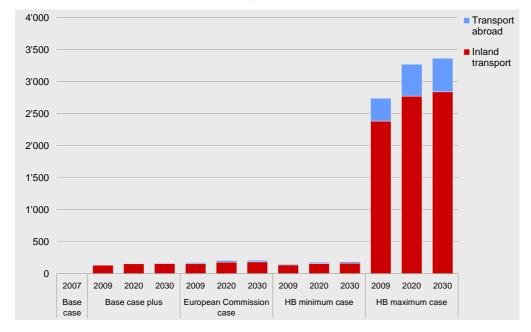
Annex I - Figure 61: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Finland from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



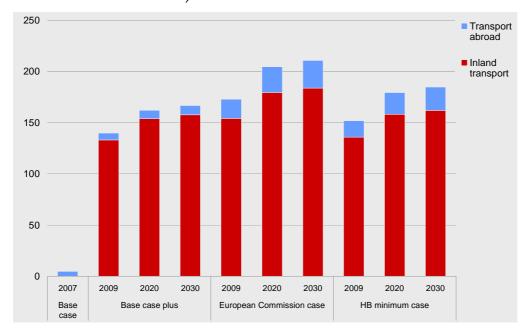
Annex I - Figure 62: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Finland from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



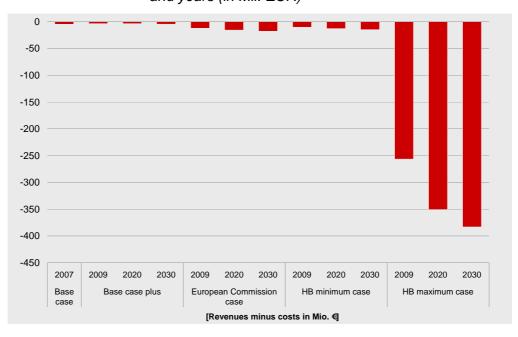
Annex I - Figure 63: Comparison of road user charges paid by Finnish road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



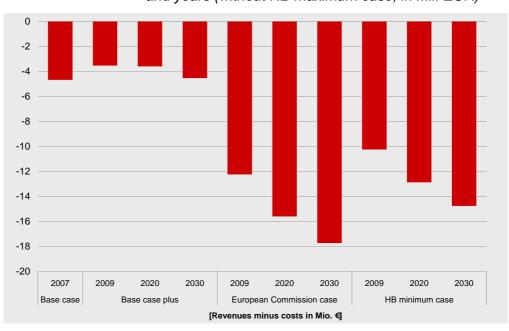
Annex I - Figure 64: Comparison of road user charges paid by Finnish road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



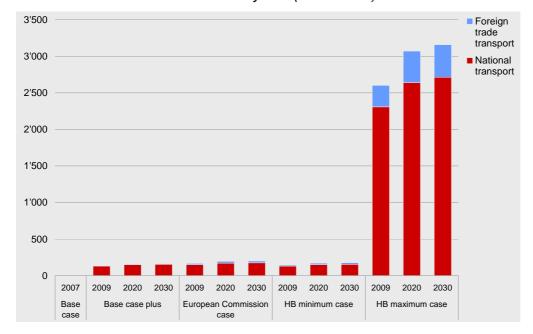
Annex I - Figure 65: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Finland with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



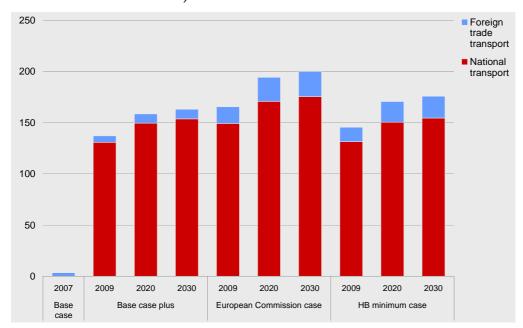
Annex I - Figure 66: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Finland with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



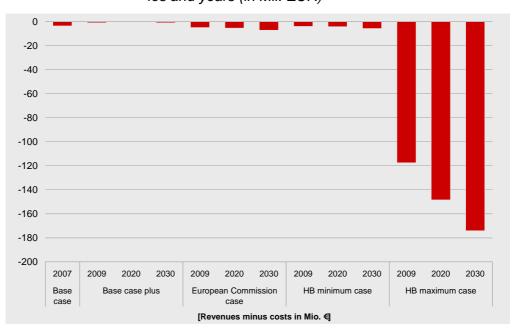
Annex I - Figure 67: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Finnish economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



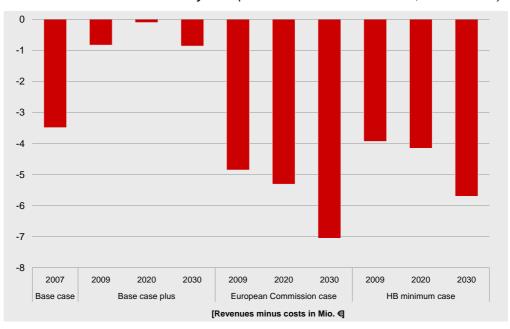
Annex I - Figure 68: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Finnish economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 69: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Finland with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 70: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Finland with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

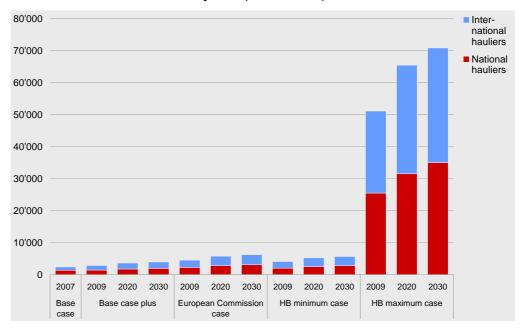


France

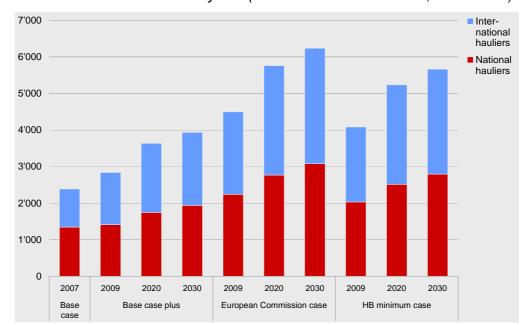
Annex I - Table 8: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits FR		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by FR from	national hauliers	1'344	1'411	1'744	1'938	2'239	2'767	3'076	2'032	2'512	2'793	25'492	31'493	35'019
	international hauliers	1'042	1'426	1'890	1'994	2'258	2'995	3'160	2'050	2'720	2'870	25'636	33'969	35'833
	Total	2'387	2'837	3'634	3'932	4'496	5'761	6'237	4'083	5'232	5'663	51'128	65'463	70'852
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in FR for	inland transport	1'344	1'411	1'744	1'938	2'239	2'767	3'076	2'032	2'512	2'793	25'492	31'493	35'019
	transport abroad	111	167	262	290	289	449	501	260	406	454	3'690	5'513	6'048
101	Total	1'456	1'579	2'005	2'228	2'528	3'216	3'578	2'293	2'918	3'247	29'182	37'006	41'067
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	931	1'258	1'629	1'704	1'968	2'546	2'659	1'790	2'314	2'416	21'946	28'457	29'785
for FR with regard to the road hauliers	in %	64	80	81	76	78	79	74	78	79	74	75	77	73
Total charge costs	national transport	1'156	1'156	1'416	1'598	1'836	2'248	2'537	1'667	2'041	2'303	20'942	25'640	28'934
of economy in FR for	foreign trade transport	599	910	999	963	1'513	1'660	1'605	1'366	1'501	1'454	18'412	19'927	19'076
	Total	1'755	2'066	2'414	2'561	3'349	3'908	4'142	3'033	3'542	3'756	39'354	45'567	48'011
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for FR with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	632	771	1'220	1'371	1'148	1'854	2'094	1'050	1'690	1'907	11'774	19'896	22'841
	in %	36	37	51	54	34	47	51	35	48	51	30	44	48

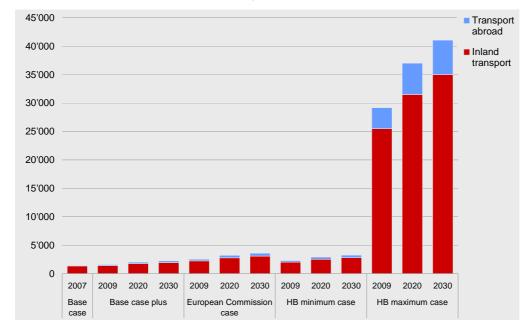
Annex I - Figure 71: Comparison of road user charge revenues for France from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



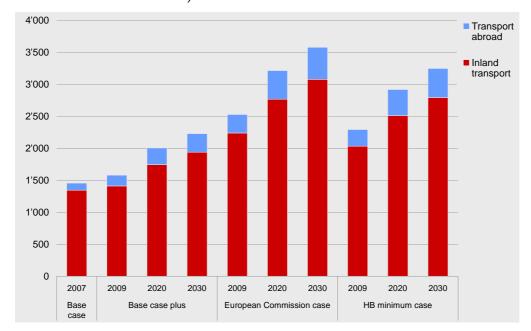
Annex I - Figure 72: Comparison of road user charge revenues for France from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

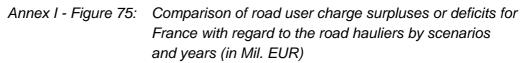


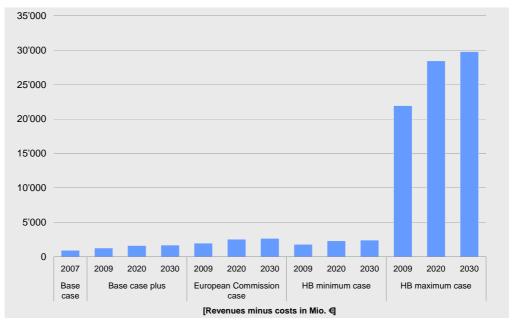
Annex I - Figure 73: Comparison of road user charges paid by French road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



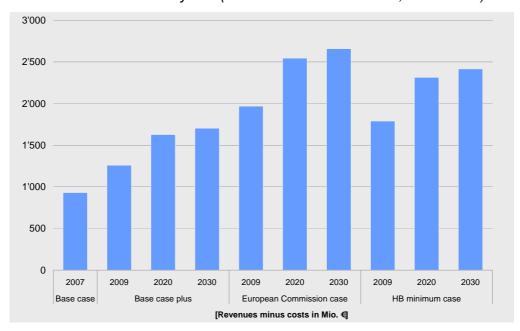
Annex I - Figure 74: Comparison of road user charges paid by French road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



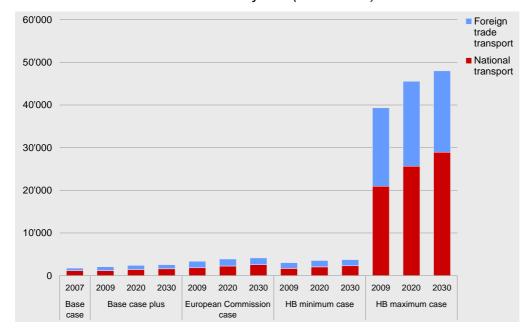




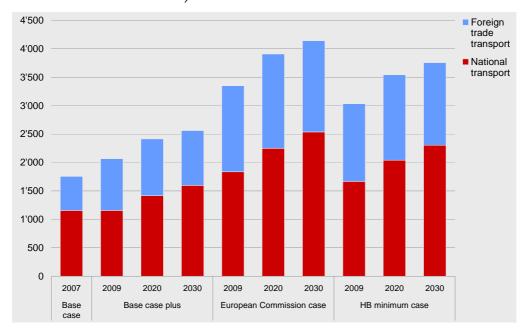
Annex I - Figure 76: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for France with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

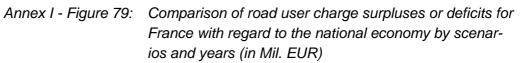


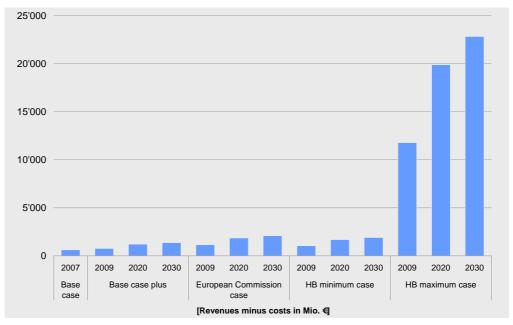
Annex I - Figure 77: Comparison of road user charge costs for the French economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



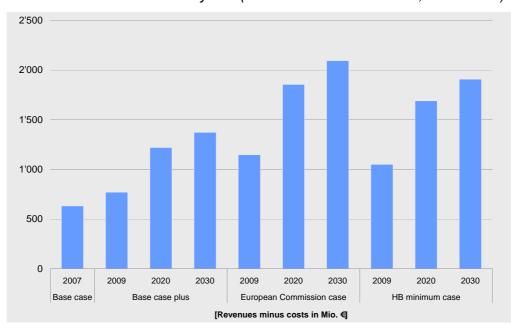
Annex I - Figure 78: Comparison of road user charge costs for the French economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)







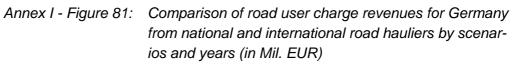
Annex I - Figure 80: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for France with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

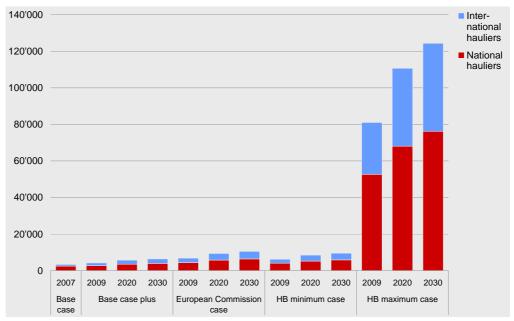


Germany

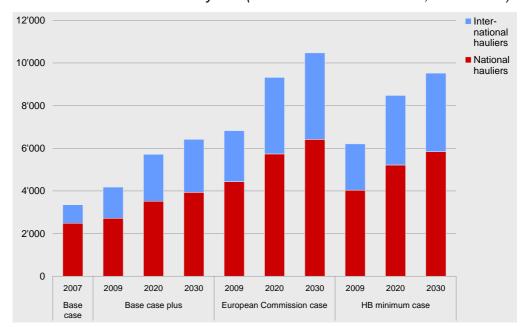
Annex I - Table 9: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits DE		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge	national hauliers	2'486	2'718	3'514	3'934	4'435	5'733	6'418	4'034	5'213	5'837	52'656	68'060	76'203
revenues collected by DE from	international hauliers	865	1'465	2'201	2'485	2'390	3'590	4'054	2'174	3'265	3'687	28'374	42'628	48'127
	Total	3'351	4'183	5'714	6'419	6'825	9'323	10'472	6'207	8'479	9'524	81'030	110'687	124'330
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in DE	inland transport	2'486	2'718	3'514	3'934	4'435	5'733	6'418	4'034	5'213	5'837	52'656	68'060	76'203
	transport abroad	325	414	585	674	722	1'018	1'162	648	915	1'050	9'371	12'930	14'163
for	Total	2'811	3'132	4'099	4'608	5'157	6'750	7'580	4'681	6'129	6'887	62'027	80'990	90'366
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	540	1'051	1'615	1'811	1'668	2'573	2'892	1'526	2'350	2'636	19'003	29'697	33'964
for DE with regard to the road hauliers	in %	19	34	39	39	32	38	38	33	38	38	31	37	38
Total charge costs	national transport	2'150	2'150	2'711	3'002	3'508	4'423	4'899	3'191	4'022	4'455	41'654	52'509	58'157
of economy in DE for	foreign trade transport	944	1'271	1'780	2'177	2'159	3'029	3'701	1'949	2'736	3'348	27'098	37'778	45'596
	Total	3'095	3'421	4'491	5'180	5'668	7'452	8'599	5'140	6'759	7'803	68'751	90'287	103'753
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for DE with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	256	762	1'224	1'239	1'157	1'871	1'873	1'067	1'720	1'721	12'278	20'400	20'577
	in %	8	22	27	24	20	25	22	21	25	22	18	23	20



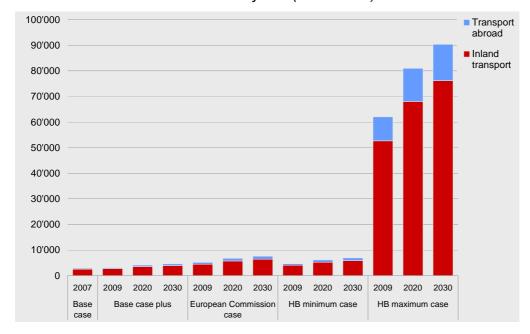


Annex I - Figure 82: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Germany from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

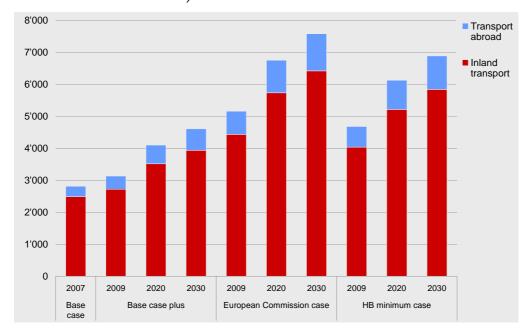


Annex I - Figure 83:

Comparison of road user charges paid by German road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

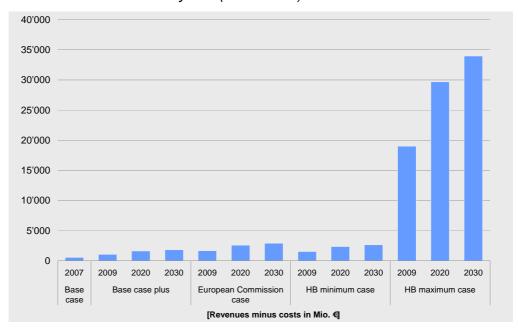


Annex I - Figure 84: Comparison of road user charges paid by German road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

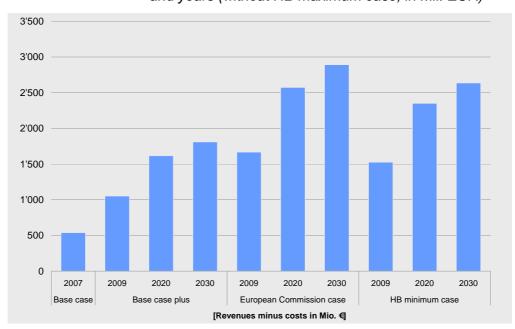


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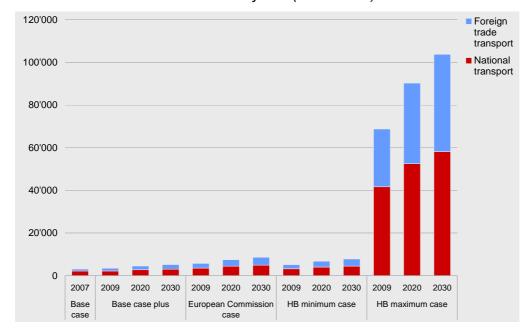
Annex I - Figure 85: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Germany with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



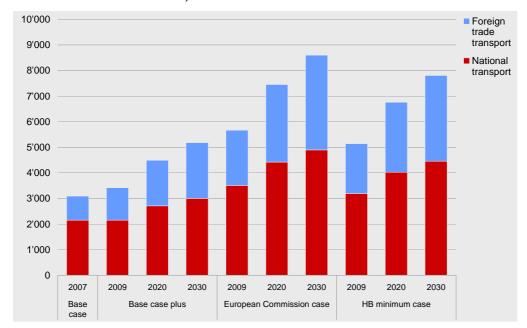
Annex I - Figure 86: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Germany with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



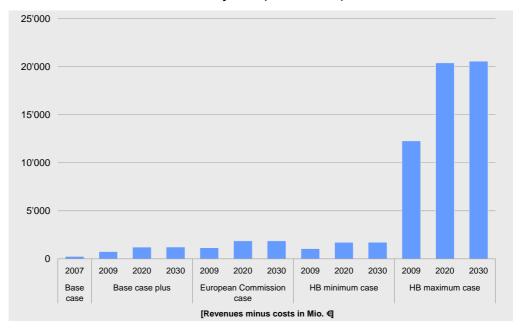
Annex I - Figure 87: Comparison of road user charge costs for the German economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



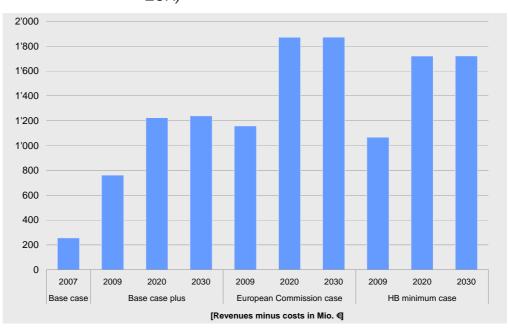
Annex I - Figure 88: Comparison of road user charge costs for the German economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 89: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Germany with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



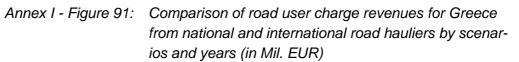
Annex I - Figure 90: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Germany with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

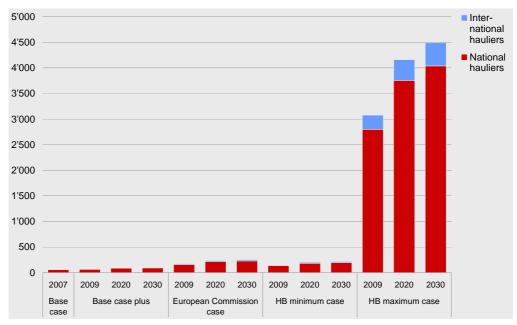


Greece

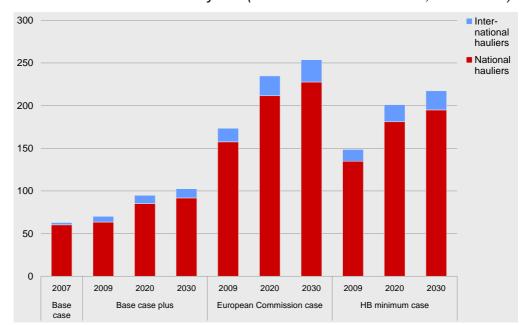
Annex I - Table 10: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits GR		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge	national hauliers	60	63	85	92	157	212	228	135	181	195	2'799	3'756	4'039
revenues collected by GR from	international hauliers	3	7	10	11	16	23	26	14	20	22	279	404	451
	Total	63	70	95	103	174	235	254	149	201	217	3'078	4'160	4'490
Road user charges	inland transport	60	63	85	92	157	212	228	135	181	195	2'799	3'756	4'039
paid by trucks registered in GR for	transport abroad	22	28	37	42	50	65	74	45	59	67	651	826	921
101	Total	82	92	123	134	207	277	302	180	240	262	3'450	4'582	4'959
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-19	-22	-28	-32	-34	-42	-48	-31	-39	-45	-372	-423	-470
for GR with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-23	-24	-23	-24	-16	-15	-16	-17	-16	-17	-11	-9	-9
Total charge costs	national transport	58	58	77	83	144	193	207	123	165	177	2'564	3'447	3'693
of economy in GR for	foreign trade transport	15	23	31	35	44	60	68	39	53	61	651	863	970
	Total	73	80	108	118	188	253	275	162	218	238	3'215	4'310	4'663
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for GR with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-10	-10	-13	-15	-15	-18	-22	-14	-17	-20	-137	-150	-173
	in %	-14	-13	-12	-13	-8	-7	-8	-8	-8	-9	-4	-3	-4

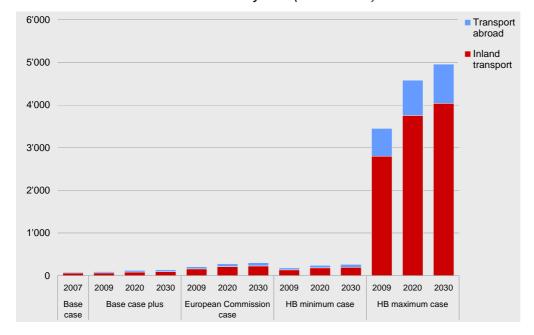




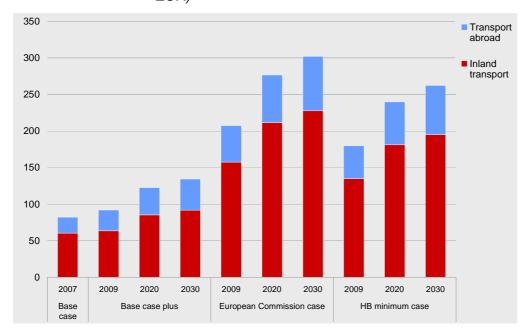
Annex I - Figure 92: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Greece from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



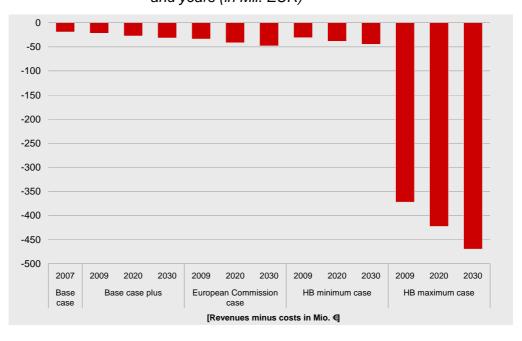
Annex I - Figure 93: Comparison of road user charges paid by Greek road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



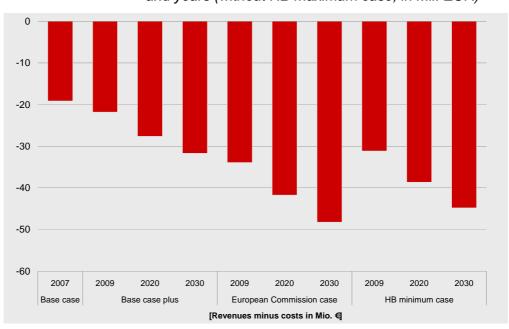
Annex I - Figure 94: Comparison of road user charges paid by Greek road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



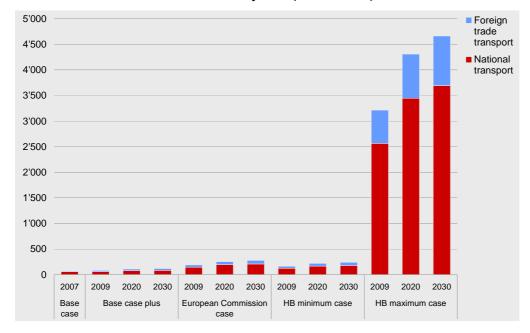
Annex I - Figure 95: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Greece with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



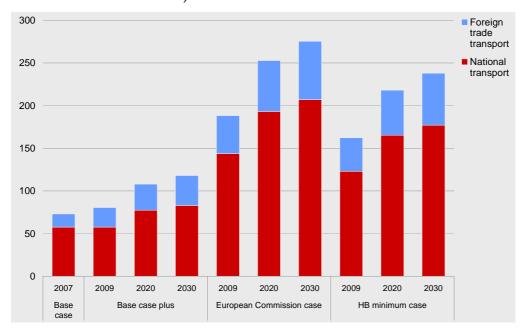
Annex I - Figure 96: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Greece with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



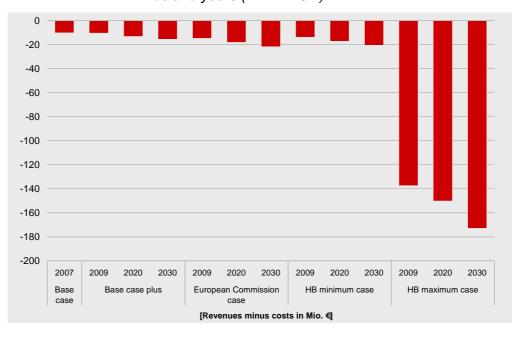
Annex I - Figure 97: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Greek economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



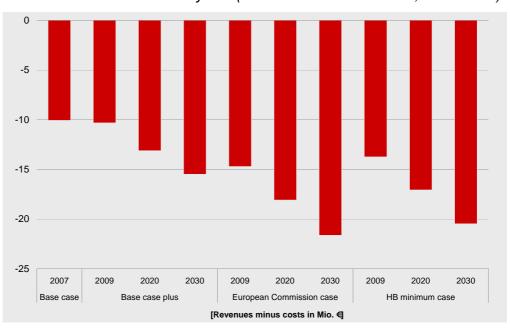
Annex I - Figure 98: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Greek economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 99: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Greece with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



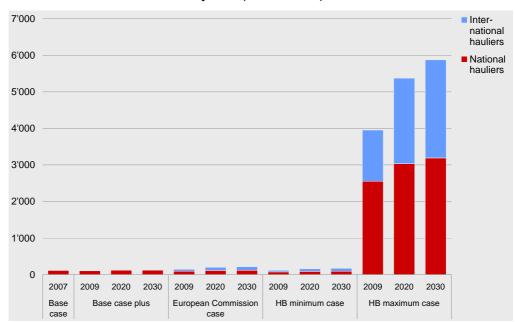
Annex I - Figure 100: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Greece with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Hungary

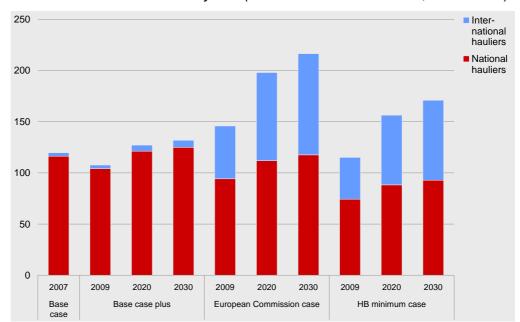
Annex I - Table 11: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits HU		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in	in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		
Road user charge revenues collected by HU from	national hauliers	116	104	121	125	94	112	118	74	88	93	2'555	3'035	3'191
	international hauliers	3	4	6	7	52	86	99	41	68	78	1'400	2'339	2'683
	Total	120	108	127	132	146	198	216	115	156	171	3'955	5'374	5'874
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in HU for	inland transport	116	104	121	125	94	112	118	74	88	93	2'555	3'035	3'191
	transport abroad	130	163	211	239	277	356	403	250	322	365	3'473	4'395	4'885
101	Total	246	267	332	364	371	468	520	324	411	458	6'028	7'429	8'076
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-126	-159	-205	-232	-225	-270	-304	-209	-254	-287	-2'073	-2'055	-2'202
for HU with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-51	-60	-62	-64	-61	-58	-58	-65	-62	-63	-34	-28	-27
Total charge costs	national transport	114	102	119	122	64	75	77	51	59	61	1'748	2'032	2'094
of economy in HU for	foreign trade transport	60	70	79	82	142	165	172	126	145	151	2'172	2'553	2'672
	Total	174	172	198	204	207	240	249	176	204	212	3'920	4'585	4'766
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for HU with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-55	-64	-71	-73	-61	-42	-33	-61	-48	-41	35	789	1'108
	in %	-31	-37	-36	-36	-30	-17	-13	-35	-23	-20	1	17	23

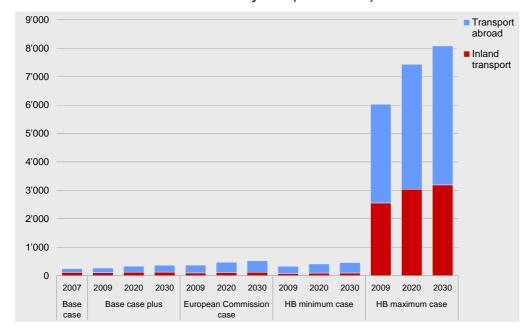


Annex I - Figure 101: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Hungary from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

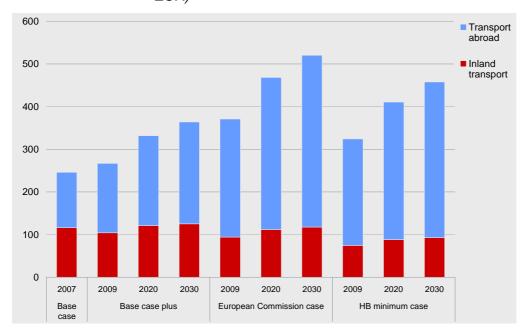
Annex I - Figure 102: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Hungary from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



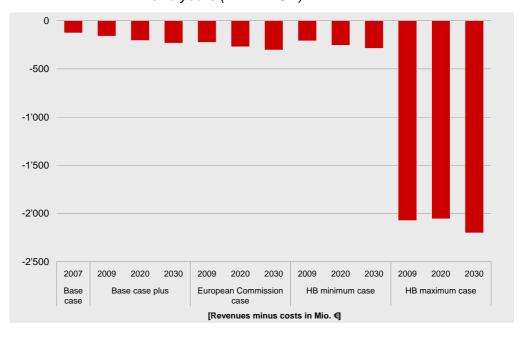
Annex I - Figure 103: Comparison of road user charges paid by Hungarian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



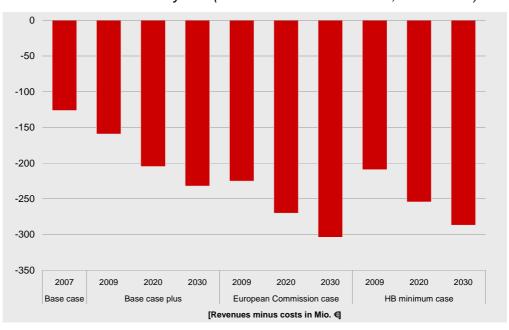
Annex I - Figure 104: Comparison of road user charges paid by Hungarian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



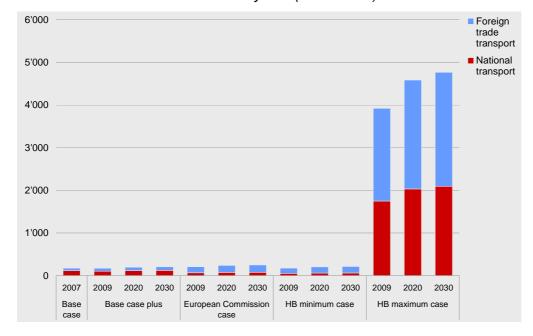
Annex I - Figure 105: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Hungary with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



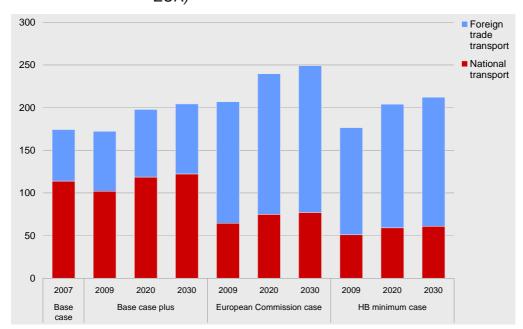
Annex I - Figure 106: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Hungary with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

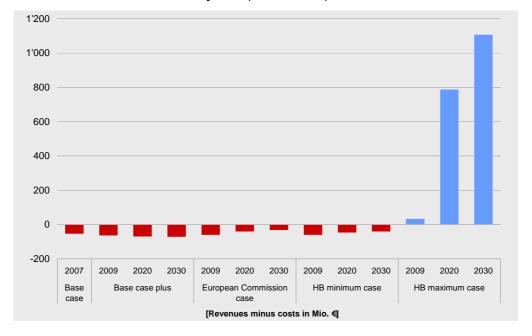


Annex I - Figure 107: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Hungarian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



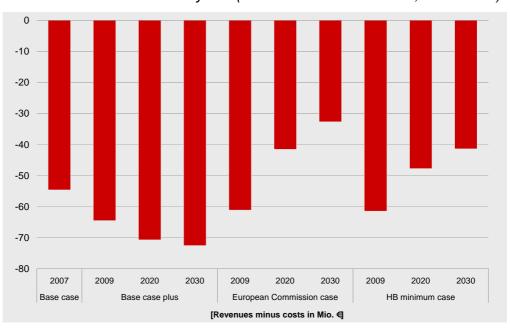
Annex I - Figure 108: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Hungarian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)





Annex I - Figure 109: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Hungary with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

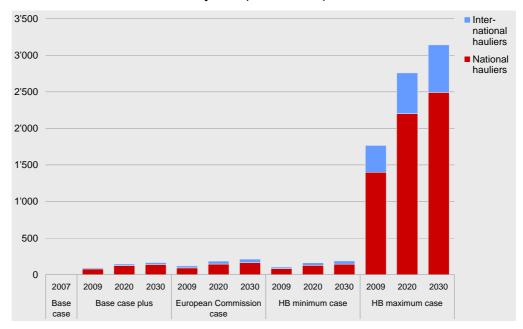
Annex I - Figure 110: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Hungary with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Ireland

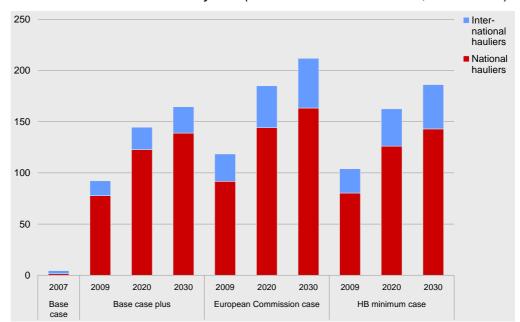
Annex I - Table 12: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits IE		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in	in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR		
Road user charge	national hauliers	1	78	123	139	92	144	163	80	126	143	1'401	2'202	2'492
revenues collected by IE from	international hauliers	3	15	22	26	27	41	49	24	36	43	366	557	649
	Total	4	92	145	165	118	185	212	104	163	186	1'767	2'759	3'142
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in IE for	inland transport	1	78	123	139	92	144	163	80	126	143	1'401	2'202	2'492
	transport abroad	11	36	67	84	67	124	158	60	111	142	944	1'701	2'171
	Total	12	114	189	223	159	268	321	140	237	285	2'345	3'903	4'663
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-8	-21	-45	-59	-40	-83	-110	-36	-75	-98	-578	-1'144	-1'521
for IE with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-64	-19	-24	-26	-25	-31	-34	-26	-31	-35	-25	-29	-33
Table and the	national transport	0	73	116	132	83	133	151	73	116	131	1'286	2'056	2'329
Total charge costs of economy in IE for	foreign trade transport	7	51	89	105	97	171	202	86	152	180	1'391	2'437	2'857
	Total	7	123	206	237	180	304	353	159	269	312	2'677	4'493	5'186
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for IE with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-2	-31	-61	-72	-61	-119	-141	-55	-106	-125	-911	-1'734	-2'044
	in %	-35	-25	-30	-30	-34	-39	-40	-34	-39	-40	-34	-39	-39

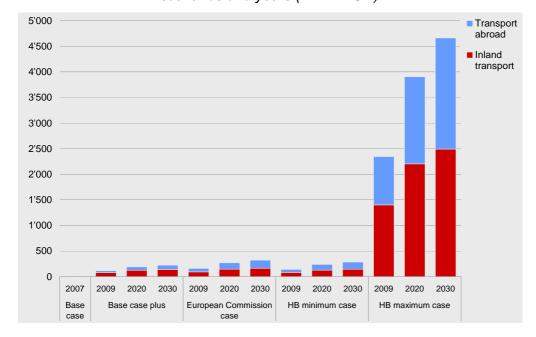


Annex I - Figure 111: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Ireland from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

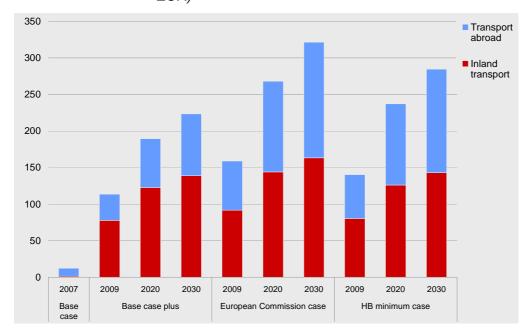
Annex I - Figure 112: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Ireland from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



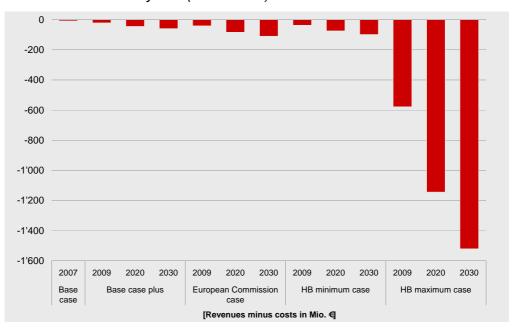
Annex I - Figure 113: Comparison of road user charges paid by Irish road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



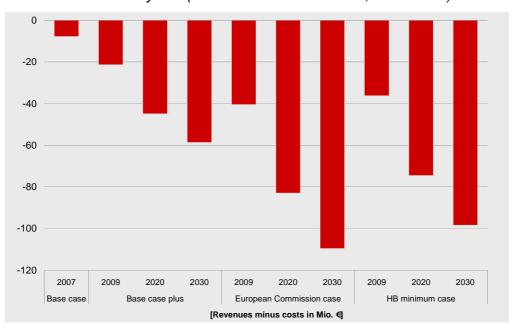
Annex I - Figure 114: Comparison of road user charges paid by Irish road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



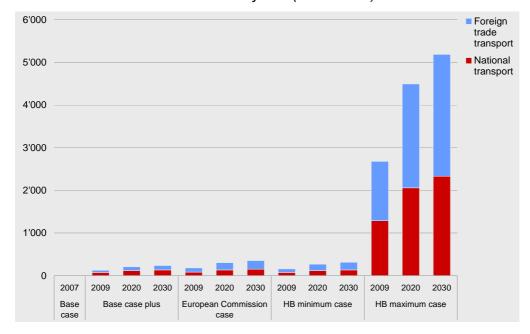
Annex I - Figure 115: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Ireland with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



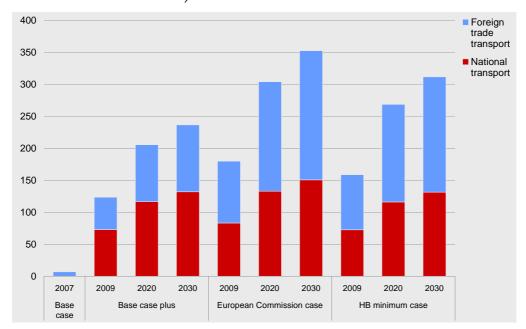
Annex I - Figure 116: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Ireland with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



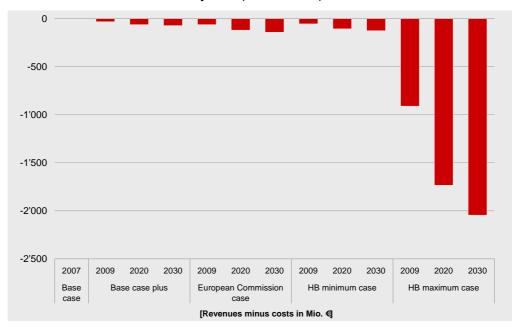
Annex I - Figure 117: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Irish economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



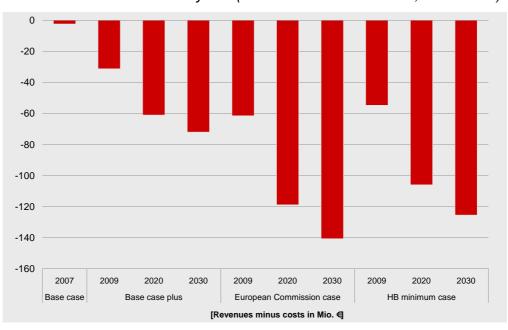
Annex I - Figure 118: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Irish economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 119: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Ireland with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



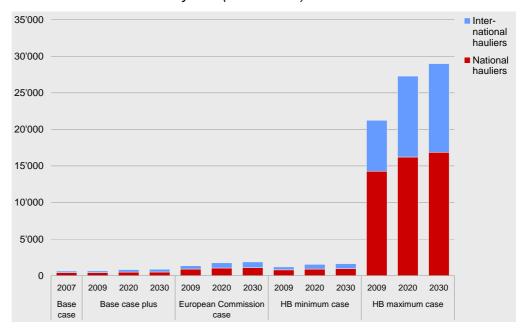
Annex I - Figure 120: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Ireland with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Italy

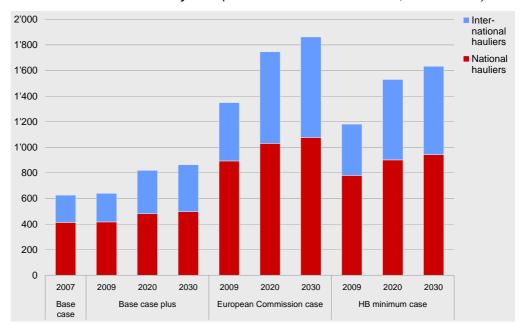
Annex I - Table 13: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits IT		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case			
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR				
Road user charge revenues collected by IT from	national hauliers	413	416	480	496	893	1'030	1'076	780	902	942	14'268	16'224	16'868	
	international hauliers	213	224	339	367	456	716	786	401	628	690	6'959	11'061	12'124	
	Total	626	639	819	864	1'349	1'746	1'863	1'181	1'530	1'633	21'227	27'285	28'992	
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in IT for	inland transport	413	416	480	496	893	1'030	1'076	780	902	942	14'268	16'224	16'868	
	transport abroad	306	382	597	672	544	857	972	505	796	905	5'070	7'871	8'779	
	Total	718	797	1'077	1'169	1'437	1'887	2'048	1'284	1'698	1'847	19'337	24'095	25'647	
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-93	-158	-258	-305	-88	-141	-185	-104	-168	-214	1'889	3'190	3'345	
for IT with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-13	-20	-24	-26	-6	-7	-9	-8	-10	-12	10	13	13	
Table	national transport	288	288	296	300	666	687	695	576	594	601	11'300	11'644	11'788	
Total charge costs of economy in IT for	foreign trade transport	544	633	983	1'089	1'007	1'590	1'776	918	1'450	1'623	11'462	18'039	19'823	
	Total	831	920	1'279	1'389	1'673	2'277	2'471	1'494	2'044	2'224	22'762	29'682	31'611	
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for IT with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-206	-281	-460	-525	-324	-531	-609	-313	-514	-591	-1'535	-2'397	-2'619	
	in %	-25	-31	-36	-38	-19	-23	-25	-21	-25	-27	-7	-8	-8	

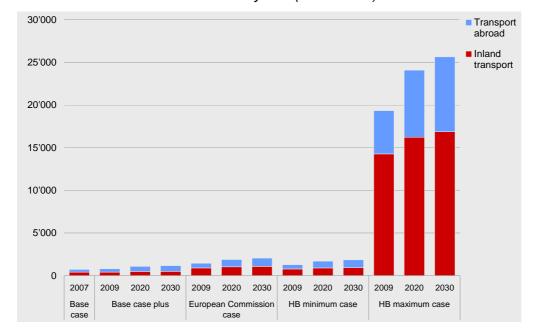


Annex I - Figure 121: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Italy from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

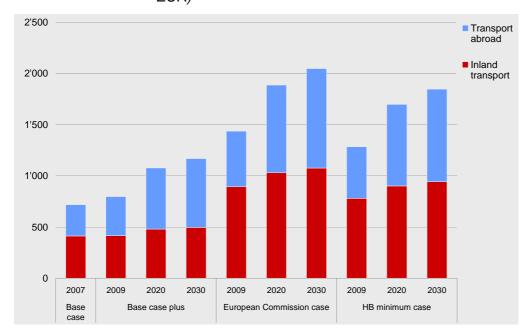
Annex I - Figure 122: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Italy from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

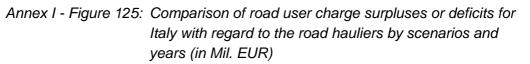


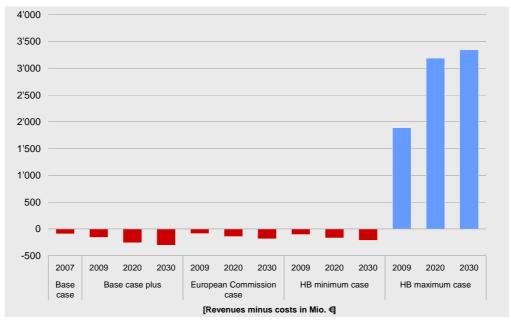
Annex I - Figure 123: Comparison of road user charges paid by Italian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



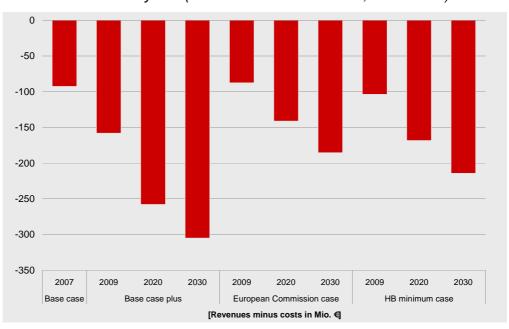
Annex I - Figure 124: Comparison of road user charges paid by Italian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



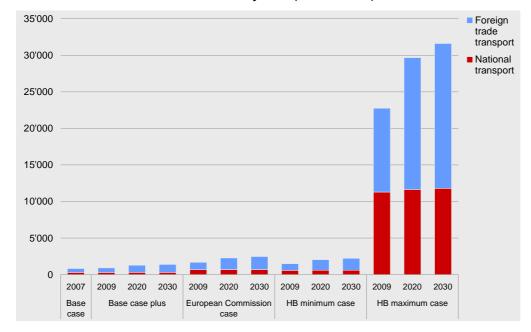




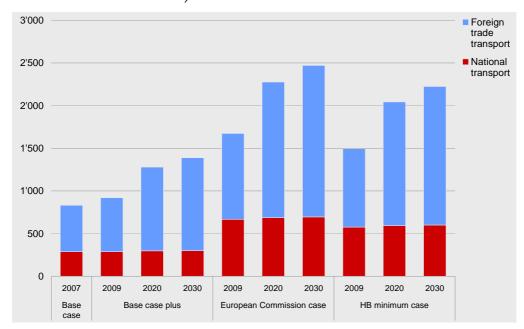
Annex I - Figure 126: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Italy with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 127: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Italian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

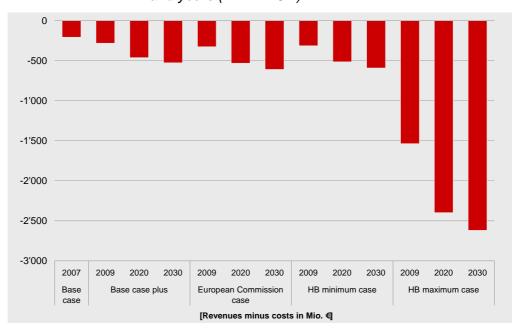


Annex I - Figure 128: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Italian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

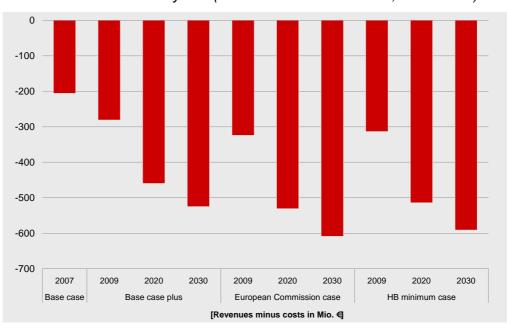


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Annex I - Figure 129: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Italy with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



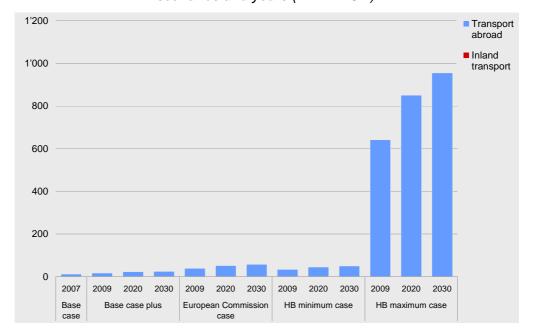
Annex I - Figure 130: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Italy with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Latvia

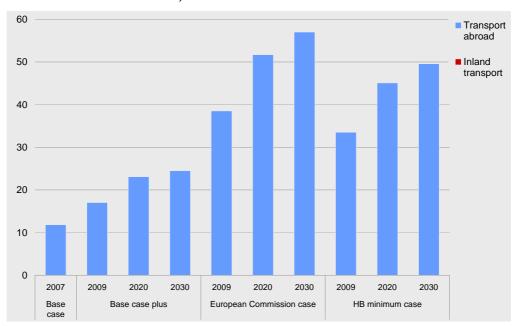
Annex I - Table 14: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits LV		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mii case	nimum	Handbook maximum case			
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR				
Road user charge revenues collected by LV from	national hauliers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	international hauliers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in LV for	inland transport	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	transport abroad	12	17	23	24	39	52	57	34	45	50	642	850	956	
	Total	12	17	23	24	39	52	57	34	45	50	642	850	956	
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-12	-17	-23	-24	-39	-52	-57	-34	-45	-50	-642	-850	-956	
for LV with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	
Total charge costs	national transport	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
of economy in LV for	foreign trade transport	9	10	14	16	24	35	41	21	31	35	418	623	736	
	Total	9	10	14	16	24	35	41	21	31	35	418	623	736	
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for LV with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-9	-10	-14	-16	-24	-35	-41	-21	-31	-35	-418	-623	-736	
	in %	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	

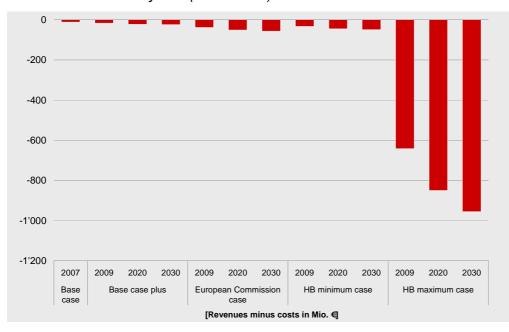


Annex I - Figure 131: Comparison of road user charges paid by Latvian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

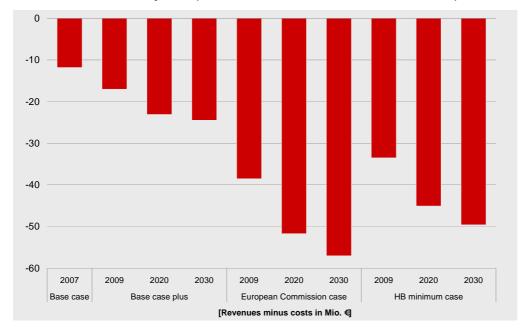
Annex I - Figure 132: Comparison of road user charges paid by Latvian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



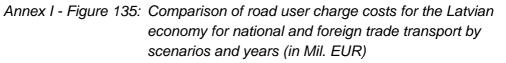
Annex I - Figure 133: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Latvia with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

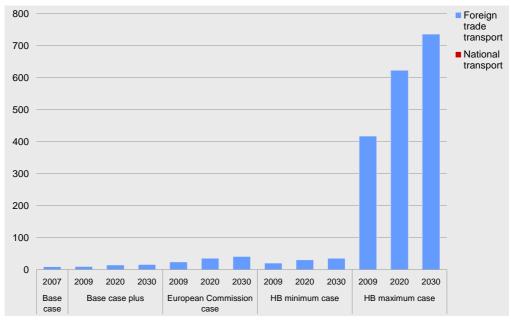


Annex I - Figure 134: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Latvia with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

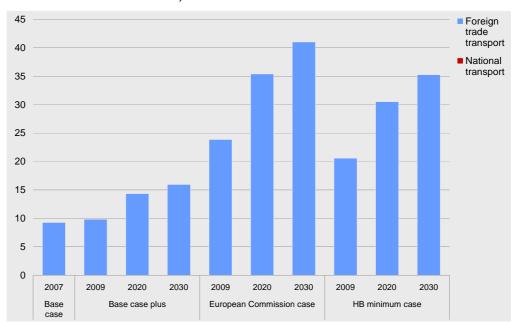


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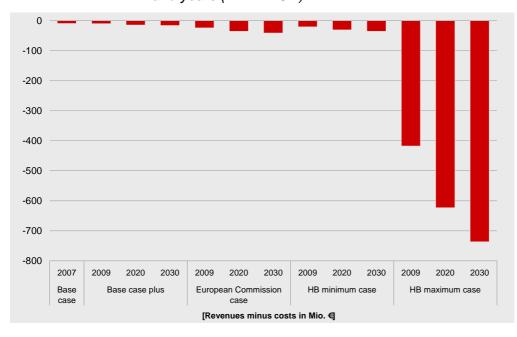




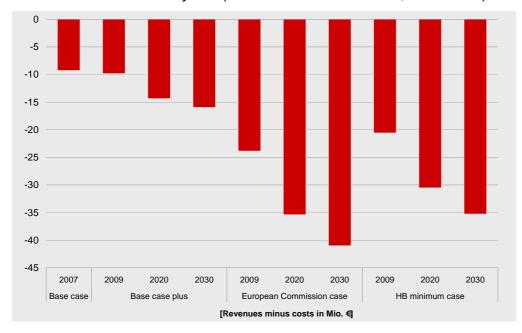
Annex I - Figure 136: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Latvian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 137: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Latvia with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 138: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Latvia with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

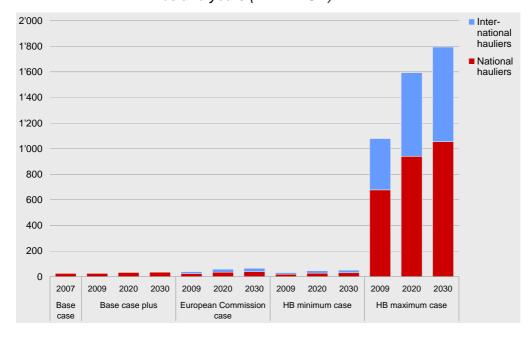


Lithuania

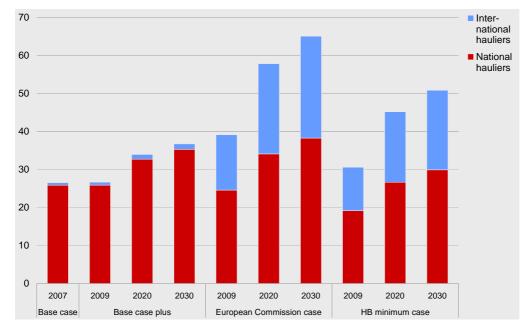
Annex I - Table 15: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

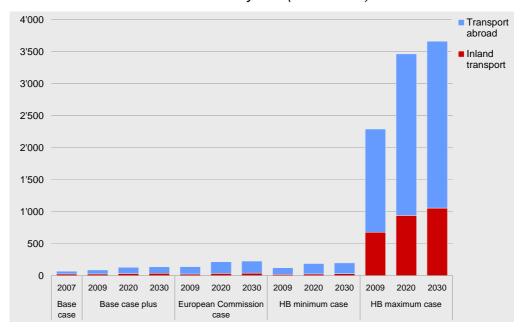
Road user charge surpluses or deficits LT		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by LT from	national hauliers	26	26	33	35	25	34	38	19	27	30	678	940	1'055
	international hauliers	1	1	1	1	15	24	27	11	19	21	401	654	739
	Total	27	27	34	37	39	58	65	31	45	51	1'079	1'595	1'794
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in LT for	inland transport	26	26	33	35	25	34	38	19	27	30	678	940	1'055
	transport abroad	43	62	98	102	115	182	189	103	162	169	1'614	2'526	2'608
	Total	69	88	130	137	140	216	227	122	189	198	2'292	3'466	3'663
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-42	-61	-96	-100	-101	-158	-162	-91	-143	-148	-1'213	-1'872	-1'869
for LT with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-61	-70	-74	-73	-72	-73	-71	-75	-76	-74	-53	-54	-51
Total charge costs	national transport	25	25	32	34	16	20	21	12	15	17	435	547	589
of economy in LT for	foreign trade transport	12	19	33	34	44	75	79	38	65	68	749	1'255	1'332
	Total	37	44	65	68	60	95	100	50	81	85	1'185	1'802	1'921
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for LT with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-11	-18	-31	-31	-21	-37	-35	-20	-35	-34	-106	-207	-127
	in %	-29	-40	-47	-46	-35	-39	-35	-39	-44	-40	-9	-11	-7

Annex I - Figure 139: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Lithuania from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



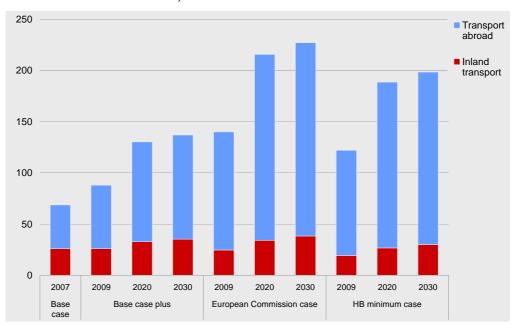
Annex I - Figure 140: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Lithuania from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)





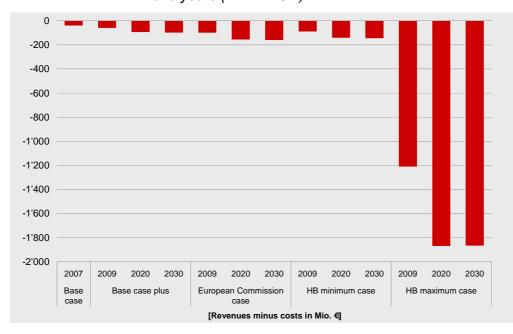
Annex I - Figure 141: Comparison of road user charges paid by Lithuanian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

Annex I - Figure 142: Comparison of road user charges paid by Lithuanian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

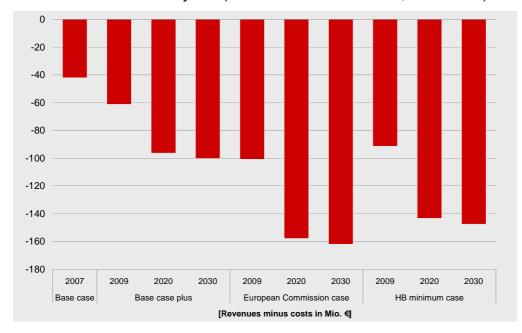


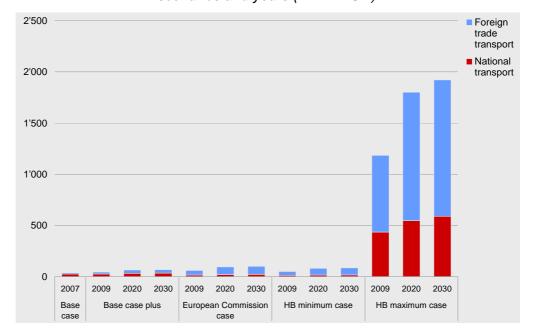
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Annex I - Figure 143: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Lithuania with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



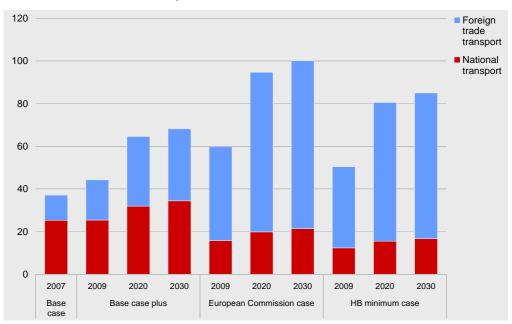
Annex I - Figure 144: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Lithuania with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



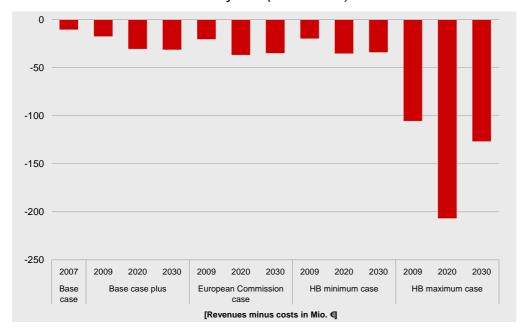


Annex I - Figure 145: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Lithuanian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

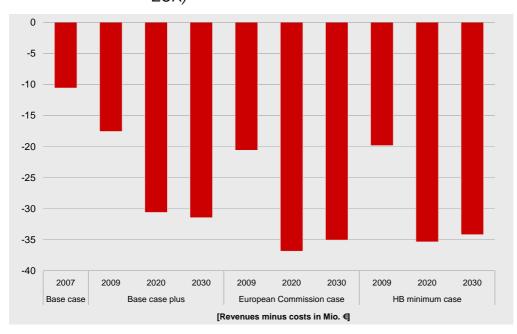
Annex I - Figure 146: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Lithuanian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 147: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Lithuania with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 148: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Lithuania with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

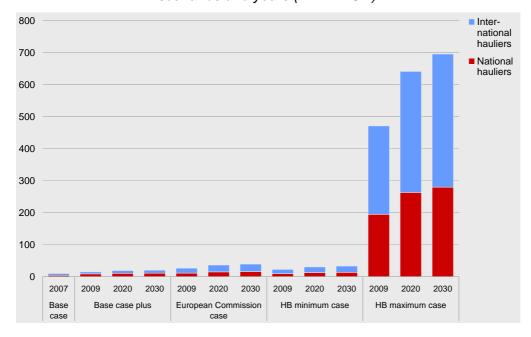


Luxembourg

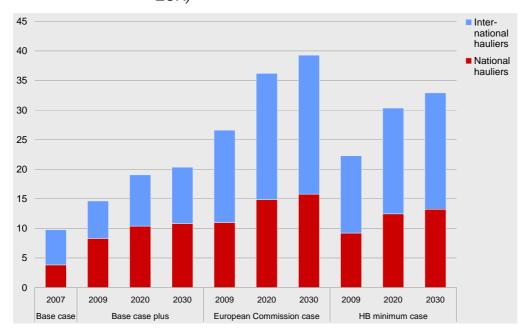
Annex I - Table 16: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

Road user charge surpluses or deficits LU		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case			
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR				
Road user charge revenues collected by LU from	national hauliers	4	8	10	11	11	15	16	9	12	13	195	263	279	
	international hauliers	6	6	9	10	16	21	24	13	18	20	276	378	416	
	Total	10	15	19	20	27	36	39	22	30	33	471	641	696	
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in LU for	inland transport	4	8	10	11	11	15	16	9	12	13	195	263	279	
	transport abroad	69	99	141	158	171	244	274	153	219	246	2'178	3'139	3'488	
101	Total	72	107	151	169	182	259	290	163	232	259	2'373	3'402	3'768	
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-63	-93	-132	-148	-155	-223	-250	-140	-201	-226	-1'902	-2'761	-3'072	
for LU with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-86	-86	-87	-88	-85	-86	-86	-86	-87	-87	-80	-81	-82	
Total charge costs	national transport	2	7	8	8	7	8	8	6	7	7	127	144	146	
of economy in LU for	foreign trade transport	31	47	84	95	82	148	167	73	132	150	1'061	1'942	2'188	
	Total	33	53	91	103	89	156	176	79	139	157	1'188	2'087	2'334	
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for LU with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-23	-39	-72	-83	-62	-120	-136	-57	-109	-124	-717	-1'445	-1'639	
	in %	-70	-73	-79	-80	-70	-77	-78	-72	-78	-79	-60	-69	-70	

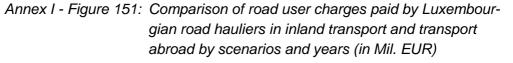
Annex I - Figure 149: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Luxembourg from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

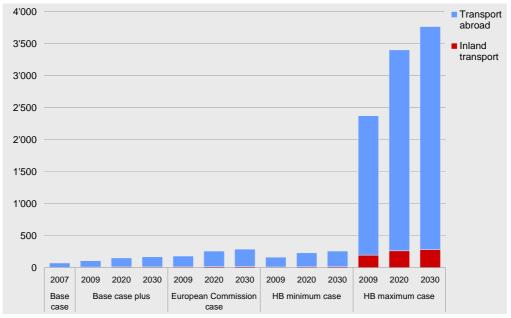


Annex I - Figure 150: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Luxembourg from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

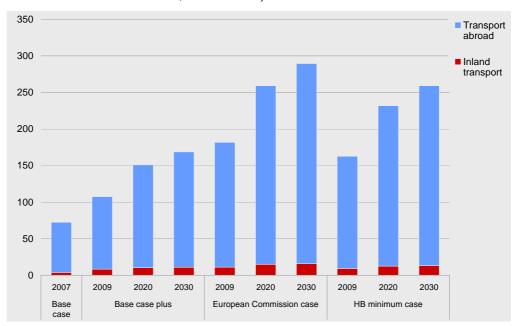


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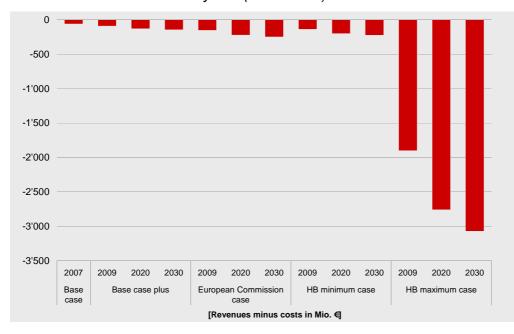




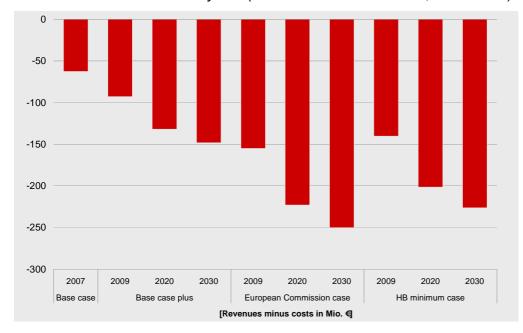
Annex I - Figure 152: Comparison of road user charges paid by Luxembourgian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



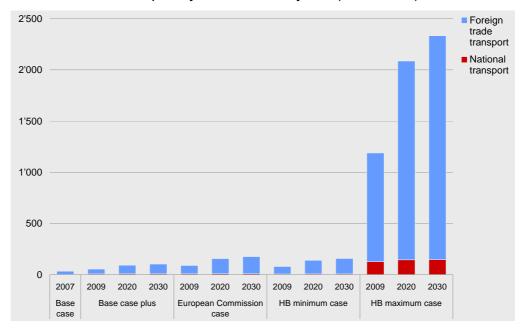
Annex I - Figure 153: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Luxembourg with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



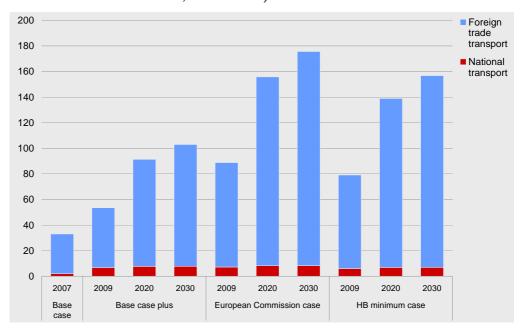
Annex I - Figure 154: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Luxembourg with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



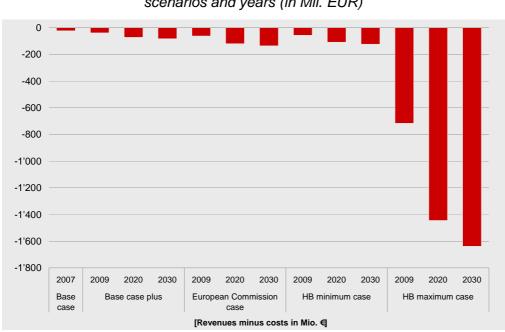
Annex I - Figure 155: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Luxembourgian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



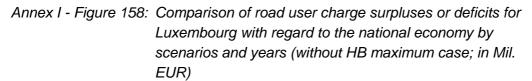
Annex I - Figure 156: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Luxembourgian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

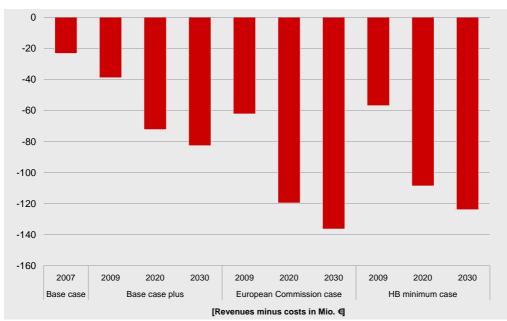


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Annex I - Figure 157: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Luxembourg with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)





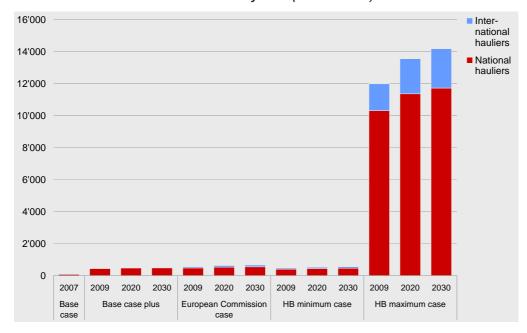
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Netherlands

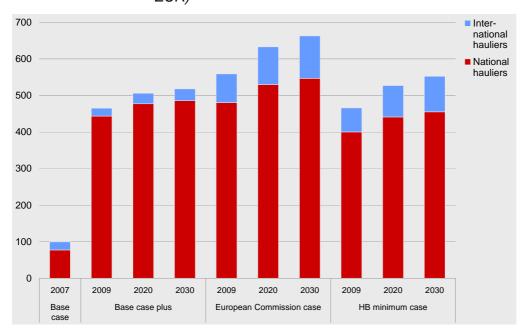
Annex I - Table 17: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

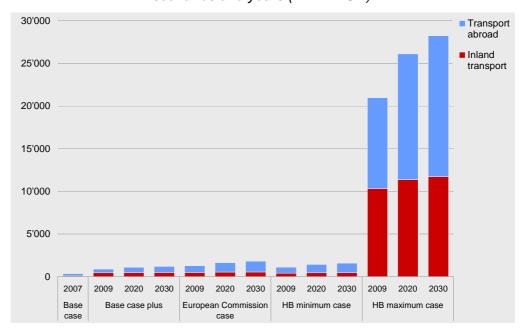
Road user charge surpluses or deficits NL		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by NL from	national hauliers	77	443	477	486	480	530	546	400	441	455	10'317	11'367	11'727
	international hauliers	22	22	29	32	79	103	116	66	86	97	1'677	2'191	2'460
	Total	100	465	506	518	559	633	663	466	527	552	11'994	13'558	14'187
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in NL for	inland transport	77	443	477	486	480	530	546	400	441	455	10'317	11'367	11'727
	transport abroad	266	439	610	704	790	1'098	1'257	706	982	1'127	10'661	14'743	16'505
101	Total	344	882	1'087	1'189	1'270	1'628	1'803	1'106	1'423	1'582	20'978	26'109	28'233
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-244	-417	-581	-671	-711	-995	-1'140	-640	-896	-1'030	-8'983	-12'551	-14'045
for NL with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-71	-47	-53	-56	-56	-61	-63	-58	-63	-65	-43	-48	-50
Total charge costs	national transport	42	408	434	440	352	375	379	293	312	316	7'583	8'080	8'176
of economy in NL for	foreign trade transport	263	369	449	474	700	848	893	622	754	795	10'000	12'005	12'468
	Total	306	777	883	914	1'052	1'223	1'272	915	1'067	1'111	17'583	20'085	20'644
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for NL with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-206	-312	-377	-396	-493	-591	-610	-449	-539	-559	-5'589	-6'527	-6'457
	in %	-67	-40	-43	-43	-47	-48	-48	-49	-51	-50	-32	-32	-31

Annex I - Figure 159: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Netherlands from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



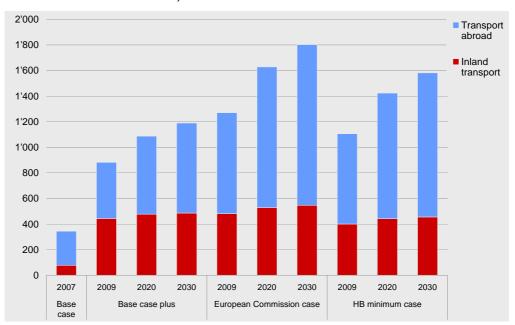
Annex I - Figure 160: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Netherlands from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



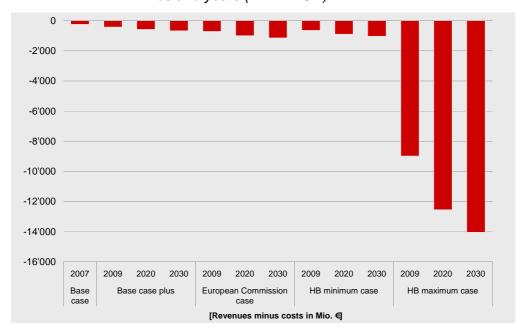


Annex I - Figure 161: Comparison of road user charges paid by Dutch road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

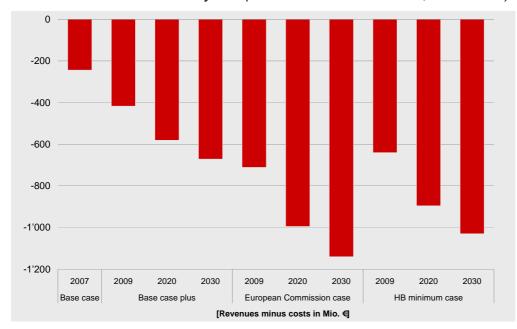
Annex I - Figure 162: Comparison of road user charges paid by Dutch road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



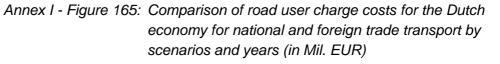
Annex I - Figure 163: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Netherlands with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

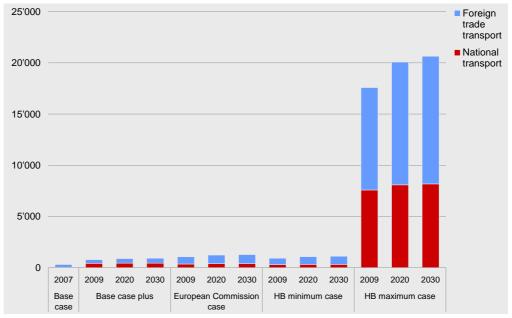


Annex I - Figure 164: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Netherlands with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

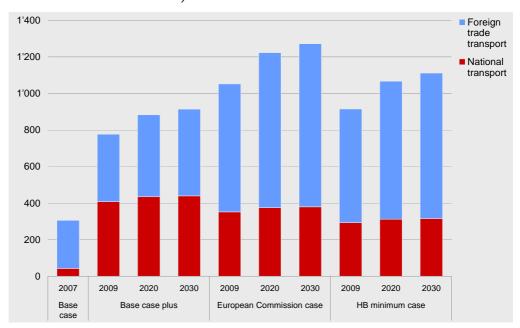


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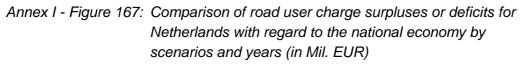


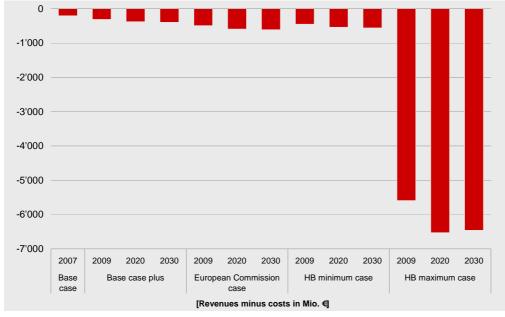


Annex I - Figure 166: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Dutch economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

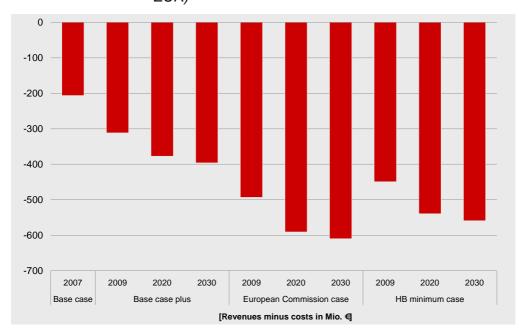


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Annex I - Figure 168: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Netherlands with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



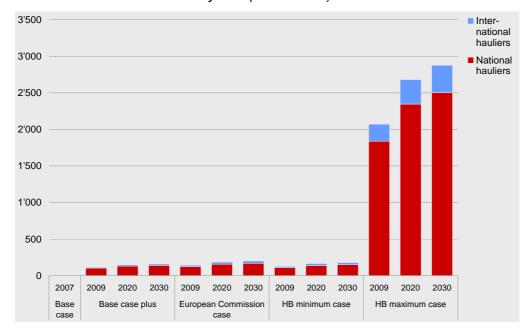
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Norway

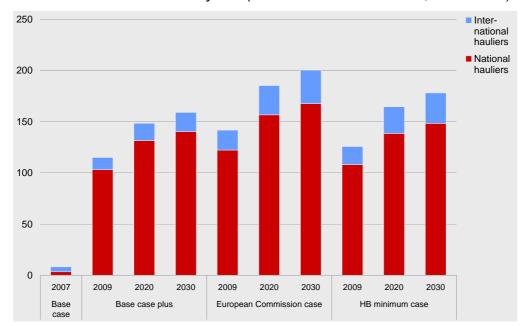
Annex I - Table 18: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

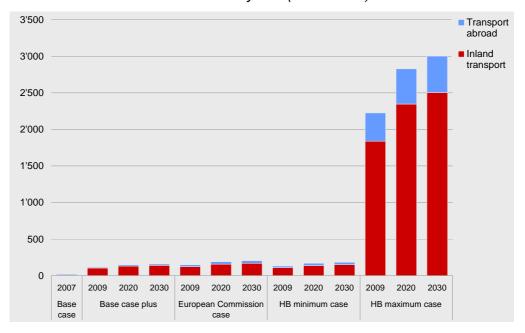
Road user charge surpluses or deficits NO		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by NO from	national hauliers	3	103	132	140	122	157	168	108	138	148	1'838	2'347	2'503
	international hauliers	5	12	17	19	20	29	33	18	26	30	233	335	373
	Total	8	115	148	159	142	185	200	126	164	178	2'071	2'682	2'876
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in NO for	inland transport	3	103	132	140	122	157	168	108	138	148	1'838	2'347	2'503
	transport abroad	13	13	16	18	26	34	37	23	30	34	386	482	499
101	Total	16	116	148	158	148	190	205	131	168	182	2'225	2'829	3'002
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-8	-1	0	1	-6	-5	-5	-5	-4	-4	-153	-147	-126
for NO with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-50	-1	0	0	-4	-3	-2	-4	-2	-2	-7	-5	-4
Total charge costs	national transport	0	94	120	128	108	137	146	95	121	128	1'664	2'119	2'258
of economy in NO for	foreign trade transport	16	27	41	45	51	77	87	46	69	79	720	1'012	1'082
	Total	16	121	161	173	159	214	233	140	190	207	2'385	3'131	3'340
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for NO with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-7	-6	-12	-14	-17	-29	-32	-15	-25	-29	-313	-449	-464
	in %	-47	-5	-8	-8	-11	-13	-14	-10	-13	-14	-13	-14	-14

Annex I - Figure 169: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Norway from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



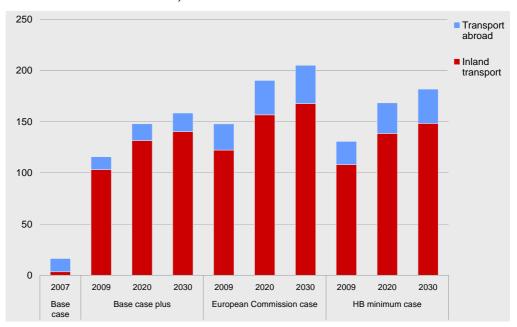
Annex I - Figure 170: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Norway from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



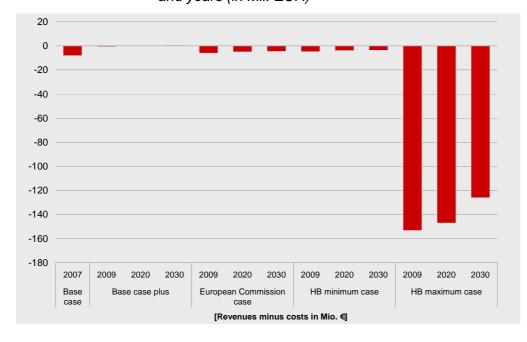


Annex I - Figure 171: Comparison of road user charges paid by Norwegian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

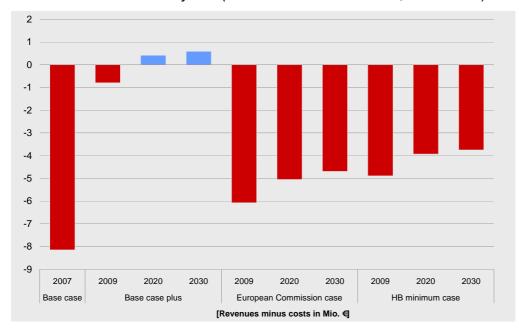
Annex I - Figure 172: Comparison of road user charges paid by Norwegian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

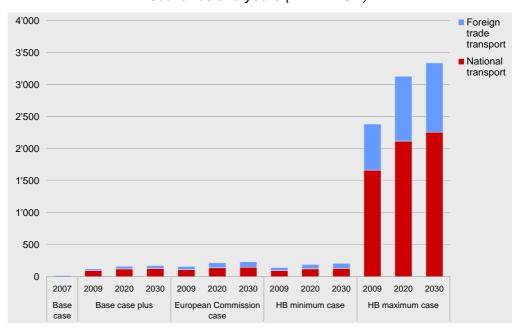


Annex I - Figure 173: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Norway with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



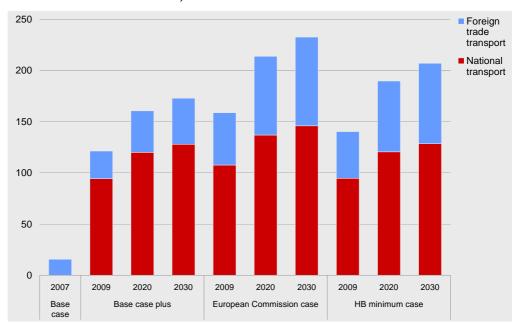
Annex I - Figure 174: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Norway with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



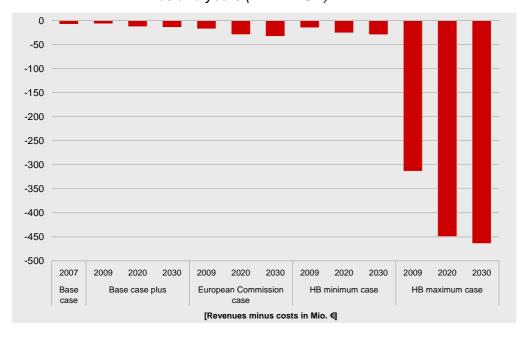


Annex I - Figure 175: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Norwegian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

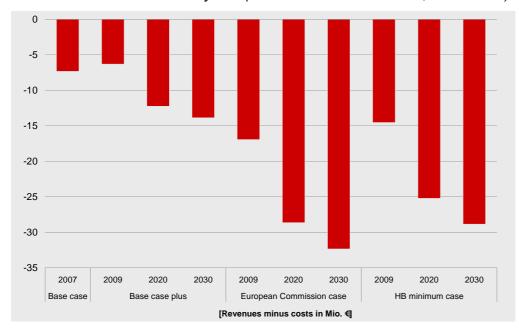
Annex I - Figure 176: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Norwegian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 177: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Norway with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 178: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Norway with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

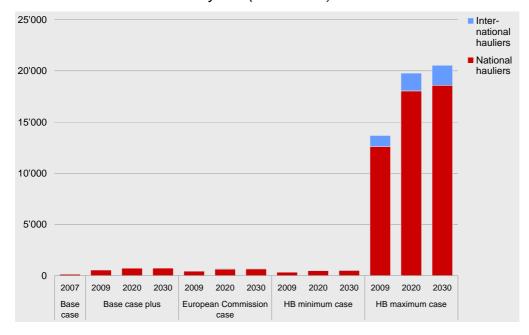


Poland

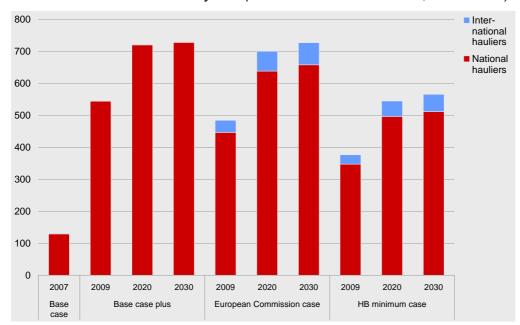
Annex I - Table 19: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

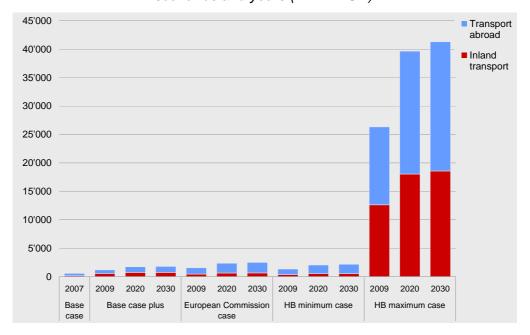
Road user charge surpluses or deficits PL		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by PL from	national hauliers	129	544	720	728	446	638	658	347	496	511	12'614	18'039	18'586
	international hauliers	2	1	2	2	38	62	69	30	48	54	1'075	1'753	1'960
	Total	131	545	722	730	484	700	727	377	545	565	13'689	19'792	20'546
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in PL for	inland transport	129	544	720	728	446	638	658	347	496	511	12'614	18'039	18'586
	transport abroad	430	643	1'007	1'067	1'093	1'720	1'820	987	1'552	1'645	13'719	21'617	22'702
	Total	559	1'187	1'727	1'794	1'540	2'358	2'478	1'334	2'049	2'156	26'333	39'656	41'288
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-428	-642	-1'005	-1'065	-1'055	-1'658	-1'751	-957	-1'504	-1'591	-12'644	-19'864	-20'742
for PL with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-77	-54	-58	-59	-69	-70	-71	-72	-73	-74	-48	-50	-50
Total charge costs	national transport	122	540	714	721	327	432	437	254	336	340	9'249	12'222	12'342
of economy in PL for	foreign trade transport	168	263	490	515	512	948	999	454	841	886	7'498	13'759	14'470
	Total	290	804	1'204	1'236	839	1'380	1'435	709	1'177	1'226	16'748	25'981	26'812
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for PL with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-159	-259	-482	-506	-355	-680	-708	-332	-633	-661	-3'059	-6'189	-6'265
	in %	-55	-32	-40	-41	-42	-49	-49	-47	-54	-54	-18	-24	-23

Annex I - Figure 179: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Poland from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



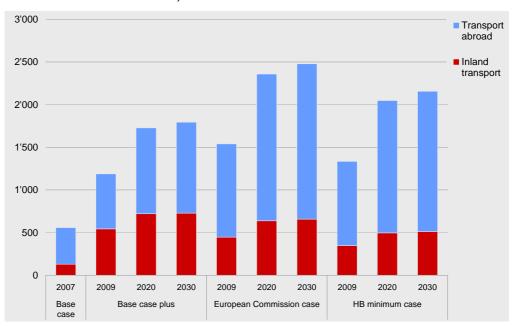
Annex I - Figure 180: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Poland from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



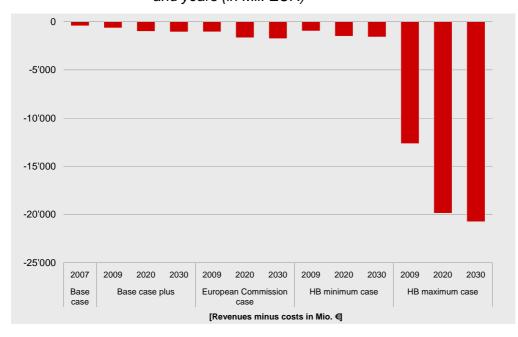


Annex I - Figure 181: Comparison of road user charges paid by Polish road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

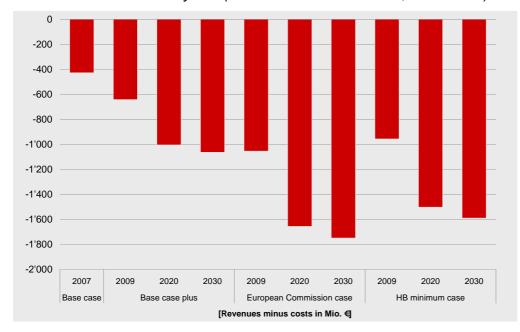
Annex I - Figure 182: Comparison of road user charges paid by Polish road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

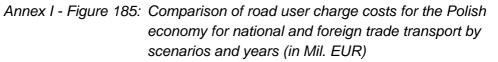


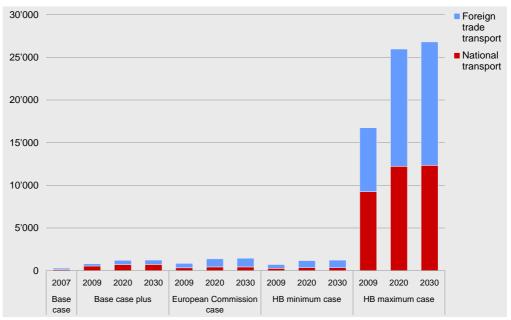
Annex I - Figure 183: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Poland with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



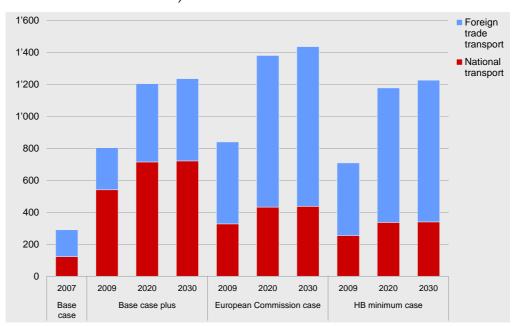
Annex I - Figure 184: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Poland with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



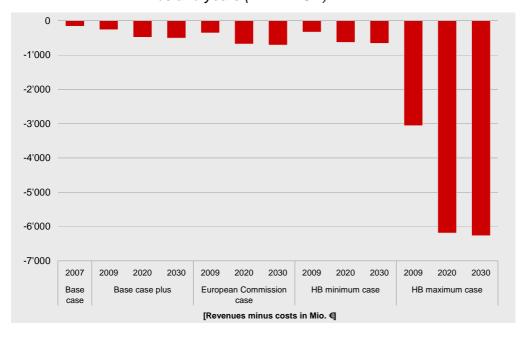




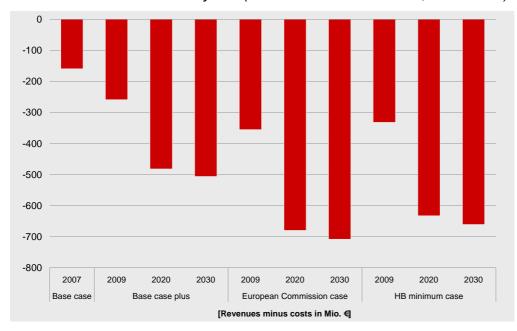
Annex I - Figure 186: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Polish economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 187: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Poland with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 188: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Poland with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



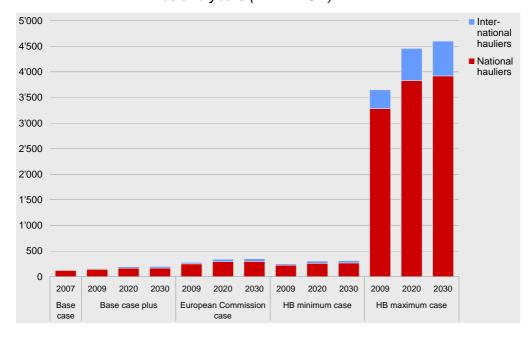
Portugal

Annex I - Table 20: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

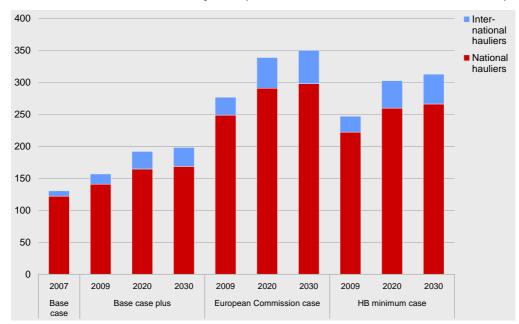
Road user charge surpluses or deficits PT		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by PT from	national hauliers	122	141	165	168	249	291	298	222	260	266	3'283	3'831	3'922
	international hauliers	8	16	27	30	28	48	52	25	43	47	366	627	680
	Total	130	157	192	198	277	339	350	247	303	313	3'649	4'458	4'602
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in PT for	inland transport	122	141	165	168	249	291	298	222	260	266	3'283	3'831	3'922
	transport abroad	117	257	361	386	454	640	685	406	572	613	5'975	8'484	9'080
	Total	239	398	525	555	703	931	983	628	832	879	9'258	12'315	13'002
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-108	-241	-333	-357	-426	-592	-633	-381	-529	-566	-5'609	-7'857	-8'399
for PT with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-45	-61	-63	-64	-61	-64	-64	-61	-64	-64	-61	-64	-65
Total charge costs	national transport	101	101	100	99	178	178	176	159	159	157	2'361	2'354	2'333
of economy in PT for	foreign trade transport	71	171	271	289	304	484	517	272	432	462	4'057	6'457	6'901
	Total	172	271	371	389	482	661	693	431	591	619	6'418	8'812	9'234
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for PT with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-42	-115	-179	-190	-206	-323	-343	-184	-288	-306	-2'769	-4'354	-4'631
	in %	-24	-42	-48	-49	-43	-49	-49	-43	-49	-49	-43	-49	-50

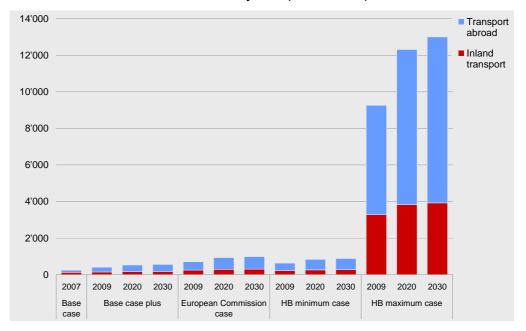
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Annex I - Figure 189: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Portugal from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



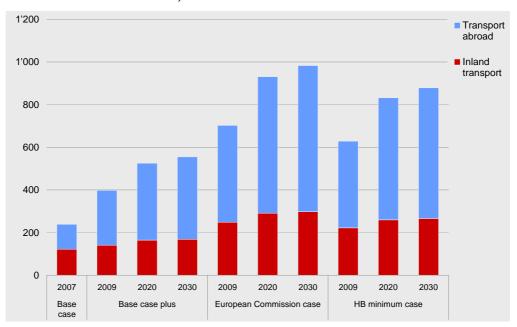
Annex I - Figure 190: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Portugal from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



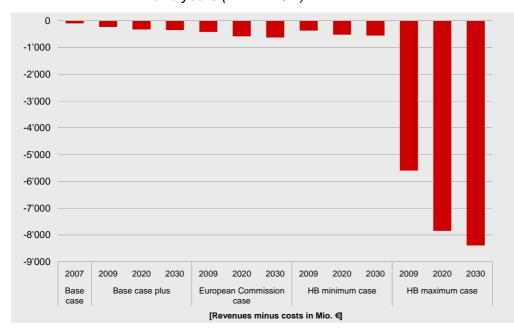


Annex I - Figure 191: Comparison of road user charges paid by Portuguese road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

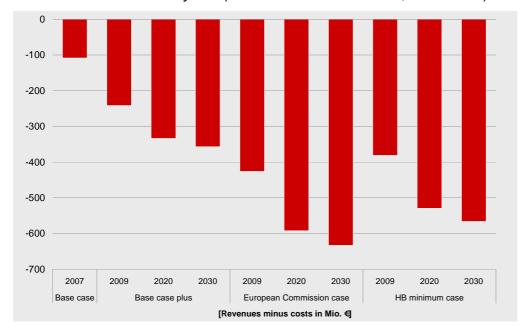
Annex I - Figure 192: Comparison of road user charges paid by Portuguese road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 193: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Portugal with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

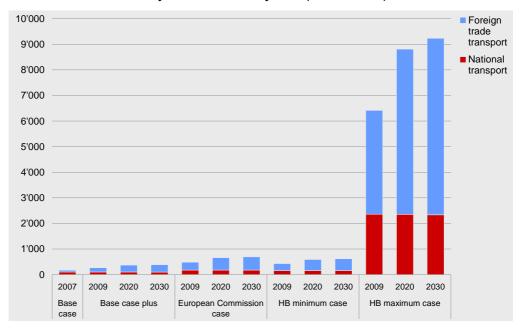


Annex I - Figure 194: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Portugal with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

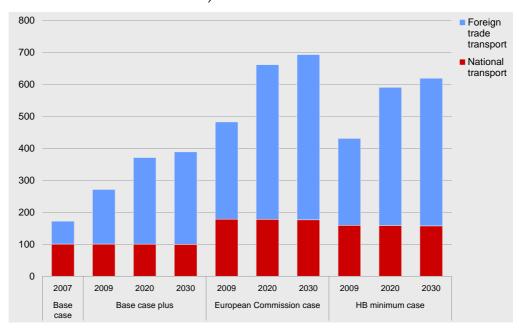


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Annex I - Figure 195: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Portuguese economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

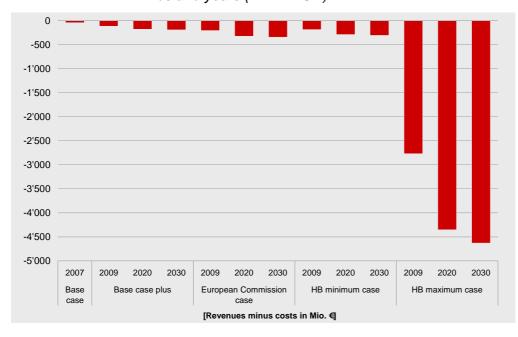


Annex I - Figure 196: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Portuguese economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

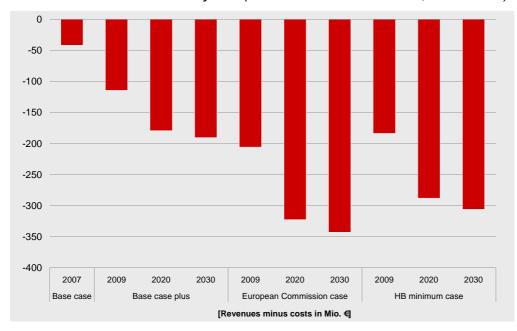


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Annex I - Figure 197: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Portugal with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 198: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Portugal with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

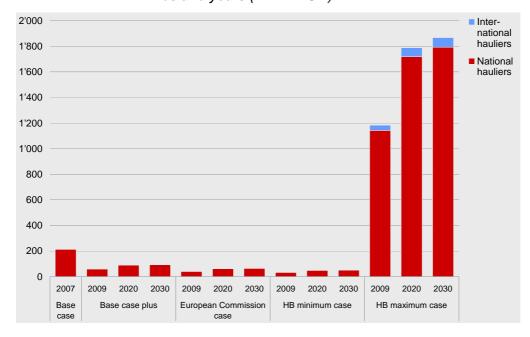


Romania

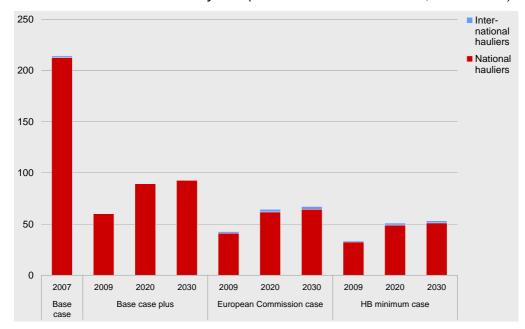
Annex I - Table 21: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

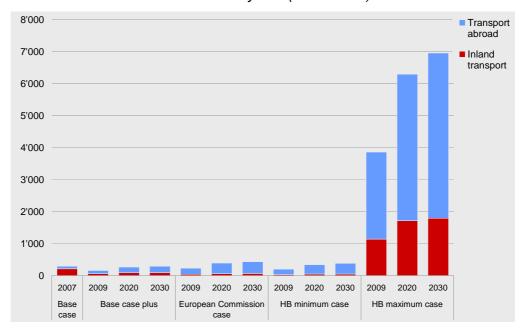
Road user charge surpluses or deficits RO		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case			
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR				
Road user charge revenues collected by RO from	national hauliers	213	60	90	93	41	62	64	33	49	51	1'142	1'718	1'793	
	international hauliers	2	0	0	0	1	3	3	1	2	2	41	71	75	
	Total	214	60	90	93	43	64	67	34	51	53	1'184	1'790	1'868	
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in RO for	inland transport	213	60	90	93	41	62	64	33	49	51	1'142	1'718	1'793	
	transport abroad	79	101	178	198	191	330	370	170	294	330	2'720	4'577	5'165	
	Total	292	161	267	291	232	391	434	203	343	381	3'863	6'296	6'958	
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-78	-101	-178	-198	-190	-327	-367	-169	-292	-328	-2'679	-4'506	-5'090	
for RO with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-27	-63	-66	-68	-82	-84	-85	-83	-85	-86	-69	-72	-73	
Total charge costs	national transport	211	60	89	92	37	55	57	29	44	45	1'027	1'527	1'581	
of economy in RO for	foreign trade transport	50	54	96	107	107	187	210	95	166	186	1'593	2'726	3'069	
	Total	260	114	185	200	144	242	266	124	209	231	2'620	4'253	4'650	
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for RO with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-46	-54	-96	-107	-101	-177	-199	-90	-158	-178	-1'436	-2'463	-2'782	
	in %	-18	-47	-52	-54	-70	-73	-75	-73	-76	-77	-55	-58	-60	

Annex I - Figure 199: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Romania from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



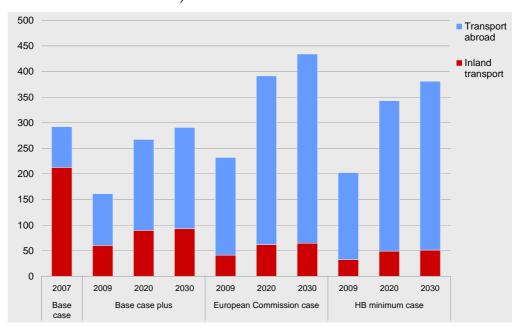
Annex I - Figure 200: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Romania from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



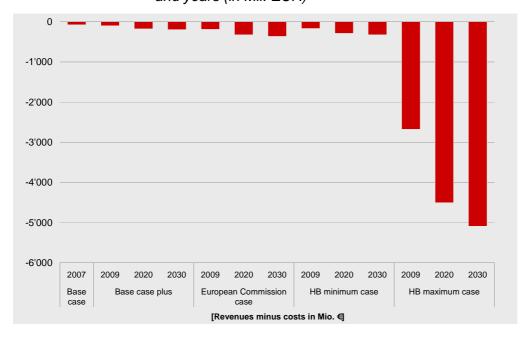


Annex I - Figure 201: Comparison of road user charges paid by Romanian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

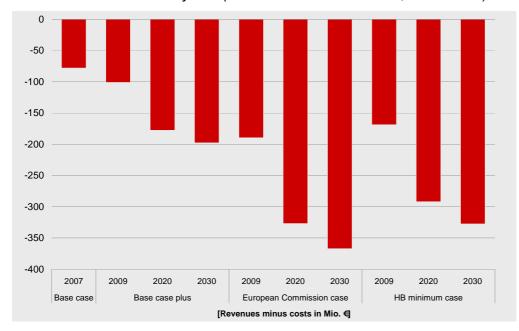
Annex I - Figure 202: Comparison of road user charges paid by Romanian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

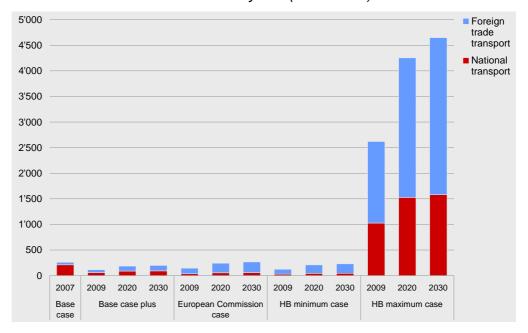


Annex I - Figure 203: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Romania with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



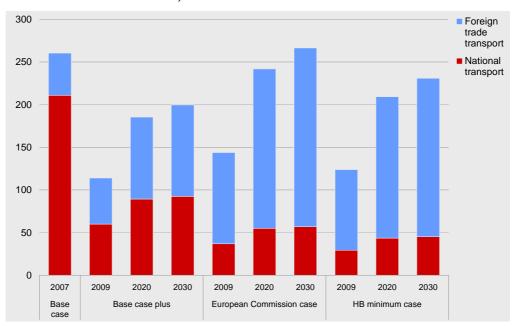
Annex I - Figure 204: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Romania with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



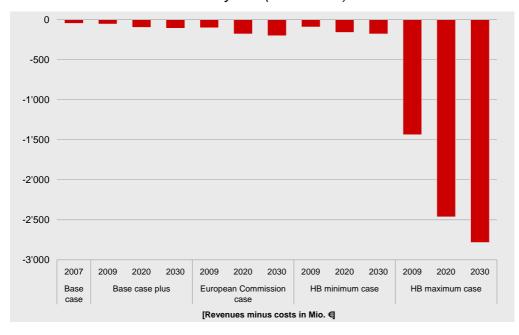


Annex I - Figure 205: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Romanian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

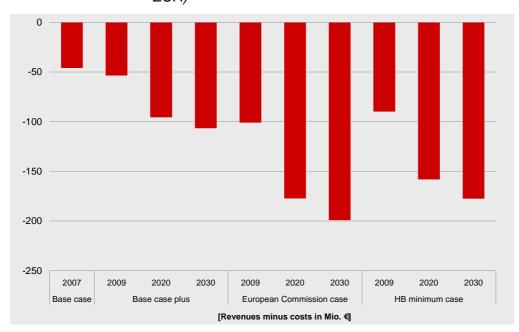
Annex I - Figure 206: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Romanian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 207: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Romania with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 208: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Romania with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

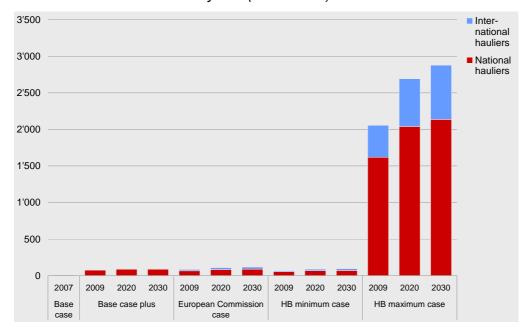


Slovakia

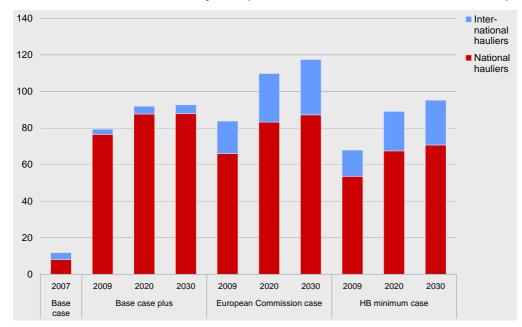
Annex I - Table 22: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

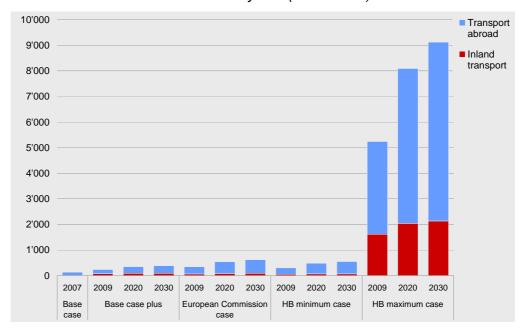
Road user charge surpluses or deficits SK		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by SK from	national hauliers	8	77	88	88	66	83	87	54	67	71	1'619	2'040	2'137
	international hauliers	4	3	4	5	18	27	30	14	22	25	436	653	742
	Total	12	79	92	93	84	110	117	68	89	95	2'054	2'693	2'879
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in SK	inland transport	8	77	88	88	66	83	87	54	67	71	1'619	2'040	2'137
	transport abroad	128	159	259	301	278	459	533	250	412	479	3'622	6'055	6'989
for	Total	136	235	347	389	344	543	620	303	480	549	5'241	8'095	9'126
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-124	-156	-255	-296	-260	-433	-503	-236	-391	-454	-3'186	-5'402	-6'247
for SK with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-91	-66	-74	-76	-76	-80	-81	-78	-81	-83	-61	-67	-68
Total charge costs	national transport	5	74	84	83	52	59	58	42	48	47	1'278	1'440	1'430
of economy in SK for	foreign trade transport	58	63	128	152	121	245	289	108	218	257	1'763	3'516	4'122
	Total	63	137	212	235	173	304	347	150	265	304	3'040	4'956	5'552
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for SK with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-52	-58	-120	-142	-90	-194	-229	-82	-176	-209	-986	-2'263	-2'673
	in %	-81	-42	-57	-61	-52	-64	-66	-55	-66	-69	-32	-46	-48

Annex I - Figure 209: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Slovakia from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



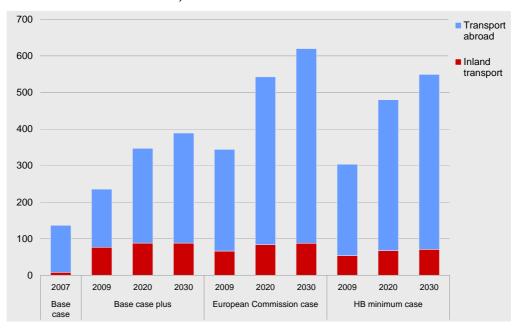
Annex I - Figure 210: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Slovakia from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



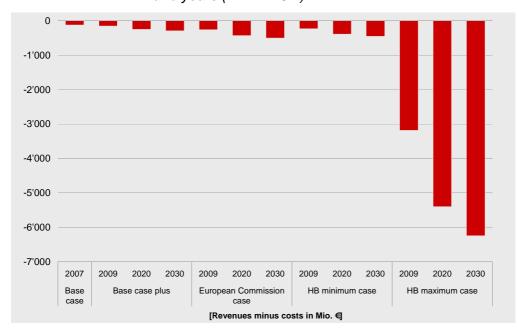


Annex I - Figure 211: Comparison of road user charges paid by Slovakian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

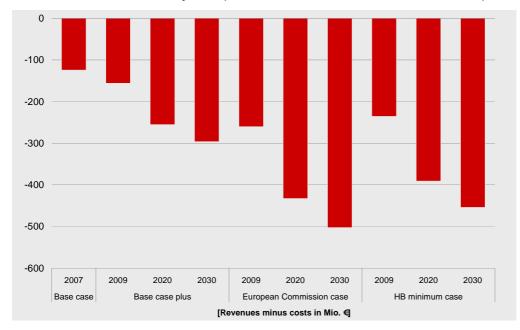
Annex I - Figure 212: Comparison of road user charges paid by Slovakian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

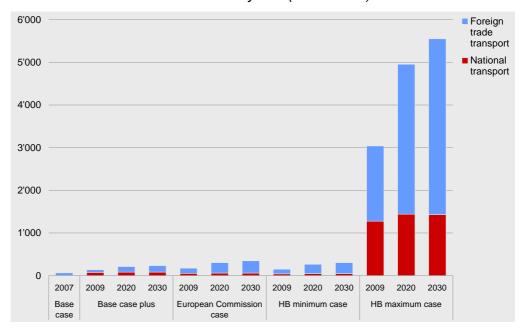


Annex I - Figure 213: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Slovakia with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



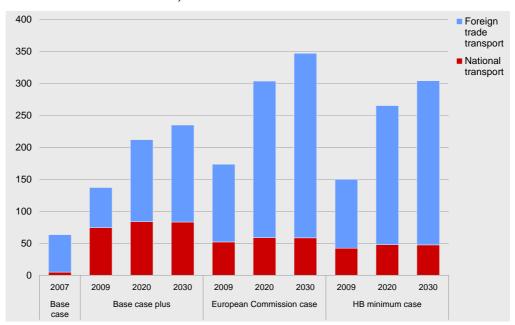
Annex I - Figure 214: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Slovakia with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



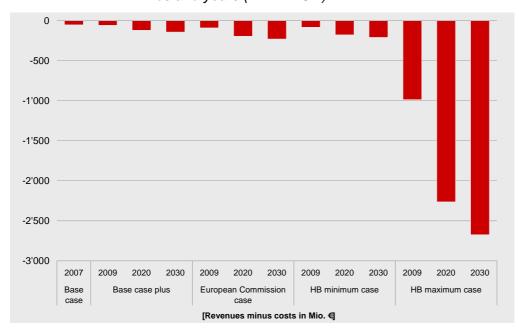


Annex I - Figure 215: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Slovakian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

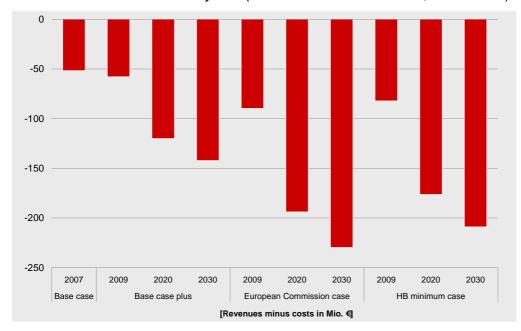
Annex I - Figure 216: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Slovakian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 217: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Slovakia with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 218: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Slovakia with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

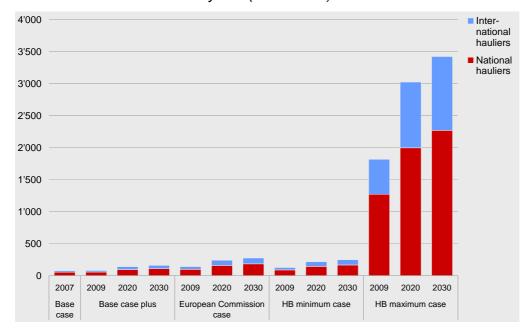


Slovenia

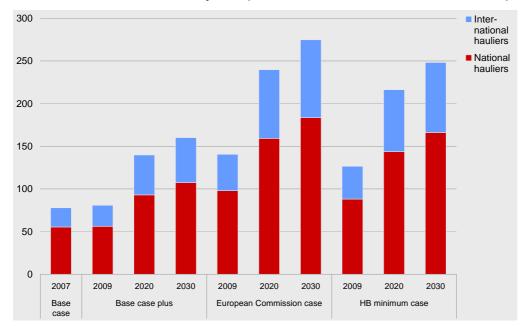
Annex I - Table 23: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

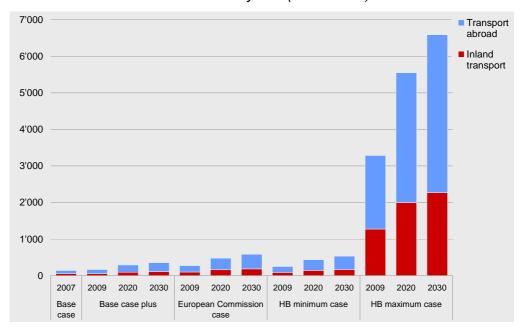
Road user charge surpluses or deficits SI		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case			
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR				
Road user charge revenues collected by SI from	national hauliers	55	56	93	107	98	159	184	88	144	166	1'272	1'998	2'270	
	international hauliers	23	25	47	53	43	81	91	38	73	82	546	1'028	1'156	
	Total	78	81	140	160	141	240	275	126	216	248	1'818	3'025	3'426	
Road user charges	inland transport	55	56	93	107	98	159	184	88	144	166	1'272	1'998	2'270	
paid by trucks registered in SI for	transport abroad	85	111	198	247	176	318	399	161	291	366	2'013	3'551	4'317	
	Total	141	167	291	355	274	477	583	249	434	532	3'285	5'548	6'588	
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-63	-86	-151	-195	-134	-238	-308	-123	-218	-284	-1'468	-2'523	-3'162	
for SI with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-45	-52	-52	-55	-49	-50	-53	-49	-50	-53	-45	-45	-48	
	national transport	46	46	64	70	81	111	122	73	100	110	1'051	1'442	1'585	
Total charge costs of economy in SI for	foreign trade transport	46	61	141	177	99	229	288	90	209	264	1'161	2'605	3'183	
	Total	93	107	205	247	180	340	410	162	309	373	2'212	4'047	4'767	
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for SI with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-15	-26	-65	-87	-39	-101	-136	-36	-93	-125	-395	-1'022	-1'342	
	in %	-16	-25	-32	-35	-22	-30	-33	-22	-30	-34	-18	-25	-28	

Annex I - Figure 219: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Slovenia from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



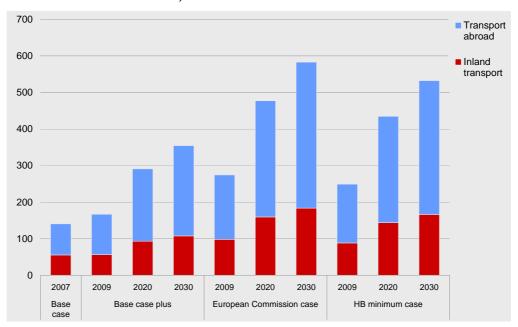
Annex I - Figure 220: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Slovenia from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



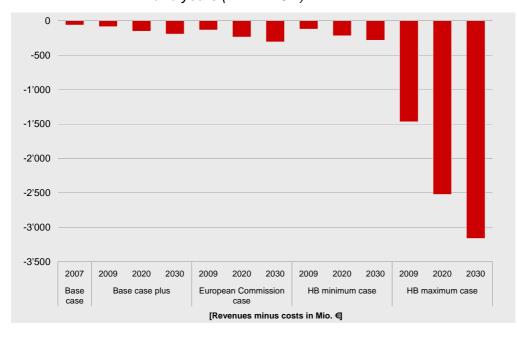


Annex I - Figure 221: Comparison of road user charges paid by Slovenian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

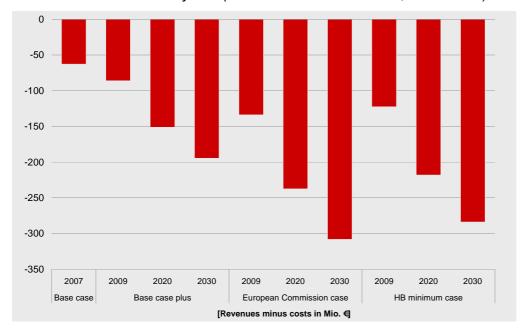
Annex I - Figure 222: Comparison of road user charges paid by Slovenian road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

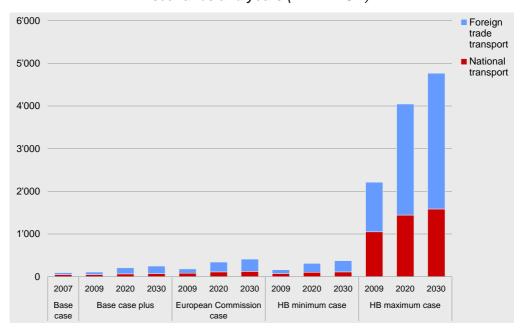


Annex I - Figure 223: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Slovenia with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



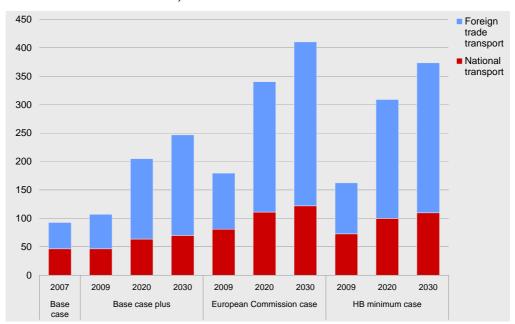
Annex I - Figure 224: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Slovenia with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



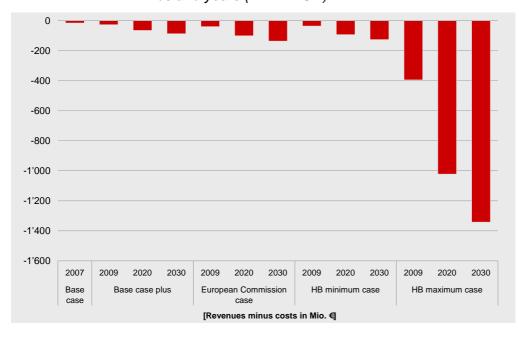


Annex I - Figure 225: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Slovenian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

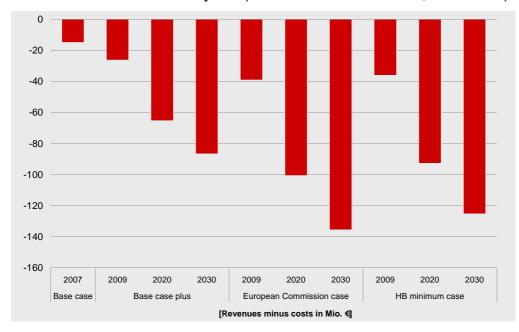
Annex I - Figure 226: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Slovenian economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 227: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Slovenia with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 228: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Slovenia with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

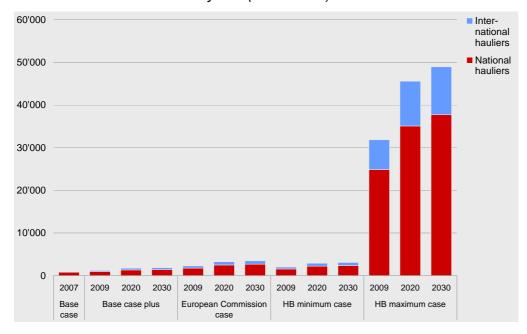


Spain

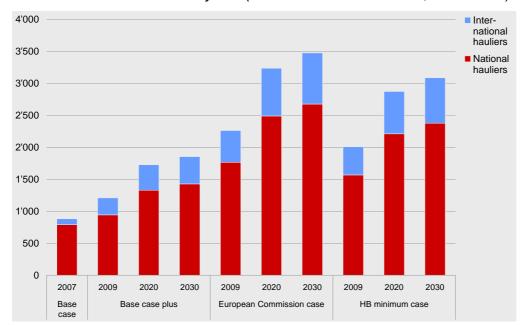
Annex I - Table 24: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

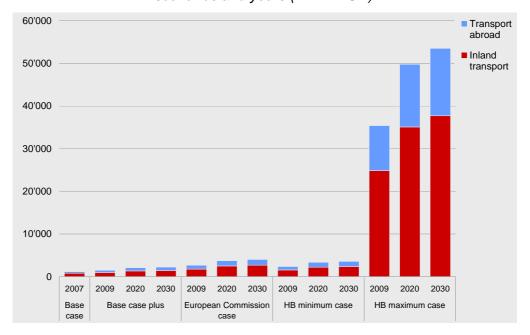
Road user charge surpluses or deficits ES		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by ES from	national hauliers	790	943	1'328	1'427	1'765	2'490	2'676	1'567	2'211	2'376	24'850	35'098	37'706
	international hauliers	91	266	398	427	497	745	800	441	661	710	6'988	10'475	11'240
	Total	881	1'208	1'726	1'854	2'261	3'234	3'476	2'008	2'872	3'087	31'838	45'573	48'945
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in ES for	inland transport	790	943	1'328	1'427	1'765	2'490	2'676	1'567	2'211	2'376	24'850	35'098	37'706
	transport abroad	381	544	752	807	888	1'232	1'324	803	1'113	1'197	10'550	14'683	15'802
101	Total	1'171	1'487	2'080	2'235	2'653	3'721	4'001	2'370	3'324	3'574	35'401	49'781	53'508
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-291	-279	-354	-380	-392	-487	-525	-362	-452	-487	-3'563	-4'208	-4'563
for ES with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-25	-19	-17	-17	-15	-13	-13	-15	-14	-14	-10	-8	-9
Total charge costs	national transport	690	690	982	1'060	1'296	1'845	1'992	1'150	1'638	1'768	18'320	26'081	28'159
of economy in ES for	foreign trade transport	437	730	1'060	1'147	1'251	1'826	1'977	1'124	1'639	1'775	15'893	23'291	25'192
	Total	1'127	1'420	2'042	2'208	2'547	3'671	3'969	2'274	3'277	3'543	34'214	49'373	53'351
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for ES with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-246	-211	-316	-354	-286	-436	-493	-266	-405	-457	-2'376	-3'800	-4'406
	in %	-22	-15	-15	-16	-11	-12	-12	-12	-12	-13	-7	-8	-8

Annex I - Figure 229: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Spain from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



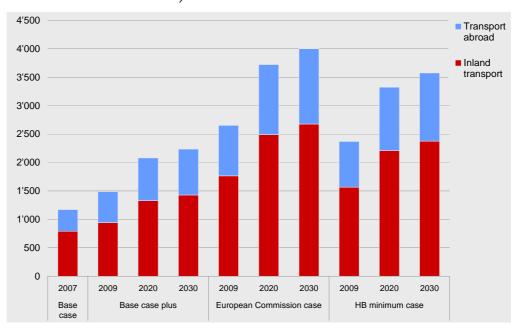
Annex I - Figure 230: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Spain from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



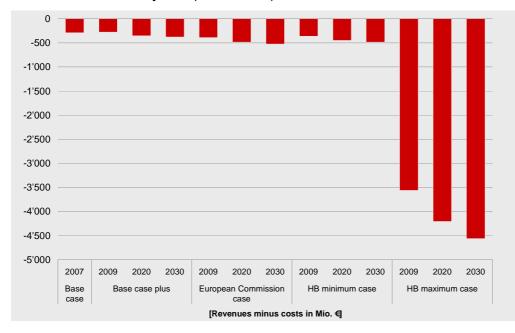


Annex I - Figure 231: Comparison of road user charges paid by Spanish road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

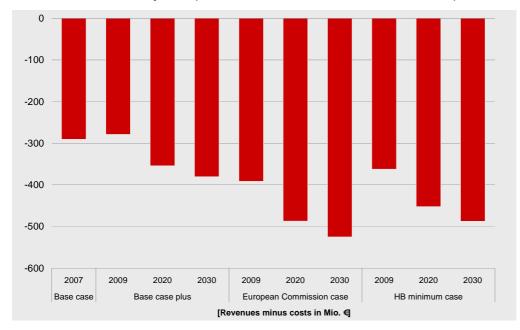
Annex I - Figure 232: Comparison of road user charges paid by Spanish road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

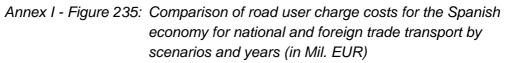


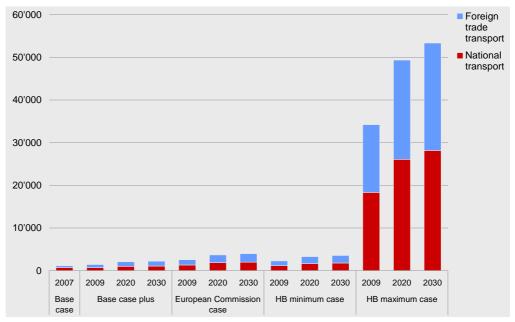
Annex I - Figure 233: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Spain with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



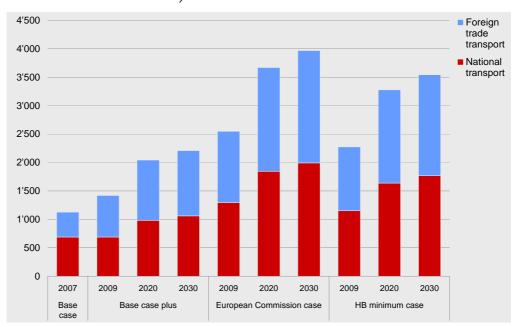
Annex I - Figure 234: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Spain with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



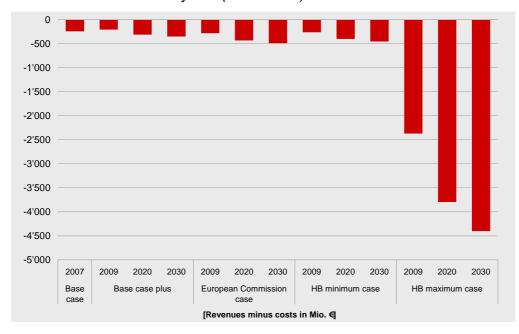




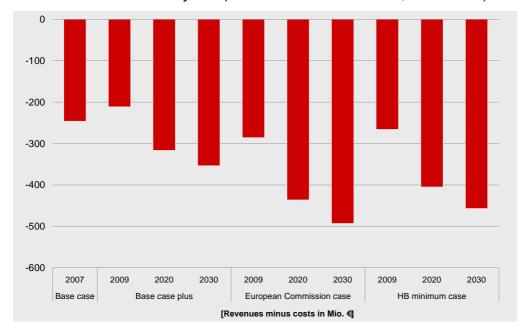
Annex I - Figure 236: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Spanish economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 237: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Spain with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 238: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Spain with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

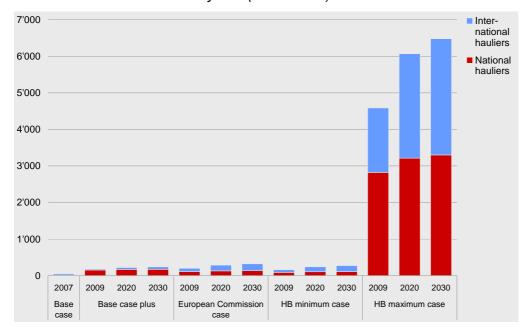


Sweden

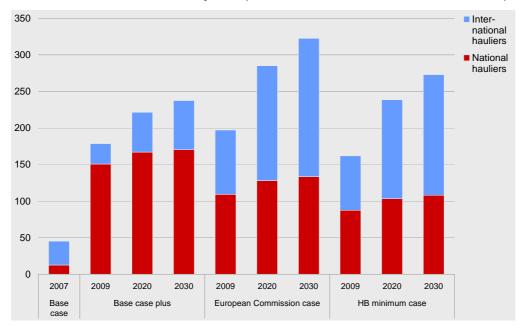
Annex I - Table 25: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

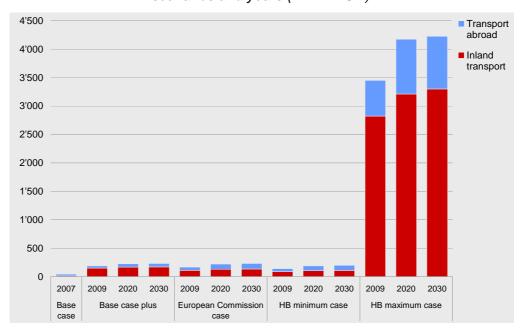
Road user charge surpluses or deficits SE		Base case	Base case plus			European Commission case			Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handbook maximum case		
		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in Mio. EUR		in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			in Mio. EUR			
Road user charge revenues collected by SE from	national hauliers	13	151	167	170	109	128	133	87	103	108	2'822	3'212	3'300
	international hauliers	33	28	54	67	88	157	189	74	135	165	1'765	2'856	3'181
	Total	45	179	221	237	197	285	322	162	239	273	4'587	6'068	6'481
Road user charges paid by trucks registered in SE for	inland transport	13	151	167	170	109	128	133	87	103	108	2'822	3'212	3'300
	transport abroad	30	37	58	61	58	92	97	53	85	90	628	960	926
101	Total	43	188	225	231	167	220	231	140	188	198	3'450	4'172	4'227
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	3	-9	-4	6	30	65	92	22	50	74	1'137	1'896	2'254
for SE with regard to the road hauliers	in %	6	-5	-2	3	18	29	40	15	27	38	33	45	53
Total charge costs	national transport	5	144	157	159	91	99	100	72	78	79	2'474	2'684	2'723
of economy in SE for	foreign trade transport	66	83	149	173	157	281	324	140	253	295	2'233	3'680	3'878
	Total	70	227	306	332	248	379	424	212	331	374	4'708	6'364	6'601
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for SE with regard to the national economy	in Mio. EUR	-25	-49	-84	-94	-51	-94	-102	-50	-92	-101	-121	-295	-120
	in %	-36	-21	-28	-28	-21	-25	-24	-24	-28	-27	-3	-5	-2

Annex I - Figure 239: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Sweden from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



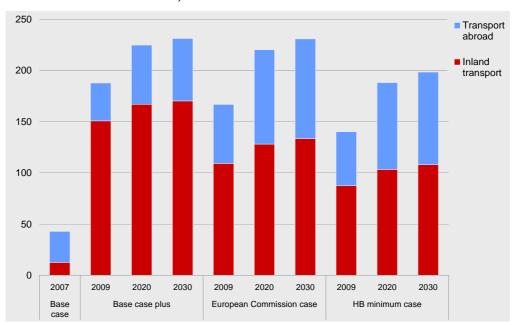
Annex I - Figure 240: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Sweden from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



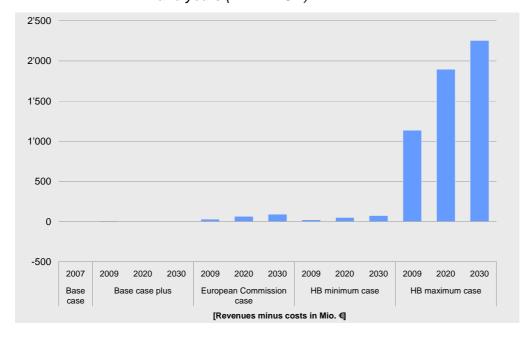


Annex I - Figure 241: Comparison of road user charges paid by Swedish road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

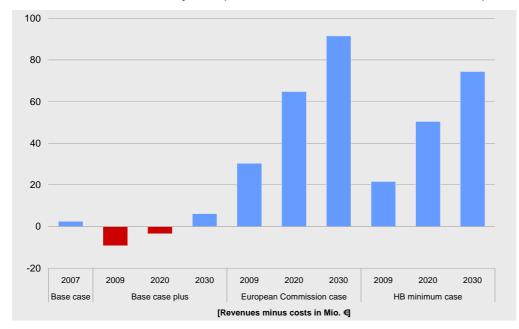
Annex I - Figure 242: Comparison of road user charges paid by Swedish road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



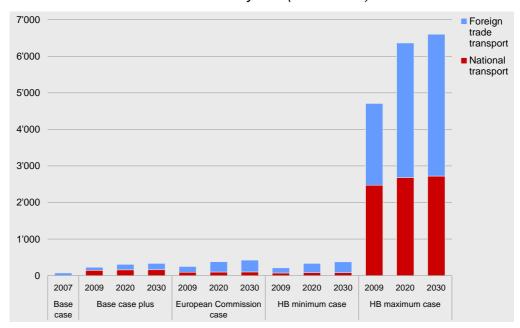
Annex I - Figure 243: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Sweden with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 244: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Sweden with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

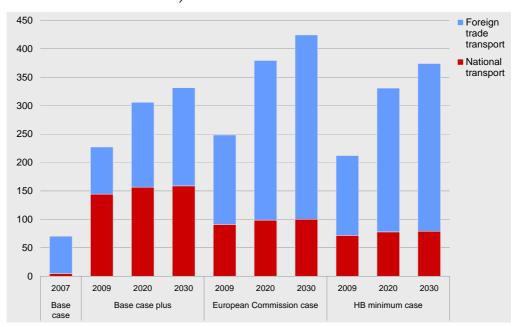


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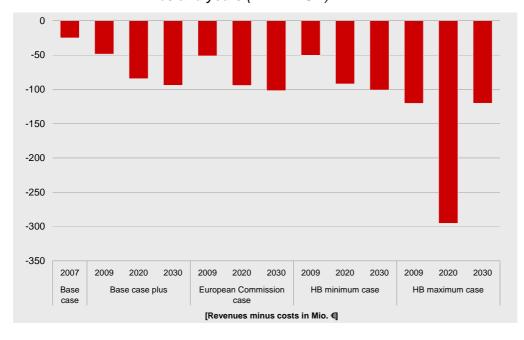
Annex I - Figure 245: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Swedish economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

Annex I - Figure 246: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Swedish economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

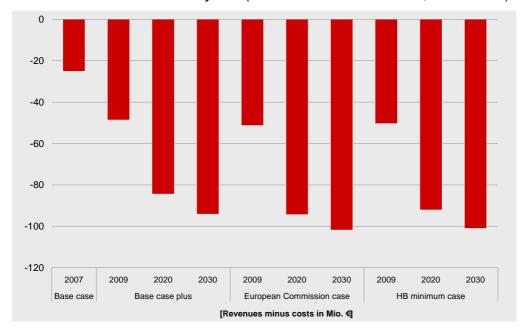


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Annex I - Figure 247: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Sweden with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 248: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Sweden with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

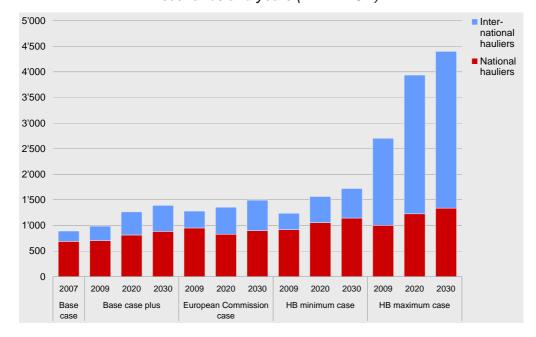


Switzerland

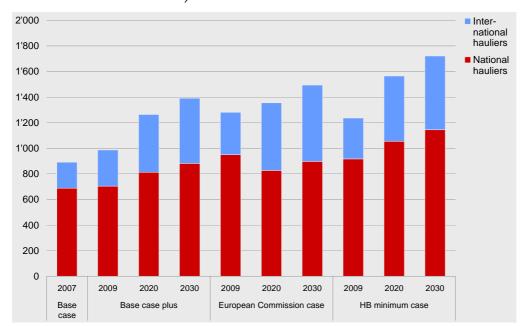
Annex I - Table 26: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

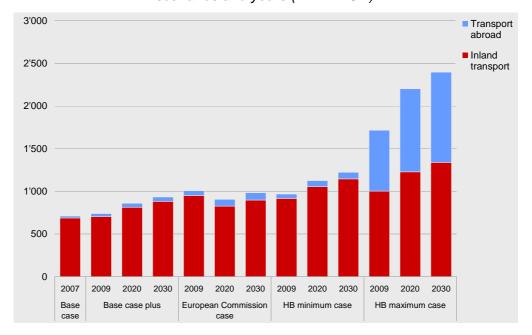
Road user o	charge	Base case	Bas	e case p	olus		uropea mission		Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handb	ook max case	kimum
surpluses or d	•	2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in	Mio. EU	IR	in	Mio. EL	JR	in	Mio. EU	IR	in	Mio. EU	R
Road user charge	national hauliers	688	704	812	882	949	827	898	916	1'054	1'145	1'003	1'228	1'339
revenues collected by CH from	international hauliers	203	283	451	509	331	529	597	320	510	576	1'699	2'711	3'062
	Total	891	987	1'263	1'391	1'281	1'355	1'495	1'236	1'565	1'721	2'702	3'939	4'400
Road user charges	inland transport	688	704	812	882	949	827	898	916	1'054	1'145	1'003	1'228	1'339
paid by trucks registered in CH for	transport abroad	23	35	47	51	58	79	86	52	71	78	713	974	1'057
101	Total	710	739	859	933	1'007	906	984	969	1'126	1'222	1'716	2'202	2'396
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	181	248	404	458	273	450	511	268	439	499	986	1'737	2'004
for CH with regard to the road hauliers	in %	25	34	47	49	27	50	52	28	39	41	57	79	84
Total charge costs	national transport	645	645	729	791	879	729	791	849	961	1'041	645	729	791
of economy in CH for	foreign trade transport	79	181	259	280	256	366	395	238	340	367	2'353	3'347	3'601
	Total	724	826	989	1'071	1'135	1'095	1'185	1'087	1'301	1'409	2'998	4'076	4'392
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for CH with regard	in Mio. EUR	167	161	275	321	145	260	309	149	264	312	-296	-137	8
to the national economy	in %	23	20	28	30	13	24	26	14	20	22	-10	-3	0

Annex I - Figure 249: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Switzerland from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



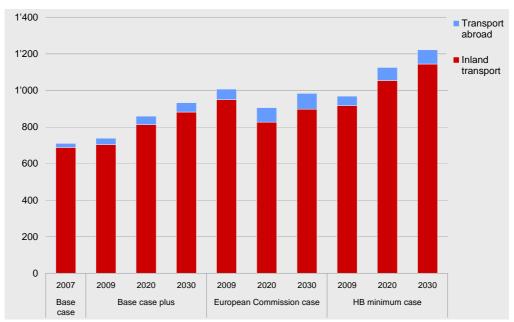
Annex I - Figure 250: Comparison of road user charge revenues for Switzerland from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



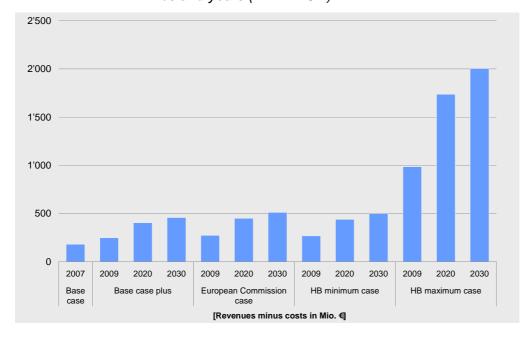


Annex I - Figure 251: Comparison of road user charges paid by Swiss road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

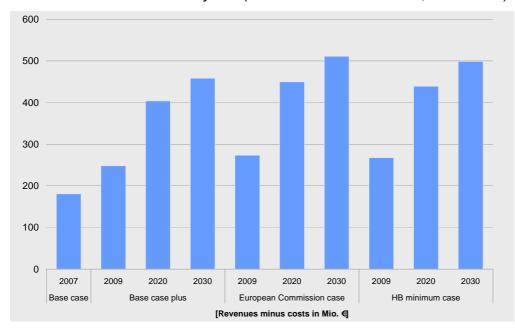
Annex I - Figure 252: Comparison of road user charges paid by Swiss road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

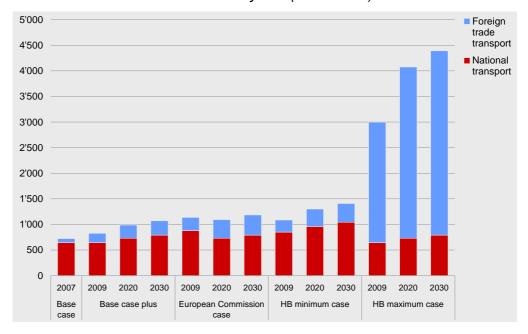


Annex I - Figure 253: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Switzerland with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



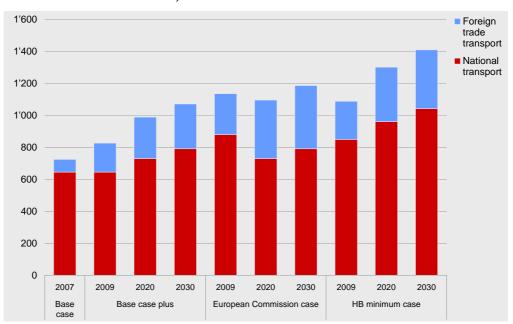
Annex I - Figure 254: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Switzerland with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

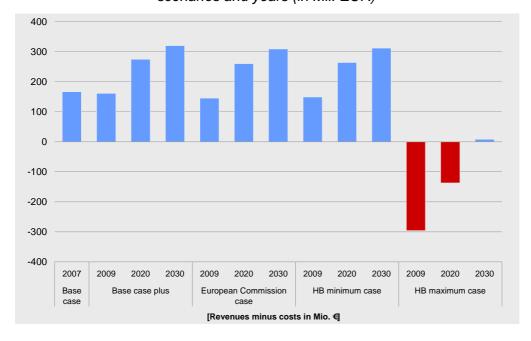




Annex I - Figure 255: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Swiss economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

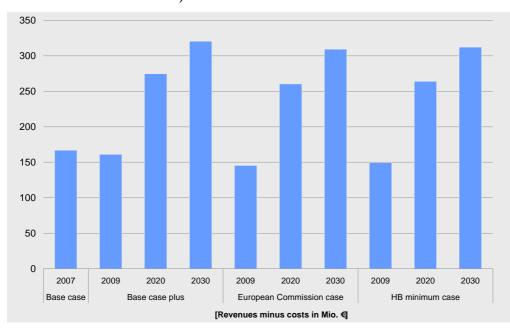
Annex I - Figure 256: Comparison of road user charge costs for the Swiss economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)





Annex I - Figure 257: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Switzerland with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

Annex I - Figure 258: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for Switzerland with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



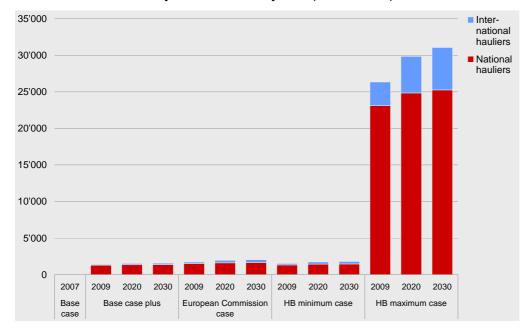
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United Kingdom

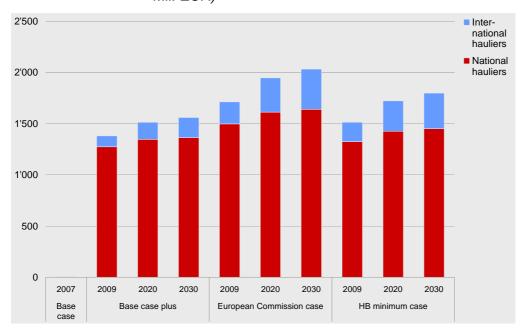
Annex I - Table 27: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for all scenarios and years

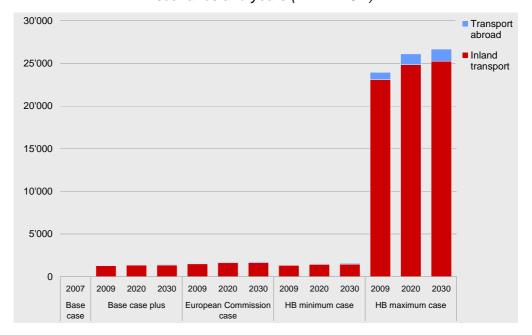
Road user o	charge	Base case	Bas	e case p	olus		uropea mission		Handb	ook mir case	nimum	Handb	ook max case	kimum
surpluses or d		2007	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030	2009	2020	2030
		Mio. EUR	in	Mio. EL	JR	in	Mio. El	JR	in	Mio. EL	JR	in	Mio. EU	R
Road user charge	national hauliers	3	1'274	1'347	1'365	1'498	1'613	1'641	1'324	1'426	1'451	23'111	24'843	25'254
revenues collected by UK from	international hauliers	6	107	168	196	214	335	392	190	298	349	3'242	5'007	5'809
	Total	8	1'381	1'514	1'560	1'713	1'948	2'033	1'515	1'724	1'799	26'353	29'850	31'063
Road user charges	inland transport	3	1'274	1'347	1'365	1'498	1'613	1'641	1'324	1'426	1'451	23'111	24'843	25'254
paid by trucks registered in UK for	transport abroad	21	40	62	70	67	105	118	60	95	107	830	1'261	1'409
101	Total	24	1'314	1'409	1'434	1'565	1'717	1'759	1'385	1'520	1'558	23'940	26'104	26'664
Road user charge surpluses/deficits	in Mio. EUR	-15	67	105	126	148	231	274	130	203	242	2'412	3'746	4'399
for UK with regard to the road hauliers	in %	-64	5	7	9	9	13	16	9	13	16	10	14	16
Total charge costs	national transport	0	1'222	1'259	1'269	1'395	1'438	1'449	1'233	1'270	1'280	21'569	22'226	22'400
of economy in UK for	foreign trade transport	86	252	383	432	449	690	780	402	618	699	5'973	9'238	10'379
	Total	86	1'474	1'642	1'701	1'844	2'127	2'229	1'635	1'888	1'979	27'542	31'464	32'780
Road user charge surpluses/deficits for UK with regard	in Mio. EUR	-78	-93	-128	-140	-131	-179	-196	-120	-165	-180	-1'189	-1'614	-1'717
to the national economy	in %	-90	-6	-8	-8	-7	-8	-9	-7	-9	-9	-4	-5	-5

Annex I - Figure 259: Comparison of road user charge revenues for United Kingdom from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



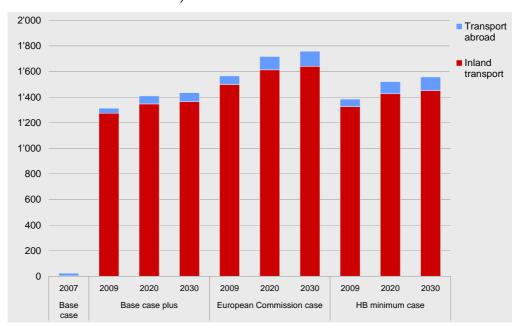
Annex I - Figure 260: Comparison of road user charge revenues for United Kingdom from national and international road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)



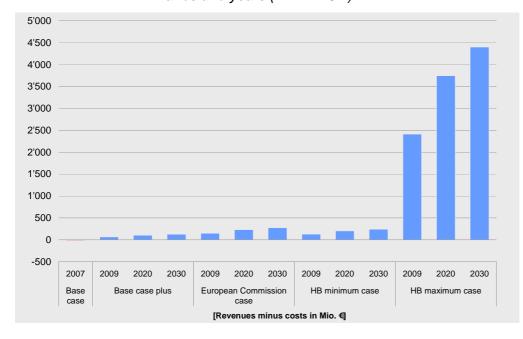


Annex I - Figure 261: Comparison of road user charges paid by British road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)

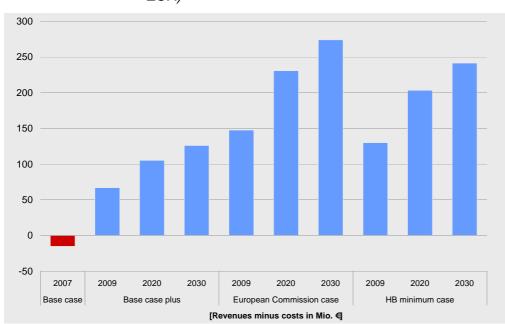
Annex I - Figure 262: Comparison of road user charges paid by British road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

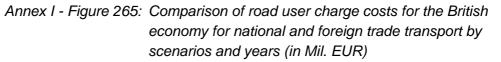


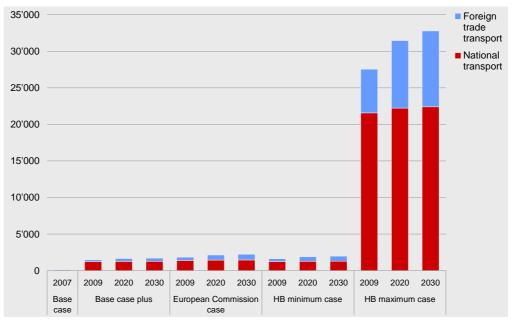
Annex I - Figure 263: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for United Kingdom with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



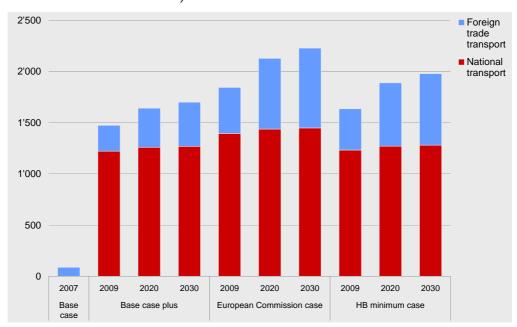
Annex I - Figure 264: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for United Kingdom with regard to the road hauliers by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)





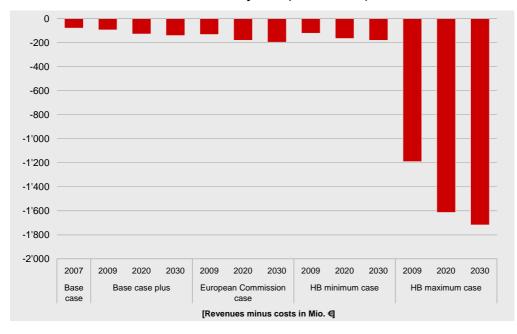


Annex I - Figure 266: Comparison of road user charge costs for the British economy for national and foreign trade transport by scenarios and years (without HB maximum case; in Mil. EUR)

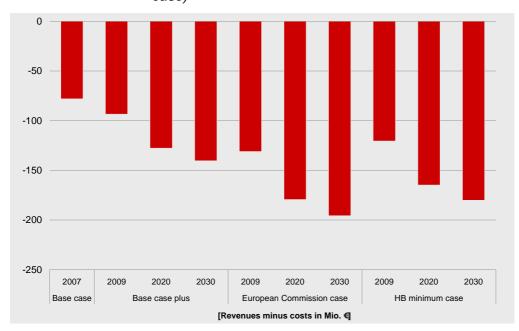


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Annex I - Figure 267: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for United Kingdom with regard to the national economy by scenarios and years (in Mil. EUR)



Annex I - Figure 268: Comparison of road user charge surpluses or deficits for United Kingdom with regard to the national economy 2009, 2020 and 2030 in Mil. EUR (without HB maximum case)



Annex II: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country 2007, 2009, 2020 and 2030

(1) The following tables contain the main study results and include two main perspectives:

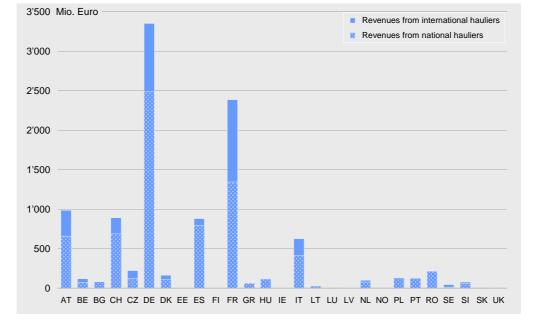
- The revenues by country from national and international road hauliers - disaggregated by nationality of the vehicle fleets which have to pay the charges - are shown in the country specific rows.
- The charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad - disaggregated by the countries where the costs arise - can be seen in the relevant columns.

(2) For example in the Base case 2007, the total revenues of the French State amount to 2'387 Mil. EUR. The revenues are composed of e.g. 339 Mil. EUR from Spain and a further 141 Mil. EUR from Germany. 1'344 Mil. EUR are obtained from French road hauliers for inland transport.

(3) The total charges paid by the French hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad amount to 1'456 Mil. EUR. These charges add up to e.g. 48 Mil. EUR paid in Italy, 21 Mil. EUR in Germany, whilst the same 1'344 Mil. EUR as in (2) are paid by French hauliers in France.

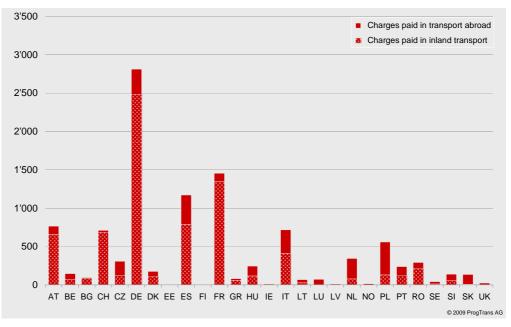
Annex II - Table 1: Base case 2007: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country in Mil. EUR

Total	revenues	985	119	81	891	222	3'351	163	•	881	•	2'387	63	120	4	626	27	10	•	100	80	131	130	214	45	78	12	8	10'655
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	ت ا	35	0	1	2	-	16	0	•	-	•	7	•	0		18	1	0		0		0		0	'	55	0	0	141
	Я	-	0		0	0	7	16	•	0	1	2	0	0	'	0	0	0	'	0	2	0	'	•	13	0	0	'	43
	RO	17	0	0	0	1	23	•	'		'	10	0	-	1	12	1	0		0	1	0	1	213	1	e	0	0	292
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. Euro]	님	24	e	0	7	21	237	80	'	80	1	6	•	-	0	19	0	0	'	e	0	129	'	0	e	4	-	-	559
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sport al	5	5	0		-	-	17	-	'	-	'	12	•	0		ę	26	0		0	0	0		•	0	0	0	0	69
id trans	F	99	-	'	82	0	35	•	'	80	1	111	0	0	'	413	'	0	'	0	'	0	0	0	'	2	0	0	718
in inlar	ш	0	0	1	0		-	0	'	-	'	80	1	1	-	0	1	0		0	1	'	1	•		1	'	-	12
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oad use	DK	2	0	1	-	0	39	108	'	0	'	4	1	0	0	-	0	0		0	-	0	1		18	0	0	0	176
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Annex II – Figure 1: Base case 2007: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers in Mil. EUR

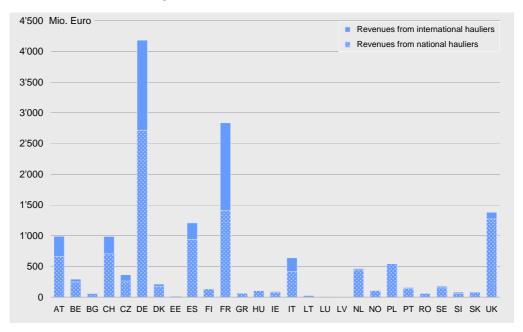
Annex II – Figure 2: Base case 2007: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



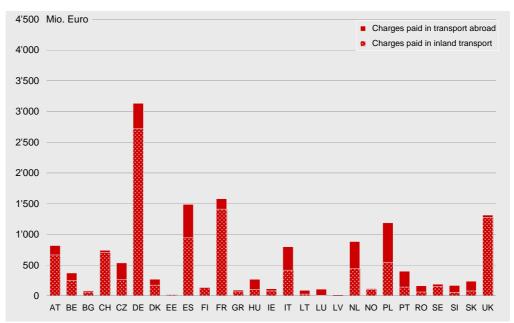
Annex II - Table 2: Base case+ 2009: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country in Mil. EUR 213 13 13 1208 1687 2837 70 2837 70 839 839 839 639 639 639 639 639 1157 115 115 1157 11581 11381 183 15'294 292 364 066 58 987 C 0 14 ' 0 0 ' 0 . 0 0 1'274 1'314 14

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Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad [in Mio. Euro]	5	5	0	1	-	-	30	۲	0	2	0	15		0		ę	26	0	Ċ	0	0	0	1	'	0	0	0	2	88
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Annex II – Figure 3: Base case+ 2009: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers in Mil. EUR



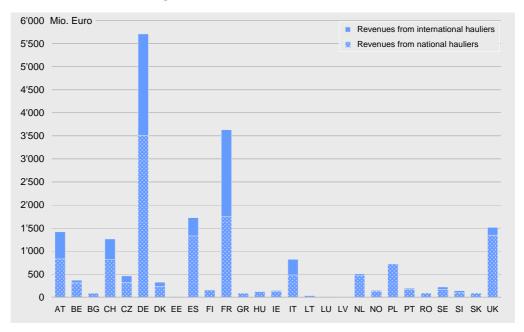
Annex II – Figure 4: Base case+ 2009: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



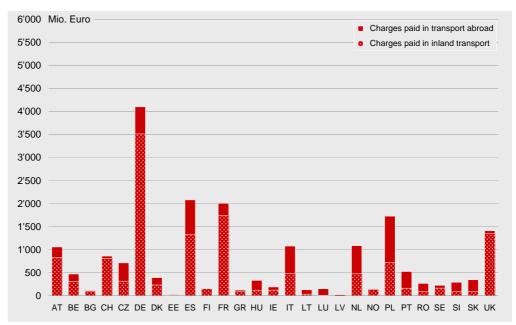
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Annex II – Figure 5: Base case+ 2020: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers in Mil. EUR



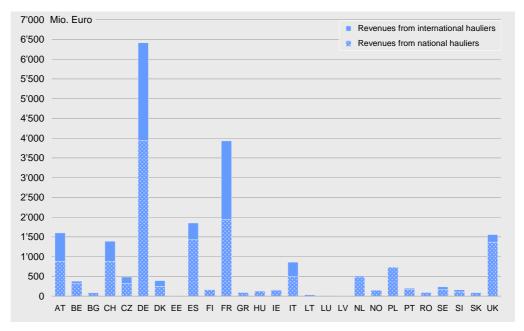
Annex II – Figure 6: Base case+ 2020: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



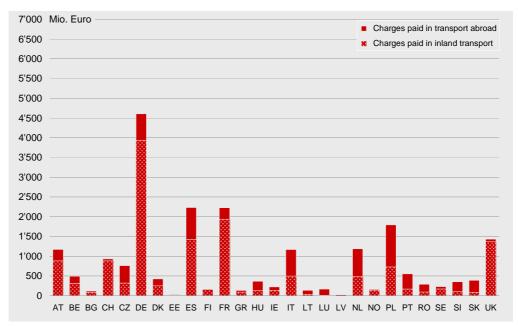
Annex II - Table 4: Base case+ 2030: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country in Mil. EUR 486 \$'419 1'560 380 87 21'788 1'603 391 0 12 0 21 21 -25 1 ' 0 0 0 365 434

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	abroad	¥	1	26	'	30	-	448	22	0	13	-	114	'	0	0	7	0	2	'	486	0	0	0	'	9	0	0	24	1'189
	Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad [in Mio. Euro]	Ľ	-	0		0	0	16	-	0	0	0	-	'	0	'	-	-	0	'	0	0	0		'	-	0	0	'	24
	ind trai	Е	2	9	'	14	0	65	2	'	7		61	'	•	0	4		1	'	-	0	'	'	•	0	0	0	-	169
	sport a	5	თ	-	'	2	-	52	-	0	4	0	23	'	0	'	5	35	0	'	-	0	-	'	'	0	-	0	3	137
	nd tran	F	115	-		210	0	103	1		33	ľ	195	0	0	0	496	ľ	0		0	1	0	0	0	Ċ	9	0	80	1'169
	in inla	ш	0	0	'	-	'	2	0	'	2	'	18	'		139	-	'	0	'	0	'		'	'	'	'	'	59	223
:	auliers	£	52	0	0	1	23	65	e	0	7	0	37	0	125	0	23	0	0		-	0	0	0	0	-	80	-	9	364
	road h	GR	1	0	'	0	4	16	0	'	'	•	e	92	0	'	5	•	0	'	0	0	'	'	'	0	e	0	0	134
	ational	FR	7	6		65	0	64	1		50	ľ	1'938	Ċ		0	68	ľ	2		-	1		-		Ċ	0	1	23	2'228
	d by na	Ē	0	0	'	0	0	5	0	0	0	158	2	Ċ	•	'	0	0	0		0	0	0	'	'	-	1	'	'	167
	ges pai	ES	-	2	'	-	0	52	-		1'427	0	679			0	27	1	0		-	'	0	28	•	-	0		13	2'235
	er char	H	-	0		0	0	10	4	12		-	0			1	0	0	0		0	0	0	1		-	0	1	'	31
•	oad us	Д	4	0		ю	0	117	248	0	-	0	80	'		0	2	0	0	'	-	5	0		'	34		0	-	426
4	Ϋ́Υ	DE	138	12		107	20	3'934	44	0	32	0	242	2	0	0	37	0	2		12	-	0	-	0	5	0	0	18	4'608
		СZ	71	-	0	00	322	244	9	0	13	0	69	'	0	0	14	0	0	'	-	0	0		0	2	-	2	9	763
		сн	2	0		882	0	21	0	'	2		21	'		ľ	4		0		0			0	'	0		ľ	0	933
		BG	5	0	87	0	ю	7		'			2	9	0		4		0	'	1		0		0	'	2	0	'	117
		BE	2	314	'	15	0	53	0	'	4		86	'		0	2		2	'	80	'	'	'	'	'	0	'	7	494
		АТ	883	0		25	80	183	9	0	ę	0	21	0	0	0	30	0	0	'	0	0	0		0	2	9	0	ю	171,1
	2030	200	AT	BE	BG	CH	CZ	DE	¥	Ш	ES	Ē	ĥ	GR	Ĥ	ш	F	5	Э	Z	R	ð	Ч	РТ	ß	SE	ß	SK	¥	tal ges
	BC+ 2030		[0	nu∃	.oiN	u ui]	ers	ilne	y pe	son	euo	iten	nter	ı pu	e le	noit	eu u	noıî	λŋι	uno:	p	sən	ιuəλ	e re	isr9	ı, ch	əsn	рво	Я	Total charges

Annex II – Figure 7: Base case+ 2030: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers in Mil. EUR



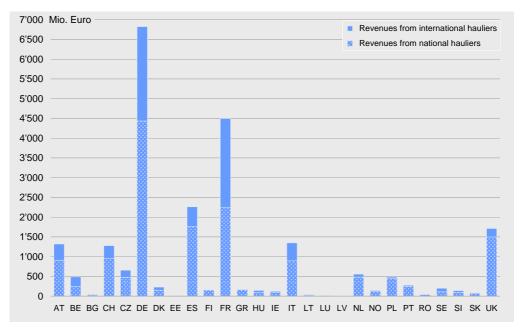
Annex II – Figure 8: Base case+ 2030: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



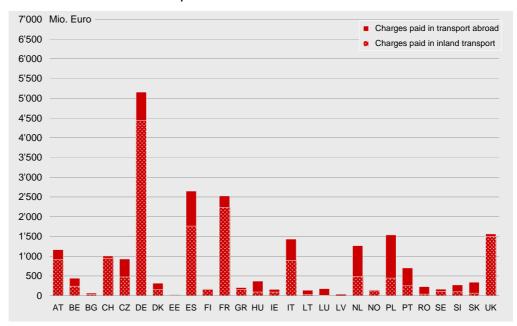
Annex II - Table 5: European Commission case 2009: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country in Mil. EUR

Total	revenues	1'320	487	31	1'281	657	6'825	230	15	2'261	161	4'496	174	146	118	1'349	39	27	•	559	142	484	277	43	197	141	84	1'713	23'255
	- X	4	2	•	-	0	10	0	•	-	0	22	•	•	26	-	1	0		0	0	•	0	•	0	0	'	1'498	1'565
	SK	36	-		4	51	78	2	0	12	0	44	•	1	0	28	0	0		-	•	5		0	-	2	66	4	344
	<u>s</u>	54	0		4	-	45	0	•	ю	•	19	•	2	•	4	1	0	•	0	•	0		0	'	98	0	2	274
	SE	-	-		0	0	20	17	0	-	-	£	0	0		-	0	0	'	0	10	0		•	109	0	0	'	167
	RO	24	0	0	0	20	65	1	'		'	19	2	17	1	28	1	0		-	1	5	1	41	'	9	2	2	232
	Ч	0	2	1	0		12		'	256	'	171	'	1	0	10	1	0		0			249	'	'		'	2	703
o. Euro]	님	28	17	0	1	37	651	10	0	35	-	189	'	œ	0	4	9	-	'	11	-	446	1	0	6	Ø	ę	23	1'540
[in Mid	о Х	0	0	'	0	0	7	5	0	'	0	-	'	0	'	0	0	0	'	0	122	0	'	'	1	0	0	'	148
abroad	Ъ	9	97	1	22	-	462	80	1	15	-	131		0	0	6	0	e		480	-	-	0		9	0	0	29	1'270
nsport	۲۸	2	0	1	0	-	18	0	0	-	0	ю		0		2	9	0	'	0	0	4	1		0	0	0	'	39
Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad [in Mio. Euro]	Ľ	2	17		7	0	58	2	1	ę	0	75	'		0	4	1	1	'	2	0			'	0	0	1	-	182
Isport a	5	7	2		-	2	48	-	0	S	0	24	'	0		7	25	0	'	-	0	12	'	'	0	0	0	4	140
nd trar	F	63	4		133	0	98			33	Ċ	197	-	-	0	893		٢		٢		0	0	0		4	0	80	1'437
in inla	ш	0	-		-	'	2	0		2		16			92	۲	1	0		0					'			45	159
auliers	£	40	2	0	S	34	78	e	0	6	0	40	0	94	0	37	0	0	'	1	0	-	0	-	-	11	5	80	371
road h	GR	10	0	1	0	4	18				Ċ	с	157	4		7	Ľ.	0		0			1			2	0	0	207
ational	FR	2	34		30	0	60			59		2'239	'		0	69	1	с		2			-	'	'	0		30	2'528
id by n	Ē	0	0		0		9	0	0	0	154	2	'			0	0	0	'	0	1	0	1		6	'	'	'	173
rges pa	ES	-	6	1	-	0	48	0		1'765	0	752		1	0	33	Ľ.	-		2	0	0	26		0	0		15	2'653
ier chai	EE	0	0	Ċ	0	0	7	٢	15		2	٢	Ċ	0		0	2	0		0	0	-	Ċ	Ċ	-	0	0		30
coad us	рК	2	-		2	0	106	150	0	-	0	6	'	0	0	e	0	0		-	5	0			36	0	'	-	319
	DE	78	48	1	17	20	4'435	22	1	37	-	307	2	-	0	54	0	4		32	-	9	-	0	80	0	0	23	5'157
	СZ	45	5	0	4	475	264	4	0	16	0	71		e	0	22	0			2	0	e		0	2	-	5	7	930
	СН	-	-		949	0	23	0	'	2		24				5	Ľ.	0	'	0	'		0		0	'	'	0	1'007
	BG	5	0	31	0	2	80					e	10	2		4	Ľ.			'	'	0		0		ę	0		68
	BE	2	241	Ċ	7	0	50	0		4		110		Ċ	0	e	Ľ.	4		17			Ċ			0		80	445
	АТ	606	-	1	22	Ø	148	4	0	ę	0	19	-	2	0	39	0	0	'	٢	0	0	'	0	2	4	0	33	1'168
	EC 2009	AT	BE	BG	Ч	CZ	BC	¥	Ш	ES	Ē	FR	GR	Ĥ	ш	F	5	Э	Z	٦	Q	Ч	РТ	RO	SE	0	SK	¥	Total charges
	L L	[0	Euro	.oi l	Ŋ ui]	ers	ilne	ч ре	son I	euo	iten	nter	i pu	e le	noit	eu u	noıî	ληι	uno:	pλ q	sən	иəл	e re	isr9	sr ch	əsn	peo	Я	cha

Annex II – Figure 9: European Commission case 2009: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers in Mil. EUR



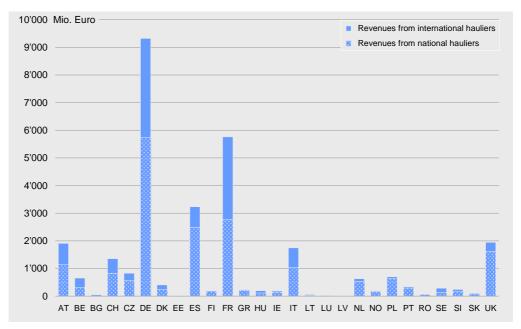
Annex II – Figure 10: European Commission case 2009: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



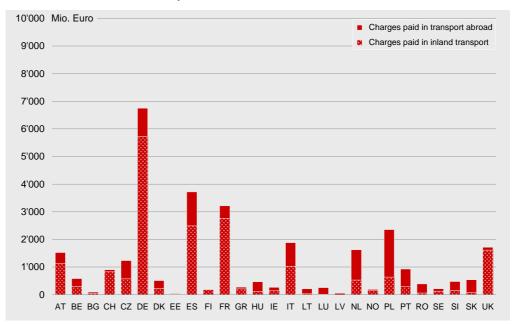
Annex II - Table 6: European Commission case 2020: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country in Mil. EUR

Total	revenues	1'908	654	45	1'355	828	9'323	404	16	3'234	189	5'761	235	198	185	1'746	58	36	•	633	185	200	339	64	285	240	110	1'948	30'679
	А	80	2		-	0	17	0		2	1	32	•		40	-	•	0	'	-	0	•	0		0	-	•	1'613	1717
	SK	75	-	•	4	81	120	e	0	17	0	62	'	20	0	52	0	0	•	-	•	10	•	0	-	9	83	2	543
	<u>م</u>	115	-	1	-	7	79	0	'	5	'	28	•	ę	'	80	•	0	'	0	'	0	'	0	'	159	0	4	477
	SE	-	-	0	-	0	33	31	0	2	-	7	0	0	'	-	0	0		-	14	0		1	128	0	0	'	220
	RO	60	0	0	0	17	105	0	'	'	1	28	4	28	'	50	'	0	'	-		80		62	'	22	2	4	391
	Ы	1	ю	1	0		16		'	383	1	219		1	0	16	1	0	'	-	'	'	291			1		ю	931
o. Euroj	2	55	25	0	თ	58	1'068	25	0	50	2	248	'	14	0	69	1	-	'	14	2	638	'	0	14	15	9	33	2'358
[in Mid	о 2	0	0	'	0	0	80	80	0	'	0	-	'	0	'	0	0	0	'	0	157	0	'	'	15	0	'	'	190
abroad	٦	1	134	1	33	-	631	21	0	22	-	170		0	0	14	0	e	'	530	-	-	0	1	1	0	0	43	1'628
nsport	۲۷	e	0		0	-	25	-	0	-	0	ю		0	'	ę	10	0	'	0	0	4			-	0	0	'	52
and trai	Е	ю	29		13	0	88	e	'	4	1	94		1	0	7		15		e	0	'			0	0		2	259
isport a	5	1	ę		2	2	80	2	0	7	0	35	'	-	'	1	34	0		2	0	18			-	-	0	9	216
nd trar	F	114	9	'	218	0	145	'		57	1	289	-	-	0	1'030		-	'	-	'	0	0	0	'	80	0	13	1'887
in inla	ш	0	-	'	-		e	0		4	1	24	'	1	144	2		0	'	-	'		'	'	'		'	88	268
auliers	Ĥ	56	2	0	10	40	95	4	0	12	0	53	0	112	0	48	0	0	'	2	0	-	0	-	2	11	7	10	468
road h	GR	14	0	'	0	5	23	'	'	'	1	4	212	5	'	10		0	'	0	'	'	'	'	'	e	-	-	277
Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad [in Mio. Euro]	Ŗ	7	50	1	66	0	89		'	87	1	2'767	Ċ	1	0	66	Ċ	4		4		'	-			0	1	42	3'216
id by n	Ē	0	0		0	0	7	0	0	-	179	2			'	0	0	0		0	-	0	1		13			'	205
ges pa	ES	-	12		-	0	70	-	1	2'490	0	1 '016	'		0	56		-		e	0	0	45		-	0		23	3'721
er char	Ш	-	0		0	0	13	2	15		e	-	'			-	3	0		0	0	2			2	0		'	43
oad us	р	4	2	'	4	0	167	231	0	-	-	12	'	0	0	5	0	0	'	-	6	-	'	'	74	'	0	-	514
~	DE	140	66		115	31	5733	52	0	54	-	369	e	2	0	80	0	5		39	1	10	-	0	13	-	-	33	6'750
	СZ	79	9	0	80	575	360	6	0	23	0	102		5	0	32	0	0	'	e	0	5	'	0	4	-	10	10	1'235
	СН	2	-	'	827	0	30	0	'	4		32		Ċ	Ċ	6		0		0		'	0	'	0	'	'	0	906
	BG	80	0	45	0	ю	11	Ċ	'		'	e	14	e		7	Ċ	Ċ		0		0		0		2	0	'	96
	BE	e	309	Ċ	15	0	73	-		9	ľ	133		ľ.	0	4		5		23	1					0		11	584
	АТ	1'138	-	'	25	11	232	80	0	4	0	27	-	ę	0	58	0	0	'	-	0	0		0	4	6	-	4	1 '528
	EC 2020	AT	BE	BG	СН	CZ	DE	¥	Ш	ES	Ē	FR	GR	Ĥ	ш	F	5	Э	Z	R	Q	Ч	РТ	RO	SE	ß	SK	¥	Total charges
	L L L	[c	Euro	.oi l	Ŋ ui]	ers	ilne	ч ре	:01	euo	iten	nter	i pu	e le	noit	eu u	lon	ււչ	uno:	pλ q	sən	uәл	e re	6161	sr ch	əsn	рво	Я	cha

Annex II – Figure 11: European Commission case 2020: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers in Mil. EUR



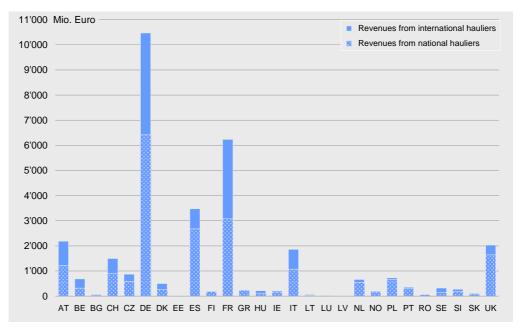
Annex II – Figure 12: European Commission case 2020: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



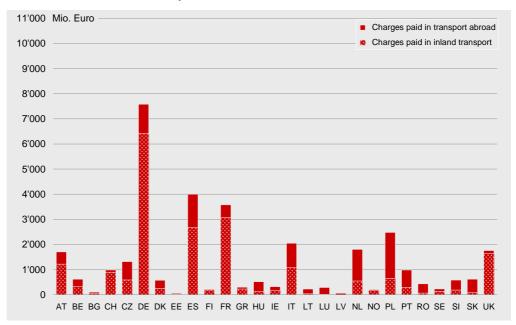
Annex II - Table 7: European Commission case 2030: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country in Mil. EUR

Total	revenues	2'185	686	47	1'495	874	10'472	501	15	3'476	193	6'237	254	216	212	1'863	65	39	•	663	200	727	350	67	322	275	117	2'033	33'584
	А	10	2	•	-	0	20	0	•	2	0	33	•	•	47	2	•	0		-	0		0	•	0	-	•	1'641	1'759
	SK	94	-	•	S	94	140	e	0	19	0	99	'	24	0	58	0	0	•	-	•	13	•	0	-	7	87	9	620
	ی ا	155	-	•	2	2	86	-	'	5	1	33	'	e	•	93	•	0	•	-	•	0	•	0	•	184	0	2	583
	SE	-	-	0	-	0	33	34	0	2	-	80	0	0	•	-	0	0	'	-	15	0	'	•	133	0	0	'	231
	RO	68	0	0	0	21	119	0	'	'	1	28	£	34	'	55	'	0	'	-	0	6		64	0	24	2	2	434
	Ч	1	e	•	0		19		'	407	1	235	'	•	0	17	'	0		-			298	'	'			ю	983
o. Euro	2	63	25	0	10	63	1'132	33	0	53	2	249	'	15	0	73	12	-	'	15	e	658	'	0	19	13	9	32	2'478
[in Mid	о Х	0	0	•	0	0	80	თ	0	'	0	-	'	0	'	0	0	0	'	0	168	0	'	'	17	0	'	'	205
abroad	z	14	142		35	-	730	40	0	24	-	181	'	0	0	15	0	4		546	-	-	0	'	17	0	0	48	1'803
nsport	۲۷	2	0		0	0	27	2	0	0	0	2	'	-	'	2	11	0		-	0	9		'	-	-	0	'	57
Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad [in Mio. Euro]	Ľ	2	31	1	17	0	105	4	1	4	ľ	97	'	1	0	7	1	16	'	e	0		1	'	0	0	0	2	290
Isport a	5	12	e		2	2	84	2	0	7	0	36	'	-	'	1	38	0	'	2	0	18	'	'	-	-	0	9	227
nd trar	F	149	7		246	-	168		'	62	1	307	-	2	0	1'076	ľ	٢		2		0	-	0		10	0	16	2'048
s in inla	ш	0	-		-		e	0	'	4	1	29	'		163	2		0		-				'	'			116	321
auliers	Ĥ	71	2	0	12	41	107	4	0	14	0	59	0	118	0	51	0	0	'	2	0	-	0	-	б	14	7	11	520
I road h	GR	15	0		0	7	26	0	'		'	5	228	5		11		0		0	0		1		0	4	٢	٢	302
ational	FR	6	53		76	0	105	'	1	93	1	3'076	'		0	109	1	5		4			-	'	'	0		46	3'578
id by n	Ē	0	0		0	0	80	-	0	-	184	С	'			0	0	0	'	0	1	0			13			'	211
rges pa	ES	٢	13		2	0	85	2		2'676	0	1,077			0	63		٢	'	e		0	49		2	0	'	26	4'001
ier chai	EE	٢	0	Ċ	0	0	16	5	14		e	٢	Ċ	Ċ		۲	e	0		0	0	2		Ċ	ы	0			50
toad us	DK	5	2		4	0	191	253	0	2	-	13			0	5	0	0		2	6	-			81		0	-	572
	DE	186	20		126	36	6'418	88	0	60	-	385	4	e	0	84	0	9		43	-	12	-	0	19	-	-	36	7'580
	СZ	67	9	0	10	585	398	10	0	25	0	109	'	9	0	33		0		4	0	9		0	5	2	11	12	1'319
	СН	2	-		868	0	34	0		4	1	33			'	10		0		0	'		0		0		'	0	984
	BG	9	0	46	0	4	12	'			1	e	15	e	'	80		0				0		0		ę	0	'	103
	BE	e	318		17	0	87	-		7		137			0	4		5	'	26						0		14	620
	АT	1'217	2	'	29	14	298	6	0	5	0	33	-	4	0	20	0	0		2	0	0	'	0	5	11	-	2	1'705
0000	EC 2030	AT	BE	BG	Ч	CZ	DE	¥	Ш	ES	Ē	FR	GR	Ĥ	ш	F	5	Э	Z	NL	Q	Ч	ΡТ	RO	SE	0	SK	¥	Total charges
	Ц Ц	[0	Euro	.oil	Ŋ ui]	ers	oilue	ч ре	so'i I	euo	iten	nter	i pu	e le	noit	eu u	noıî	λŋι	uno:	pλ q	sən	иəл	e re	6.e	sr ch	əsn	рво	Я	chá chá

Annex II – Figure 13: European Commission case 2030: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers in Mil. EUR

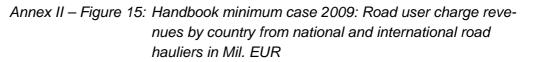


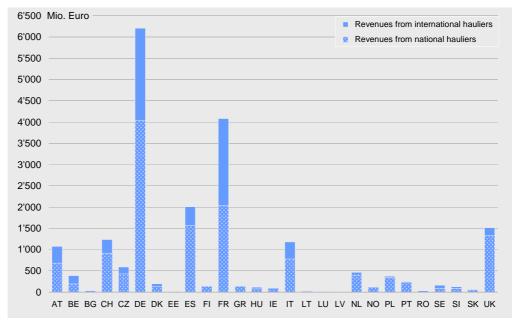
Annex II – Figure 14: European Commission case 2030: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



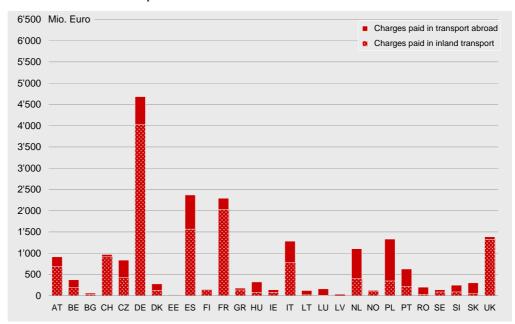
Annex II - Table 8: Handbook minimum case 2009: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country in Mil. EUR

Total	evenues	1'073	388	30	1'236	591	6'207	197	14	2'008	142	4'083	149	115	104	1'181	31	22	•	466	126	377	247	34	162	126	68	1'515	20'689
	ž	ю	-		-	0	6	0	•	-	0	20	'	'	23	-	•	0	•	0	0	'	0	•	0	0	•	1'324	1'385
	SK	33	-		4	46	71	-	0	10	0	40		6	0	24	0	0	1	0	1	4		0	0	2	54	ю	303
	<u>s</u>	52	0	1	4	-	41	0	'	б	1	17	•	2		38	1	0	1	0	•	0	'	0		88	0	2	249
	SE	-	0		0	0	19	16	0	-	-	5	0	0	'	-	0	0		0	6	0	'	•	87	0	0	'	140
	R0	23	0	0	0	18	59	'	'	'	'	17	2	13	'	25		0		+	'	4	'	33	'	5	2	2	203
	Ч	0	2		0		11		'	227		155			0	6		0		0			222					2	628
. Euro]	Ч	27	14	0	10	33	592	6	0	31	-	172	Ċ	9	0	38	5	-	1	6	-	347		0	7	7	ы	21	1'334
[in Mio	N N	0	0	1	0	0	9	5	0	'	0	-	'	0		0	0	0	1	0	108	0		'	10	0	0	'	131
Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad [in Mio. Euro]	Ę	9	77	'	21	-	420	9	'	13	-	119		0	0	80	0	2		400	-	0	0		5	0	0	26	1'106
sport a	۲۸	2	0		0	-	17	0	0	-	0	2		0	'	2	5	0		0	0	3	'		0	0	0	'	34
and tran	З	٢	14	1	9	0	53	2	'	2	0	68	Ċ		0	4	Ċ	6		2	0	'			0	0		٢	163
isport a	5	7	-	'	-	2	44	-	0	4	0	22	'	0	'	9	19	0		1	0	6	'		0	0	0	4	122
ind tran	F	61	ы	1	129	0	89		'	29	1	179	0	۲	0	780	Ċ	۲		1	1	0	0	0		4	0	7	1'284
s in inla	ш	0	0		-		2	0	'	2		14	'		80	-		0		0					'			40	140
nauliers	Ĥ	37	2	0	5	31	71	33	0	8	0	36	0	74	0	32	0	0		1	0	-	0	-	-	10	4	7	324
l road h	GR	10	0		0	4	17		'			с	135	3		9		0		0					'	2	0	0	180
nationa	FR	2	27	'	29	0	55	'	'	53	'	2'032			0	64		e		2	'	'	1			0	'	26	2'293
aid by r	Ē	0	0	'	0	'	9	0	0	0	136	2	'		'	0	0	0		0	0	0	'		7	'	'	'	152
arges pa	ES	-	7		-	0	43	0		1 '567	0	683			0	29	'	0		2	0	0	23	'	0	0	'	13	2'370
ser cha	Ш	0	0		0	0	9	٢	13		2	0	Ċ	0	'	0	٢	0		0	0	-			+	0	0	'	26
Road u	DK	2	+		2	0	97	126	0	-	0	80	Ċ	0	0	2	0	0		1	5	0			32	0	Ċ	٢	278
	DE	74	38	Ċ	74	18	4'034	18		32	-	279	2	-	0	46	0	Э		27	-	4	٢	0	7	0	0	21	4'681
	CZ	42	4	0	4	428	240	4	0	14	0	64		3	0	19	0	0		2	0	2	1	0	2	0	4	9	840
	СН	-	-	Ċ	916	0	21	0		2		22				5		0		0			0		0	Ċ		0	696
	BG	5	0	30	0		7	Ċ					8	2				Ċ		1		0	1	0			0		63
	BE	2	191	1	7	0	45	0	'	4		100	'		0	e				14		'				0	'	7	375
	AT	683	-		21	7	135	4	0	2	0	18	0	2	0	34	0	0		1	0	0	'	0	2	4	0	2	916
HB min	600	AT	BE	BG	ß	CZ	B	¥	Ш	ß	Ē	FR	GR	Ŧ	ш	F	5	Э	Z	ľ	Q	Ч	ΡŢ	ß	SE	ß	Ŷ	¥	Total charges
E	2	[0	Euro	.oi l	Ŋ ui]	ers	ilus	y pe	1 LOS	euo	iten	nter	i pu	ie le	noit	eu u	noıî	ληι	ino:	p	sən	uәл	e re	616	sı ch	əsn	рво	Я	cha cha



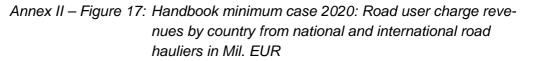


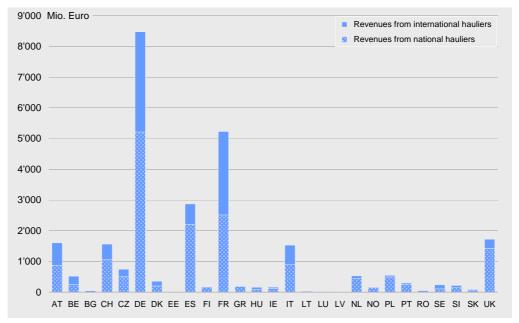
Annex II – Figure 16: Handbook minimum case 2009: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



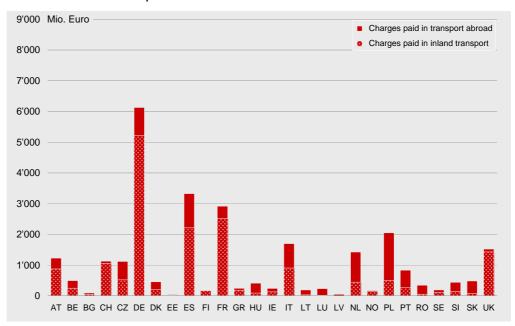
Annex II - Table 9: Handbook minimum case 2020: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country in Mil. EUR

Total	revenues	1'604	521	44	1'565	745	8'479	356	14	2'872	167	5'232	201	156	163	1'530	45	30	•	527	164	545	303	51	239	216	89	1724	27'581
	Я	80	-	•	-	0	16	0	•	7	•	29	•	•	35	-	•	0	•	-	0	•	0	•	0	-	•	1'426	1'520
	SK	70	-	•	4	73	109	ю	0	15	0	56	•	16	0	45	0	0		-	•	ø	•	0	-	5	67	5	480
	S	110	0	•	-	2	72	0	'	4	•	25	•	2	•	69	•	0	•	0	•	0	•	0	•	144	0	4	434
	SE	-	-	0	-	0	30	29	0	-	-	7	0	0	•	-	0	0	'	-	13	0	'	•	103	0	0	'	188
	RO	56	0	0	0	15	96	0	•		•	25	e	22	•	44	•	0	•	-	•	9	•	49	•	20	2	e	343
	ЪТ	1	2	•	0	•	15	•	•	340	•	199	•	•	0	14	•	0	•	-	•	•	260	•	•		•	ю	832
Euro]	2	52	20	0	80	52	971	23	0	45	-	225	•	1	0	60	6	0		1	2	496	•	0	12	14	5	29	2'049
in Mio.	0 N	0	0	•	0	0	7	80	0		0	-	•	0	•	0	0	0		0	138	0	•		13	0	•	•	168
Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad [in Mio. Euro]	۲ ۲	11	107	•	32	-	574	19	0	19	-	155	•	0	0	12	0	e	•	441	-	-	0	•	6	0	0	38	1'423
sport al	۲۷	ю	0	•	0	-	23	-	0	-	0	2	•	0	•	2	80	0		0	0	e	•		-	0	0	•	45
id trans	3	2	23	•	12	0	80	ю	•	e	•	86	•	•	0	9	•	12		e	0	•	•		0	0	•	-	232
sport ar	5	10	7	•	2	2	73	2	0	9	0	32	•	-	•	6	27	0	•	-	0	14		•	-	-	0	9	189
d trans	F	111	5	•	211	0	132	•	•	51	•	263	-	-	0	902	•	-		-	•	0	0	0		7	0	12	1'698
in inlan	<u> </u>	0	-	•	-	•	2	0	•	e	•	22	•	•	126	2	•	0	•	-	•		•		•	•	•	79	237
uliers i	£	53	2	0	10	36	87	4	0	5	0	48	0	88	0	42	0	0	'	-	0	-	0	-	7	10	5	6	411
oad ha	GR	13	0	•	0	4	21	•	•	'	'	4	181	4	•	6	•	0	'	0	'	'	'	•	'	2	0	-	240
tional r	Ę	7	40	•	64	0	81	•	•	11	'	2'512	•	•	0	93	•	4	'	e	'	'	-	•	'	0	•	38	2'918
d by na	Ē	0	0	•	0	0	7	0	0	-	158	2	•	•	•	0	0	0	•	0	-	0	•	•	10	•	•	'	179
Jes paid	ES	-	10	•	-	0	64	-	'	2'211	0	923	•	•	0	49	•	-	•	ę	0	0	40	•	-	0	•	20	3'324
ır charg		-	0	•	0	0	1	2	13	•	ę	-	•	•	•	-	2	0	•	0	0	2	•	•	2	0	•	'	8
ad use	Х	4	2	•	e	0	152	200	0	-	-	1	•	0	0	4	0	0	•	-	œ	-	•	•	66	•	0	-	455
Rc	DE	134	52	•	111	28	5'213	44	0	48	-	335	e	2	0	69	0	4	•	32	-	80	-	0	5	-	-	29	6'129
	CZ	75	5	0	80	518	328	80	0	21	0	93	•	4	0	28	0	0	•	ę	0	4	•	0	4	-	80	6	1'116
	н	2	-	•	1'054	0	27	0	'	ę	•	29	•	•	•	œ	•	0	•	0	•	•	0	•	0	•	•	0	1'126
	BG	7	0	4	0	2	10	•	'	•	•	e	12	2	•	7	•	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	•	2	0	'	06
	B	9	246	•	15	0	67	-	•	9	'	121	•	•	0	e	•	4		19	•	•	'	1	•	0	'	10	494
	AT	871	-	•	24	10	211	7	0	4	0	25	-	2	0	50	0	0		-	0	0		0	4	80	0	e	1'224
.5		AT	BE	BG	н	CZ	DE	Ä	Ш	ES	Ē	FR	GR	£	ш	F	5	Э	Z	Ъ	Q	Ч	ΡT	RO	SE	N	Я	¥	
E B	2020	[0	Euro	.oil	Ŋ UĮ	ers	ilus	ц ре	:01	euo	iten	nter	i pu	e le	noit	eu u	non	۲try	uno:	p	sən	иəл	e re	616I	եր շի	əsn	рео	Я	Total charges



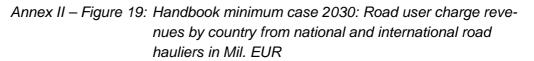


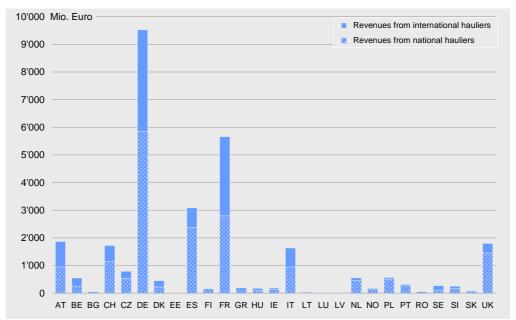
Annex II – Figure 18: Handbook minimum case 2020: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



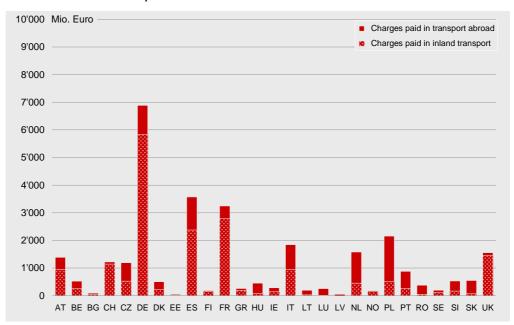
Annex II - Table 10: Handbook minimum case 2030: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country in Mil. EUR

Total	evenues	1'868	547	46	1'721	787	9'524	453	13	3'087	170	5'663	217	171	186	1'633	51	33	•	552	178	565	313	53	273	248	95	1799	30'247
	т Х	10	-	•	-	0	18	0	•	2	0	30	•	•	42	-	•	0	•	-	0	•	0	•	0	-	•	1'451	1'558
	sk	88	-	•	S	84	127	e	0	17	0	60	•	19	0	51	0	0	'	-	'	10	'	0	-	9	71	2	549
	ی ا	148	-	•	2	2	89	-	'	5	'	30	•	e	•	80	•	0	'	0	•	0	'	0	•	166	0	2	532
	SE	-	-	0	-	0	30	32	0	-	-	7	0	0	•	-	0	0	•	-	14	0	'	•	108	0	0	•	198
	RO	63	0	0	0	19	108	0	'			26	4	27	'	48	'	0	'	-	0	7		51	0	21	2	4	381
	F	1	2	1	0	•	17	•	1	361	1	213	'	1	0	15	1	0	•	-	•		266	•	'	1	•	ю	879
. Euro]	L L	60	20	0	10	57	1'030	31	0	47	-	226	'	12	0	63	10	0	'	12	e	511	'	0	17	12	5	29	2'156
[in Mio.	Ŷ	0	0	•	0	0	80	6	0	'	0	-	'	0	'	0	0	0	'	0	148	0	'	'	15	0	'	'	182
abroad	٦	14	114	•	34	-	664	37	0	21	-	164	'	0	0	13	0	с		455	-	-	0	•	15	0	0	43	1'582
isport a	۲۸	2	0		0	0	24	2	0	0	0	2		-		2	80	0	1	0	0	5	1		-	-	0	'	50
Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad [in Mio. Euro]	Е	2	25	•	16	0	96	4	'	4	'	88	'	•	0	9	'	13		ю	0	'	'		0	0	0	2	259
sport a	5	1	2		2	2	76	2	0	9	0	32		-		10	30	0		2	0	14			-	-	0	9	198
nd tran	F	146	5		238	0	153			55		279	-	-	0	942		-	'	-		0	0	0		6	0	14	1'847
in inla	ш	0	-		-	'	ę	0	'	4	'	26	'		143	2		0	'	-	'	'	'	'	'	'	'	103	285
auliers	£	67	2	0	12	37	97	4	0	12	0	53	0	93	0	45	0	0	'	2	0	-	0	-	2	13	9	10	458
road h	GR	14	0		0	9	23	0	'	'	'	4	195	4	'	10		0	'	0	0	'	'	'	0	4	-	-	262
lational	Ŗ	6	42		73	0	95		1	83	1	2'793			0	102	Ċ	4		4		'	-			0		41	3'247
aid by r	Ē	0	0		0	0	7	-	0	-	162	2				0	0	0		0	٢	0	1		11				185
rges pa	ES	-	11		2	0	77	2		2'376	0	978			0	54		-	'	3		0	44	'	-	0		23	3'574
ser cha	EE	-	0		0	0	14	5	13		e	-				-	3	0	'	0	0	-		'	e	0			45
Road u	DK	2	-		4	0	174	221	0	-	-	12			0	5	0	0		2	6	1	'	'	72	'	0	-	509
	DE	177	56		121	32	5'837	80	0	53	-	349	e	2	0	73	0	5		36	1	6	-	0	16	-	1	32	6'887
	CZ	91	5	0	10	527	362	6	0	22	0	66		5	0	29	0	0		ю	0	5	'	0	4	2	6	10	1'192
	Н	2	-	Ċ	1'145	0	31	0		4		30		Ċ	Ċ	80	Ċ	0		0		'	0	Ċ	0			0	1'222
	BG	9	0	45	0	4	11	Ċ				ю	13	e	Ċ	7	Ċ	0				0		0		с	0		96
	BE	ю	254		17	0	79	-	1	9		124			0	4	ľ	4		22	1				'	0	'	12	526
	АТ	945	-		28	12	271	6	0	4	0	30	-	e	0	60	0	0		1	0	0		0	5	10	-	5	1'387
HB min	2030	AT	BE	BG	ß	CZ	DE	¥	Ш	ES	Ē	FR	GR	£	ш	F	5	Э	Z	R	Q	Ч	РТ	ß	SE	ß	Х	¥	Total charges
E E	3	[0	Euro	.oil	Ŋ ui]	ers	oilue	ч р	son I	euo	iten	nter	i pu	e le	noit	eu u	non	τιλ	uno:	pλ q	sən	иəл	e re	6.Iei	er ch	əsn	peo	Я	cha





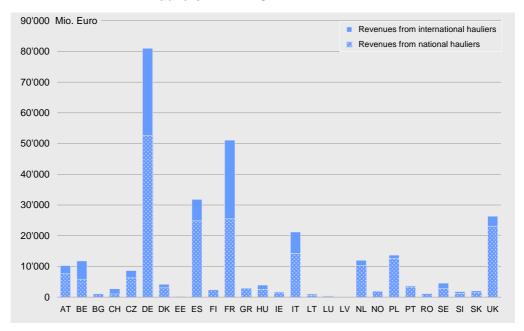
Annex II – Figure 20: Handbook minimum case 2030: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



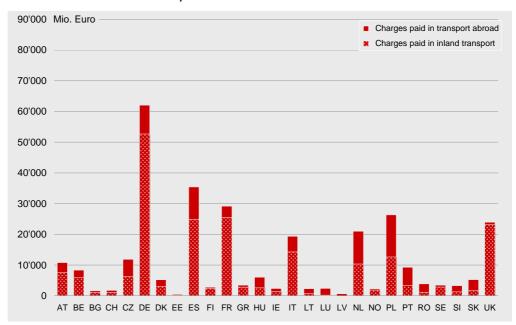
Annex II - Table 11:	Handbook maximum case 2009: Revenues and road
	haulier costs in national and international transport by
	country in Mil. EUR

Total	evenues	10'278	11'766	1'072	2'702	8'663	81'030	4'164	237	31'838	2'484	51'128	3'078	3'955	1'767	21'227	1'079	471	•	11'994	2'071	13'689	3'649	1'184	4'587	1'818	2'054	26'353	304'338
	л Х	18	37	•	4	-	113	0	•	17	0	256	•	•	356	15	•	0	'	6	0	•	0	•	0	e	•	23'111	23'940
	SK	291	31	1	21	671	923	16	0	163	0	495	•	294	0	455	0	-	'	12	'	153	1	-	6	32	1'619	54	5'241
	ت ا	340	œ	•	21	19	538	3	•	41	•	215	'	60	•	718	•	-	'	7	•	7		-	'	1'272	с	37	3'285
	SE	с	13	1	2	e	242	126	0	16	12	61	ę	e		13	0	-	•	8	122	-	1	•	2'822	0	-		3'450
	RO	211	12	2	0	266	768	1	1	•	•	218	40	450		456	•	0	'	13	'	128		1'142	'	75	55	26	3'863
	F	0	54		0	•	139	1	1	3'616	•	1'946	'		0	176	•	-	'	10	•	•	3'283	•	'	•		32	9'258
uro]	님	190	415	2	54	485	7'733	126	2	490	20	2'152	'	208	ę	069	170	11	'	225	16	12'614	1	4	186	101	82	352	26'333
Mio. E	9 2	-	4	•	0	0	84	48	0	•	4	5	'	0	'	ę	0	0	'	e	1'838	0	'	•	228	0	0	'	2'225 2
oad [in	Ъ	30	2'318		112	10	5'484	181	1	202	1	1'494	'	2	-	150	0	46	'	10'317	80	17	ę		157	0	0	437	20'978
ort abr	۲۷	17	9	1	0	80	217	3	2	6	2	29	'	-	1	31	179	0	'	00	2	119	1	'	6	0	0		642
transp	Ľ	7	414	1	34	0	069	24		36	0	854	'		0	54		195	'	47	0		1		2	0		16	2'373
ort and	5	59	44		7	24	572	10	0	65	-	277		Ø	'	114	678	-	'	26	-	329	1	'	6	2	-	63	2'292
transp	F	215	97	1	684	e	1'158	1	1	470		2'193	6	27	-	14'268		12	'	25	'	2	ę	e	'	53	0	115	19'337
inland	ш	0	14	1	4		20	0	1	28	ľ	176	'	1	1'401	13	ľ	0	'	10	1	'	1	'	'	•		679	2'345
liers in	£	312	47	-	27	450	921	24	0	128	2	453	5	2'555	-	607	e	-	'	26	-	28	-	23	23	148	125	116	6'028
ial hau	GR	75	6	1	0	53	219	1				33	2'799	101		114		0	'	9			1		'	24	1	9	3'450
/ natior	FR	9	824	'	152	0	718		'	822		25'492	'	'	0	612		54	'	46	'	'	80	'	'	0	'	447	29'182
paid by	Ē	0	e	1	0		75	4	-	7	2'384	22	1			0	0	0	'	ŝ	4	0		'	236				2741
Road user charges paid by national hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad [in Mio. Euro]	ES	4	208		4	0	566	5	1	24'850	-	8'555	'	'	0	568		10	'	48	0	0	342	'	12	0	'	226	35'401
user ch	EE	0	-	1	0	۲	81	4	232		28	9	'	5		9	46	0	'	2	2	42	1		19	2	0		478
Road	DK	11	32		6	2	1'262	3'025	0	11	7	103	'	0	0	49	0	2	'	22	63	12			584	0	'	12	5'206
	DE	519	1'1 77		394	262	52'656	485	1	515	10	3'503	41	39	0	896	-	64	'	669	11	160	8	-	218	9	12	351	62'027
	СZ	323	116	2	22	6'271	3'130	41	0	226	+	807		94	-	366	+	С	'	44	2	82		4	37	7	132	109	11'820
	СН	6	18		1'003	0	276	1	1	34		273	'	1		91		2	'	2			-		0			4	1'716
	BG	37	-	1'064	0	27	95		'			31	171	54	'	71			'		'	0	'	2	'	35	9	'	1'597
	BE	8	5'834	ľ.	37	-	589	4		56		1'249		Ċ	-	42		64	'	351			, i		'	0		119	8'354
	АТ	7,590	31	ľ	111	106	1'762	34	0	37	-	221	10	56	0	651	0	-	'	23	-	2	ľ	٢	37	56	7	40	10'779
HB max	2009	[o	Euro	.oiN B	N nij	5 G	oilue E	≚ ч р≋	Ш I Los	Eno Bana	iten E	_	i bn R	E I6	-	⊢ eu u	-	E	≥ uno:	_	9 sən	-	Ъ е .e.	9 9 9 9	-	ō əsn	рво Ж	-	Total charges

Annex II – Figure 21: Handbook maximum case 2009: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers in Mil. EUR



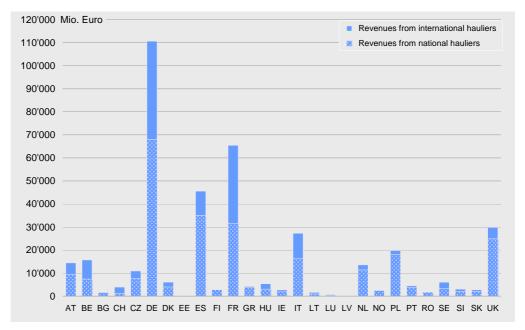
Annex II – Figure 22: Handbook maximum case 2009: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



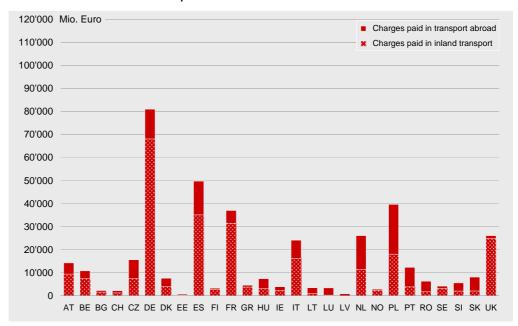
Annex II - Table 12: Handbook maximum case 2020: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country in Mil. EUR

Total	evenues	14'416	15'704	1'563	3'939	10'915	110'687	6'115	246	45'573	2'923	65'463	4'160	5'374	2'759	27'285	1,595	641	1	13'558	2'682	19'792	4'458	1'790	6'068	3'025	2'693	29'850	403'272
	- X	41	36	•	9	7	204	2	•	24		358	'	•	540	23	•	-	'	16	0		0	•	0	ø	'	24'843	26'104
	SK	643	32		21	1'075	1'429	27	0	244	0	700	'	544	0	857	0	-	'	21	•	289		e	14	76	2'040	78 2	8'095
	.	698	12		7	24	941	9	'	65	'	317	'	78	'	1'316	•	-	•	1	'	9	'	2	'	1'998	9	61	5'548
	SE	4	16	0	ę	4	391	219	0	22	15	83	4	ę	'	20	0	-		13	158	2	1	1	3'212	0	-	'	4'172
	RO	527	7	ę	-	220	1'250	0	'	'		313	70	769	'	793	'	0	'	20	'	215		1718	'	289	45	55	6'296
	占	1	99	1	0		190		'	5'407	1	2'492	'		0	269	1	-		12	'	'	3'831		'	1	'	48	12'315
Euro]	4	393	608	2	45	760	12'676	282	e	710	24	2'829		392	9	1'148	305	6		294	24	18'039		9	268	201	140	492	39'656
n Mio. F	Ŋ	-	ę	1	-	0	96	58	0		5	6	'	0	'	5	0	0	'	ę	2'347	0			300	0		'	2'829
road [ii	¥	53	3'185		170	16	7'492	343	0	302	16	1'936	'	e	-	225	0	61		11'367	10	33	4		245	0	-	645	26'1 09
Road user charges paid by national hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad [in Mio. Euro]	۲۸	21	7		0	6	298	7	4	6	e	30		-	'	43	266	0		10	2	126	1		12	-	0		850
d trans	LU	11	676	1	65	0	1'045	44	'	52	1	1'070			0	86		263		65	0		1		e	0		22	3'402
oort an	5	81	64		6	30	954	23	2	92	2	394	'	21	'	180	940	2	'	37	2	513			16	6	2	95	3'466
l transp	F	429	148		1'119	9	1717		1	805		3'211	15	39	2	16'224		18	'	32	'	5	9	9		108	0	203	24'095
inland	ш	٢	25	Ċ	7	'	32	0	'	48	'	271			2'202	24	Ċ	0	Ċ	15	'	'			'	'	'	1'280	3'903
uliers ir	H	425	47	-	53	523	1'132	34	0	172	2	603	9	3'035	-	789	e	2		38	-	36	2	37	31	146	164	146	7'429
nal hau	GR	95	80	'	0	60	277	'	'	'	'	44	3'756	122	'	169		0	'	7	'	'	'	'	'	22	12	8	4'582
y natio	Ħ	25	1'200	Ċ	340	0	1'051	Ċ	'	1'205		31'493		Ċ	0	887	Ċ	76	Ċ	75	Ċ		13			0		640	37'006
paid b	Ē	0	с	1	0	0	89	5	-	10	2'775	28		Ċ		0	0	0		9	5	0	1		351	1			3'273
harges	ES	80	290		7	0	835	16		35,098	-	11'538	'		2	958		13	'	61	0	0	588	'	21	-		345	49'781
user c	Ш	7	2		0	2	150	15	235		50	80	'		'	12	17	0	'	ę	5	56		'	45	0		'	667
Road	DK	20	48	Ċ	18	5	1'986	3'976	0	19	11	142		0	-	82	0	2		32	106	27			1'110		0	15	7'598
	DE	891	1'598		592	405	68'060	912	0	763	15	4'203	54	62	0	1'333	-	94		838	15	294	12	2	321	13	19	493	066,08
	CZ	575	138	2	41	7'588	4'278	75	0	330	2	1'166		146	-	545	-	4		99	4	147		7	59	17	242	145	15'581
	СН	16	26		1'228	0	355	5		54		363	'			144	'	e		2			2	'	-		'	9	2'202
	BG	58	-	1'555	0	34	132					33	241	76		112				0		0		Ø		24	7		2'281
	B	13	7'423		78	-	871	80		86		1'517		•	2	55		87		484					'	0		172	10'796
	AT	9'381	35		128	150	2'757	60	0	56	2	310	14	83	0	984	0	-		31	2	e		-	59	114	13	58	14'243
HB max	2020	AT	BE	BG	СН	CZ	ä	¥	Ш	ES	Ē	Ŗ	GR	Ĥ	ш	F	5	З	2	R	9	님	РТ	ß	SE	ß	SK	¥	Total charges
HB	7	Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers [in Mio. Euro]										cha cha																	

Annex II – Figure 23: Handbook maximum case 2020: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers in Mil. EUR



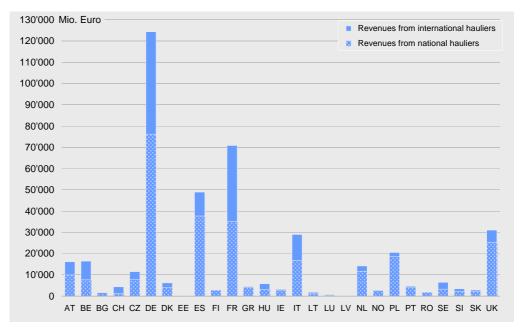
Annex II – Figure 24: Handbook maximum case 2020: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



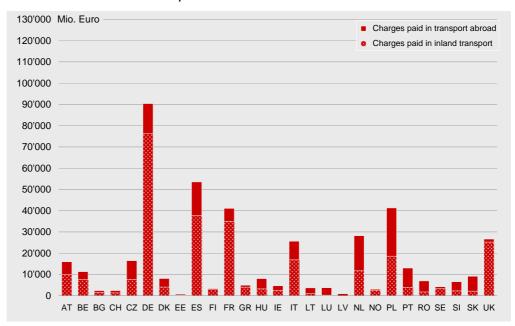
Annex II - Table 13: Handbook maximum case 2030: Revenues and road haulier costs in national and international transport by country in Mil. EUR

Total	revenues	16'128	16'458	1'611	4'400	11'527	124'330	6'205	234	48'945	2'984	70'852	4'490	5'874	3'142	28'992	1'794	969	•	14'187	2'876	20'546	4'602	1'868	6'481	3'426	2'879	31'063	436'591
	۔ ۲	47	36	•	7	-	235	0	•	25	0	374	•	•	630	25	•	-	•	19	0	•	0	•	0	6	•	25'254	26'664
	sk	803	36	•	24	1'234	1'663	22	0	273	0	751	•	641	0	964	0	2	•	27	•	355		e	17	87	2'137	87 2	9'126 2
	ت ا	918	15	•	80	30	1'166	9	•	17	•	375	•	89	•	1'529	•	-	•	1	•	6	•	2	•	2'270	7	75	6,588
	SE	2	16	0	4	4	395	160	0	24	14	86	4	4	•	22	0	-	•	15	170	2	•	•	3'300	0	-	'	4'227
	RO	598	1	4	-	281	1'408	-	•	•	'	321	78	913	•	858		0	•	17	-	246		1'793	-	307	57	64	6'958
	Ы	1	68		0	•	225		1	5'755	•	2'671	•	•	0	289		-	•	17	•		3'922	•	'		•	51	13'002
[nro]	2	453	601	2	53	828	13'443	243	e	741	24	2'838	'	407	9	1'204	336	10	'	319	35	18'586	•	9	343	171	156	481	41'288 1
Mio. E	о Я	-	ю		-	0	66	46	0	•	4	თ	•	0	•	5	0	0	•	4	2'503	0		•	325	0	'	'	3'002
Road user charges paid by national hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad [in Mio. Euro]	Ł	64	3'386	1	182	19	8'669	386	0	329	16	2'052		e	-	248	0	66		11'727	10	38	4	•	301	0	-	727	28'233
oort abr	Ľ	15	9	1	0	7	317	6	5	9	4	25	'	18	•	41	298	0	'	1	e	166	1	•	15	6	0	'	956
l transp	3	1	745	1	86	0	1'252	40	'	59	'	1'100	'	•	0	94	1	279	'	72	0	'	1	'	ę	0	0	27	3'768
ort and	5	91	66		თ	31	866	16	2	92	2	405	'	27	'	187	1'055	2	'	40	S	505	'	'	21	12	2	96	3'663
transp	F	568	160		1'263	7	1'994	'	'	881		3'402	17	45	2	16'868	'	20	'	36	'	9	9	9	'	128	0	237	25'647
inland	≝	-	28	1	7		41	0	1	58		323	'		2'492	29	1	0	'	16	'		1	'	'			1'667	4'663
liers in	£	529	59	-	64	545	1'268	23	0	190	2	663	7	3'191	-	835	2	4		43	2	41	2	40	36	182	178	170	8'076
ial hau	GR	82	10	1	0	94	305	0	'			53	4'039	123		184	1	0	'	7	0		1		0	34	19	6	4'959
y nation	Ħ	31	1'273		389	0	1'242			1'279	1	35'019			0	949	'	81		91	'	'	14		'	0	1	669	41'067
paid b	Ē	0	e		0	0	96	9	-	11	2'842	31			'	0	e	0	'	7	9	0	1	'	363			'	3'368
harges	ES	10	319		80	0	1,009	16	1	37'706	-	12'233	'		e	1 '066	1	18	'	64		0	638		26	-		388	53'508
user cl	EE	80	2		0	2	185	24	223		46	6	'		'	13	96	0	'	4	5	52	'	'	44	0	'	'	712
Road	DK	23	45	Ċ	20	9	2'270	4'082	0	21	10	151	Ċ	Ċ	-	91	0	2	Ċ	41	114	32	Ċ	Ċ	1'170		0	18	8,098
	DE	1'154	1'720	1	644	473	76'203	1'014	0	841	16	4'381	62	72	0	1'422	-	108		935	15	334	13	2	372	10	22	550	90,366
	CZ	702	139	2	51	7'722	4'724	56	0	358	-	1'243		156	-	558	-	5		62	5	168	ľ.	7	68	22	273	173	16'512
	СН	19	27		1'339	0	409	-		57		375				154		e		2			2		-		1	7	2'396
	BG	43	-	1'603	0	59	141	'				34	265	87	'	121		0	'		'	-		7		39	12	'	2'414
	B	14	7'645		88	2	1'035	7	'	96		1'556			2	58		89		546						0	'	204	11'344
	АТ	266,6	38	1	150	181	3'537	47	0	68	-	373	17	66	-	1'178	0	-	'	37	e	4	'	2	75	145	16	78	15'988
HB max	2030	AT	BE	BG	CH	CZ	DE	¥	Ш	ES	Ē	FR	GR	Ĥ	ш	F	5	3	Z	NL	Q	Ч	РТ	RO	SE	0	SK	¥	Total charges
HB	2	Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers [in Mio. Euro]										cha cha																	

Annex II – Figure 25: Handbook maximum case 2030: Road user charge revenues by country from national and international road hauliers in Mil. EUR



Annex II – Figure 26: Handbook maximum case 2030: Road user charges paid by national road hauliers in inland transport and transport abroad in Mil. EUR



Annex III: Glossary

Charge (road user charge)	Payment for using an infrastructure (road) by a vehicle for a given period or distance, related to direct (infrastructure) and/or indi- rect (external) costs
Fuel tax	Taxation on the sale of fuel
Gross domestic product (GDP)	The Gross domestic product (GDP) is the sum (market value) of all goods and ser- vices produced within a country and a year. GDP per capita can be regarded as the relative economic power of a country per inhabitant
Heavy goods vehicle (HGV)	Lorry, truck and trailer, articulated train
Incoming traffic	Main traffic relation with source and destina- tion of the transport process in two different spatial units considered from the point of view of the destination; in the present study: the goods which flow into a country (import)
Inland transport	Transport within a country using the inland infrastructure networks
Load factor	The load factor is the distance weighted amount of payload (in tonnes) per trip by one vehicle and can be calculated by divid- ing the transport performance (tkm) by the vehicle mileage (vkm)
Motorway	A road specially designed and built for motor traffic, which does not serve properties bordering on it, and which:
	a) is provided, except at special points or temporarily, with separate carriageways for the two directions of traffic, separated from

	each other, either by a dividing strip not intended for traffic, or exceptionally by other means;
	b) does not cross at level with any road or motorway, railway or tramway track, or footpath;
	 c) is specially signposted as and is reserved for specific categories of road motor vehicles
National transport	Domestic transport with origin and destina- tion within the same country
Nationality principle	Any movement of e.g. road vehicles regis- tered in a country irrespective of the na- tional territory
Outgoing traffic	Main traffic relation with origin and destina- tion in two different spatial units considered from the source's point of view; in the pre- sent study: the outgoing transports of a country (export)
Revenues	Financial income from charges
Territoriality principle	Any movement of e.g. road vehicles within a national territory irrespective of the country in which these vehicles are registered
Toll	Charge for using an infrastructure section, usually related to the type and/or the weight of the vehicle
Transit	Main traffic relation without origin and desti- nation of the transport process within the relevant spatial unit; in this case always referring to a country

Transport abroad	Transport in other countries than the coun- try of registration
Transport demand	Mass of the transported goods measured in tonnes and always referring to a direct (imagined) relation between source and destination, where transactions are possible
Transport distance	Distance of a transport process from origin to destination in kilometres; depending on the point of view either only the section driven within a country (principle of territori- ality) or the total distance of the transport process from origin to final destination (ac- cording to the principle of nationality, if it is provided by a single vehicle holder).
Transport performance	Product of the mass of the transported goods (tonnes) and the distance travelled (km)
Trip	Vehicle movement from origin to destina- tion, irrespective of volume or number of units of the transported goods
Trunk road	National or federal road, major road - usu- ally connecting two or more cities, ports, airports, etc which is the recommended route for long-distance passenger and freight traffic. Many trunk roads have segre- gated lanes in a dual carriageway, or are of motorway standard
Type of transport	Direction of a transport process correspond- ing to a spatial unit, differentiated between national traffic, outgoing, incoming and cross-trade traffic
Vehicle	Means of transportation, like car, lorry or bus



Vehicle tax	Tax which has to be paid e.g. at the time of purchase as well as periodically (annual, monthly) to register most types of motorized vehicles
Vehicle mileage	also "Driving performance"; kilometres trav- elled by vehicles (vehicle-kilometres)

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Gerbergasse 4 CH-4001 Basel Telefon +41 61 560 35 00 Fax +41 61 560 35 01 E-mail info@progtrans.com www.progtrans.com

Final Report Internalisation of external costs – Consequences for the European road haulage industry, and the direct impact on the economies of the individual EU Member States

Stefan Rommerskirchen

Markus Drewitz Lutz Ickert Simon Rikus

Basel, 2nd August 2010

Commissioned by: International Road Transport Union (IRU)

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